Ypsilanti Commercial.

VOL. XX, NO. 2. YPSILANTI, MICH., SATURDAY MORNING, MARCH 10, 1883. WHOLE NO. 990.

C. S. WORTLEY & BRO.

HAVE JUST RECEIVED A NEW STOCK OF

HATS!

LOOK HERE

— AT —

T. H Godkin's

PRICES:

SUGAR.

Granulated Sugar	10
Coffee A	10
Brown, Light	9

COFFEE.

Rio Coffee, Good	12
" " Better	15
" " Best	25
Old Government Java	35
Good Java	30

TEA.

Best Jap. Tea	50
5 pounds do	2.25
Good Jap Tea	20 to 40
Best O. O. Long	65
2 pounds do	1.20

3½ lbs Vail & Crane's **Crackers, 25**

Canned Goods.

2 lb Can Corn	15 or 2 for 25
Boston Baked Beans	18
Salmon	15
Mackeral	15
3 Boxes Sardines	25
3 lb can Golden Pumpkin	12
3 " Pie Peaches	18
3 " Yellow Peaches, Fine	22
2 " Peas	10
2 " Succotash	15 or 2 for 25
2 " Strawberries	15
2 " Plnmbs	12
1 Gallon Apples	30

Just receiving a **NEW LINE** of

Crockery and Glass-Ware.

Call and convince yourselves.

T. H. GODKIN,

Bucklin Blk. Op. P. O.

984 **Ypsilanti.**

1883.

New Book Store.

Geo. W. Hough

Announces the opening of a New Stock of Books and Stationery, in the

Worden Block, Huron St.,

A Complete Assortment of

School Books,

Students' Supplies,

And Other Articles kept in the Line.

Note Papers,	**Daily Papers,**
Letter Papers,	Weekly Papers,
Legal Caps,	Magazines,
Thesis Papers,	Illustrated Papers,
Drawing Papers,	Local Papers,
Music Papers,	Beadle's Library,
Box Papers,	Wide Awake Library,
BRISTOL BOARDS.	Franklin Square Library,
Faber's **Pencils,**	Sea Side Library,
Dixon's Pencils,	**Embossed Pictures,**
Spencerian **Pens,**	Pocket Combs,
Gillott's Pens,	Dressing Combs,
Esterbrook's Pens,	Key Rings,
Thomas' **Inks,**	Hair Brushes,
Arnold's Inks,	Tooth Brushes,
Safford's Inks.	Nail Brushes,
Local Papeteries,	Shoe **Brushes,**
Illuminated Papeteries,	School Bags,
ALBUMS,	Feather Dusters,
Diaries,	Ink Stands,
Bibles,	Steel Engravings,
Hymn Books,	Rubber Erasers,
Blank Books,	Paper Knives,
Memorandums,	Harmonicas.
Pocket Knives,	**Etc.**

A New and Elegant Line of

Easter Cards.

New Books Just Received.

RAGNAROK.—By Ignatius Donnelly.

THE CLEVERDALE MYSTERY.—By W A Wilkins.

UNDER GREEN APPLE BOUGHS.—By Helen Campbell.

DUKESBOROUGH TALES.—By Malcolm Johnson.

A New and Elegant line of EASTER CARDS at the Lowest Prices. Come and see them.

GEO. W. HOUGH, Huron St.,
Ypsilanti, Mich.
Book-seller and Stationer, 989.

Geo. A. Neat's Variety Store

At the Depot.

No More High Prices

Best Granulated Sugar	10c
" Conf. A do	10
" White Extra C do	9
" Extra C do	8
" Yellow C do	7
" " "	6
" Syrup	60
Good Choice Syrup	50
Best N. O. Molases	80
" Green Rio Coffee	12½
" " Java do	20
" Roasted Rio do	18
" " Java do	22
" " Java & Moco	25
Good Roasted Rio do	12
Best Jap Tea	55
" Bulk Baking Powd'r	20
" 3 lb. Rice	25
" Eastern Fine Salt	1.10
" 1 lb. Can Salmon	15
" 1 " Fresh M'keral	15
" 1 " Lobsters	15
" 2 " Peas	10
" 2 " Beans	12
" 2 " Corn	12½
" 3 " Choice Peaches,	20
" 3 " " Tomatoes,	12½
" 1 " Cove Oysters	6
" 3 Boxes Sardines,	25

Geo. A. Neat's

Variety Store

At the Depot.

Local Matters.

$1.00

IN Advance pays for the Commercial One year. No Dollar—No Paper. Tell all your friends and neighbors. No one so poor as to deny themselves the local news at this price.

Subscribers Outside the County

Please remember that for furnishing **52** wrappers and doing up the paper **52** times and postage for **52** weeks, the Commercial thrown in, our charge (In Advance) is

$1.25

In Clubs of 5

OR MORE, SENT

Anywhere in the United States

FOR $1.00.

To-morrow evening at the Baptist church "The Model Young Man."

The Ladies' Literary Club will meet with Mrs. Jerome Walton, Adams St., Wednesday, March 14, at 3 P. M.

W. H. Sweet has just returned from New York, where he has been purchasing a new stock of spring goods which will arrive next week.

A sore throat, an entailment of the Sagi naw trip, kept the editor in doors Sunday and home especially evenings during the better part of the week.

Hon. Wm. A. Moore was an important factor in the grand reception accorded to Sen. Palmer on his return home from Lansing. Mr. Moore is a near neighbor of the Senator.

Rev. G. H. Grannis, pastor of the Congregational church will preach next Sunday morning at the New Jerusalem Chapel on the subject; Reading, its blessings and its abominations.

A writer in the Post and Tribune, giving an interesting reminiscence of that late noble specimen of manhood in Journalism, Geo. Dawson, mentioned as a cotemporary John W. VanFossen, a noted pioneer of this city, as "wielding a powerful pen."

The following names not being in the list handed to us were left out in our notice last week of the silver wedding of Dea. Jarvis and wife. J. S. Jenness and wife, one dozen knives; L. E. Bissel and wife, half dozen teaspoons; Mrs. Lucinda Rogers, very nice linen towel.

The Woman's Christian Temperance Union will meet in the chapel of the M. E. Church at 3 P. M., Tuesday, March 13th. A letter from Mrs. Mary T. Lathrap will give special interest to the first meeting of the Union in the pleasant central room placed at our service by the pastor and board of the M. E. Church.

By order of COR. SEC.

The pleased countenances and good will of all, with one or two exceptions, who have come in to renew subscriptions, as well as the large number who have done so at the start, is very graifying. The cash in advance system and no more newspaper duns or payment of paper by postoffice regulations on compulsion is wiped out, whereof they are glad, and no gladder than we are. No dollar—no paper; no $1.25 for single paper sent abroad—no paper.

The 16th annual meeting of the Michigan Press Association will be held in the City of Detroit (place to be hereafter designated), on March 29th and 30th inst. The Session will be called to order on Thursday evening, March 29th, at 8 o'clock, when, after appropriate opening exercises, the annual address will be delivered by Melville E. Stone, editor of the Chicago Daily News and one of the leading journalists of the west of the younger and more modern school.

A gratifying letter from Bro. Higgins;

309 CASS ST., NORTH,
EAST SAGINAW, Mar. 5, '83.

Bro. Pattison.—Will you please send me copies of your last issue for the enlosed stamps. I am gratified with your very consistant and helpful attitude both personally and through your paper toward the Gospel work in which I was engaged in your city. May you be spared many years to conduct, as you have in the past, a paper in the interest of the public welfare, is the prayer of

Your brother,
J. C. HIGGINS.

At the confirmation exercises at the Episcopal church Wednesday evening, thirty persons were confirmed. After the usual service, Bishop Harris preached a sermon on the parable of the rich man and the beggar. He said he did not intend to do away with a hell, for he could not do it. Character alone determines the future life of each one, not what one does or says but what he is. The principal difference between the christian and the worldly-minded is, that the one lives only for self, while the christian lives for God and his fellowmen. The Bishop gave some very good advice to the new members, urging upon them the necessity of seeking help from above to aid them to keep the vows which they have taken. The music was very good.

NOTICE.—To members of the Ladies Library Association: As this is the last month of the library year, all members are requested to pay in arrears for membership, extra books, fines, etc., next Saturday, if possible, for the convenience of officers who have annual reports to make.

MRS. EDMUND HEWITT.
Treasurer.

According to Wiggins, our houses ought to be anchored to-day, but they ain't.

In this vicinity there were a large number of both parties disappointed in not having an opportunity of voting for Hon. L. D. Norris for regent.

REAL ESTATE SALES.

Eliza D. Cornwell to Jane T. Finley, property in Ypsilanti, $3,000.

Caroline Dunsmore to Jas. Kune, 40 acres, sec. 29. Augusta, $1,600.

Andrew J. Boyce to L. F. Dunning, 80 acres, sec. 10, Lodi, $6,000.

Unclaimed letters March 8, 1883:

Mrs. Emma Austin,	John Baxter,
" Frances Bovee,	W. L. Buland,
" Nancy Burk,	Chas. Darling,
" Ellen Holmes,	James Deegan,
Mary Russ,	James Edington,
Jennie Miller,	John Sunbury,
Jessle Smith,	

The Hon. John B. Finch will lecture again on temperance for the benefit of the Reform Club at Light Guard hall, Friday evening, March 16th. As this one lecture is not of the Lever course all will procure tickets at Samson's or at the door. This is the only and a rare opportunity to hear the greatest American speaker on temperance.

The following question was discussed at the Fowler school house last Friday evening: Resolved that the interests of the people of this country demand free trade. The following were the disputants:

Affirmative.	Negative.
John McDougal,	O. A. Sober,
Geo. W. Gill,	Solon Goodell,
Geo. McDougal,	C. A. Lemen,
H. T. Horner,	John Vandyne,
Mrs. Fowler,	W. E. H. Sober,
Peter Gill,	Mrs. McKim.

The question was decided in the negative,—the judges being Benjamin Loomis, Edgar Kimmel and Mr. Stimson. It was a lively discussion, and created a great deal of interest.

The Eaton Rapids mineral springs and those of St. Louis are virtually dead, because that the Mt Clemens and St. Clair springs eclipsed them. The Cornwell or Ypsilanti well is certainly way beyond the two former, and is thought by parties who ought to know to eclipse both the latter. There is sufficient bottom for the faith required to go on and build a sanitarium. To produce good results the water must be used under favorable circumstances. It is a medicine, and used thoughtlessly or under unfavorable circumstances is as likely to do injury as good. This is the case with all valuable remedies. In fact, it needs a competent physician to know when and how to prescribe this mineral medicine the same as it does at Mt. Clemens.

SEMINARY ITEMS.

Prof. Vroman visited the school Monday.

Miss Eliza McCarty has returned.

The chemistry class began a new book this week.

The question at the lyceum last Friday evening was: Resolved, That the treatment of the Indians by the government is unjust. Charlie Salyer and Ola Parsons were on the affirmative, and James Fuller and Frankie Millin on the negative. The house and judges decided in favor of the negative.

NORMAL ITEMS.

It seems that Mr. Willits, our president-elect, is to remain in Washington two weeks longer.

The ladies' octette has been changed to a semi-chorus by the addition of four members, viz. Lilly Hunt, Matie Champion, Grace and Rose Laible.

Of late the order in the library has made some trouble. Should not a State school be able to afford a regular librarian?

The executive committees of the societies are at work overhauling the lyceum library. They report quite a number of valuable books missing.

Among the advertisements in the columns of the Atheneum Comet of March 2nd, was a notice of a valuable Key lost somewhere on the North side of Pearl St. hill. Finder liberally rewarded already.

Last week the Rhetoric class of last term was called together and the standings read. There were four who got an E. last year but not a one this. Prof. George comforted them by saying that he should give himself an M.

A good many visitors were noted at the society meetings last week. Some from the Seminary and some from the University. The societies held forth so late that the latter parties had to make for their train at a double-quick.

Prof. George called a meeting of the Practice teachers Tuesday at the seventh hour to give some general directions and get more statistics beginning with the familiar direction, "write your name in full."

The following members of the different lyceum divisions were elected as participants in the next public:

Ath.—Emily Fuller and Thomas Dooling.

Adel.—Mary Richardson and James Champion.

Cres.—Alice Benham and James Sleeth.

Oly.—Lucie Cullyford and Charles Edwards.

Prof. Gabriel Campbell, an early graduate of the Normal, has received the appointment to the Stone professorship of Moral and Intellectual Philosophy in Dartmouth college. He has held a similar position during the last two years in Bowdoin college.

GOLDEN WEDDING.

On Tuesday afternoon of this week about a hundred of the friends of Mr. and Mrs. Philo Parsons gathered at their pleasant home, two miles west of the city, to celebrate with them the fiftieth anniversary of their marriage. Among those present were many of the pioneers, some of whom had been neighbors and friends of Mr. and Mrs. Parsons during all the period of their married life. Of all the company there were only two who were present at the marriage fifty years ago, Mr. Loren Mills of Ann Arbor, and Mr. George Thompson, of this city. The latter gentleman afterward became the son-in-law of Mr. and Mrs. Parsons. At the time of the wedding he was only four years of age, but he remembers the occasion very well. The marriage was solemized by Rev. Mr. Weed, the pastor of the Presbyterian church in this city. Mr. Weed's daughter was present at the anniversary. The happy bride and groom received the congratulations of their many friends with becoming grace, and Mr. Parsons in a very happy manner gave some pleasant reminiscences of pioneer life, particularly of his journeys during his courtship through the woods and the Huron river on his way from his old homestead at Carpenter's Corners to and from the log cabin in Superior, where lived the object of his affections. All their children, Mrs. George Thompson, and Mrs. H. B. Lee of this city, and Mr. Roswell Parsons, now residing upon the homestead, were present, as were also their grand-children. Rev. Dr. McCorkle offered prayer and appropriate addresses were made by Mr. Carpenter of Ann Arbor, who was for many years a neighbor of Mr. Parsons, Mr. Mills and Mr. Prudden of Ann Arbor, Mr. Robert Lambie, Rev. Dr. McCorkle and Rev. Mr. Elwood of this city. It would have afforded the company present great pleasure to have been permitted to leave with Mr. and Mrs. Parsons some substantial tokens of their regard, but "no presents" was the law of the day, and they were obliged to submit. A few of the neighbors however broke the law and presented Mr. Parsons with a beautiful volume of poems and Mrs. Parsons with a basket of flowers. Mr. Andrew Campbell made the presentation. Miss Clara Nichols read an original poem written for the occasion, which we give below. Refreshments were served in due time, and at a seasonable hour the guests returned to their homes.

FIFTIETH ANNIVERSARY.

Adrift imagination leads me,
Far beyond the realms of thought,
Leads me back on Time's deep billows,
To view the changes time has wrought.

In a little old log cabin,
Stands a fair and blushing bride,
With friends both warm and loving,
Smiling round her on every side.

Waiting is our fair one,
For the coming of her lord,
Looking forward with much pleasure
Down Time's river deep to ford.

With bouyant hopes and loving hearts,
Launch they forth on life's dark sea,
'Mid prayers of friends and wishes good,
Take they vows, forever one to be.

Loudly, softly. sadly, sweetly,
Ring the gala wedding bells,
Down the aisle of life they wander,
Heart to heart love's accents swell.

All is joyful—all is happy,
Sweetest children gather round them;
Smiling faces—infant prattle—
God be praised—forever bless them.

Years glide on and onward ever.
And some are numbered with the dead,
Gone away from thee forever,
While their hearts are breaking—sad.

Still through all this darkness—sorrow,
Cling they ever each to other,
Dearer, stronger grow the ties that bind them,
Love that makes them father—mother.

Fifty years have rolled away,
Fifty years have rippled by;
Days glide on to the year's employ,
Time stops not to falter nor to sigh.

Children loved beyond expression,
Leave the home roof far to roam:
"But be it 'ere so humble,
There's no place like home."

Now we see the blooming bride
Of fifty summers old,
Leaning still upon her help mate,
Echoing yet the tale of love untold.

Clinging still with loving fondness,
To her first love tried and true,
On whose hoary locks are sleeping,
Snows that many winters blew.

Steps once bouyant and elastic,
Slow and measured is now the tread,
Eyes once bright with burning merriment,
In whose depths love and kindness yet is read.

Hearts were glad and hearts were broken,
Anguish more than tongue could tell;
But one sweet sad prayer was ever spoken,
God knows best what is well.

W. CLARA NICHOLS.

MARRIED.

MILLER—BROWN.—At the M. E. parsonage, Stony Creek, Feb. 28, by Rev. E. P. Peirce, MR. ANDREW MILLER of Augusta and MISS ALICE H. BROWN of Ypsilanti.

DIED.

PRATT.—At her residence in Sumpter, on Tuesday, March 6, 1883, MRS. LUCY PRATT, aged 84 years, 4 months and 14 days.

PADGET.—At her residence in Canton, on Thursday, March 8, 1883, MRS. MARY E. PADGET, aged 27 years, 9 months and 22 days.

GALPIN.—At his residence in Superior, on Sunday, March 4, 1883, PHILO GALPIN, ared 79 years.

STERLING.—At his residence in Bellville, on Tuesday, March 6, 1883, WILLIAM STIRLING, aged 79 years.

For Additional Local see Eighth Page.

Ypsilanti Commercial.

C. R. PARTISON, Publisher.

YPSILANTI, : : MICH.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

It has just been discovered that the man who was found dead in his bed in a hotel at Ostend, Belgium, on July 4, 1881, was E. V. Sutter, son of the discoverer of gold in California, General John Sutter.

A Skaneateles constable recently posted the following notice: "The following effecks of John Downie's Rochester Uncle Tom Cabin show will be sold in the ball room in the Centre Hotel, viz.: 1 heven in scenery, 2 bull pups (muzzles and blankits), 1 ice scenery and one champane basket. Adam Norton, const."

The Khedive's medal for the English troops who took part in the Egyptian campaign is in the form of a bronze star, of a similar pattern to the one given to the troops who took part in General Roberts's march from Cabul to Candahar. On the obverse are the name and initials of the Khedive in Egyptian, while on the reverse is an engraving of the pyramids.

This is the way in which the Meteorological office at London, in response to an underwriter's inquiry, disposes of the remains of the late Professor Wiggins: "The prophecy to which you allude emanates from some man in the Finance Department of the Canadian Government. It is utter nonsense. No living man can predict the weather two days beforehand, much less six months. The idea that the Admiralty have ordered ships to be in port is also absurd and utterly false."

Another plaster cast of a human form has lately been taken from the mould left in the ashes of Pompeii. From the place and posture it is evident that the man was overtaken by the ashes while endeavoring to escape, and was suffocated. The figure is lying on its back, the head is bent backward, and the skull is perfectly preserved. The open lips disclose five upper and five lower teeth, white and even. The left arm is half raised and the fingers one-half shut; the right arm is pressed against the body and the closed fist rests on the stomach. Two rather small keys were found near the body.

The astonishment and alarm at the rapid increase of drunkenness in Switzerland has lately been further stimulated by an official report drawn up by M. Challand, director of an asylum at Berg. He declares that every year on an average, 250 deaths are directly due to alcoholism, and that from 1,600 to 1,700 more are indirectly caused by excessive drinking. The workmen in Switzerland, who are very poorly paid, eke out their scanty supply of food with a cheap eau-de-vie, which is nothing more than an alcohol obtained from potatoes, and very poorly rectified, but which is consumed at the rate of from fifteen to twenty quarts yearly to each inhabitant, and thus constitutes a widely distributed national poison.

About four years ago, Lawrence DeGraff, a farmer of Amsterdam, N. Y., was robbed of $850 which he had carelessly left in a shed. Suspicion fell on a young man named Dugan, but there was not evidence enough to convict him. Recently, however, in the course of his trial for sheep-stealing, Dugan was adjudged to be insane and sent to the Utica asylum. Last week DeGraff and his daughter were sitting at home when they heard a knock at the kitchen door, and a moment later, looking out of the window, saw the retreating figure of a woman. On the doorstep they found a package and the following note: "Dear fren. This money is yours. My man took it out of your cow shed. On his death-bed he wants me to give it to you." The package contained $876 in bills. The police think that young Dugan was the thief and that he gave the money to his father, whose conscience, stimulated perhaps by his son's calamity, has at last compelled him to return it.

Repeal of the Pre-emption Laws.

The sundry civil bill now before congress has a clause repealing the existing law for the pre-emption of public lands. These laws are extensively perverted by speculators who have no intention of occupying the lands entered by them, as was originally contemplated by congress, but make them a means of withholding the land from actual settlement. The repealing clause, however, does not annul the homestead laws, and contains these important provisions: That any person who has heretofore made or may hereafter make a bona fide entry of public lands under the homestead laws shall have the privilege of paying a minimum price for the quantity of land so entered at any time before the expiration of five years from the date of entry, and after actual residence, improvement and cultivation have been maintained for a period of not less than two and one-half years after entry; and provided, further, that any person applying for the benefits of the timber culture laws shall make his entry in person at the proper local land office, and shall make affidavit that he is an actual resident of the county and state, or territory, in which the land is situated, and that he has not entered into any contract or agreement to relinquish the entry he may make, and that he has no purpose of making any such relinquishment, and offering for sale as a matter of traffic or speculation of relinquishments of entries made under the provisions of the timber culture laws, shall be deemed prima facie evidence that such entries were made for speculative purposes, and such entries shall thereupon be liable to cancellation by the commissioner of the general land office, and the land covered thereby shall be deemed subject to entry by the first legal applicant.

United States Senators.

Carp in Cleveland Leader.

In looking over the Senate one is surprised at seeing how many men represent different states than those of their birth. Most of the western states are represented by eastern men and many of the eastern by men from other states. By careful investigation I find that seven Senators were born in Ohio, four in Tennessee, four in Vermont, three in Georgia, six in Kentucky, four in Virginia, one in Indiana, one in Connecticut, three in North Carolina, two in Delaware, three in South Carolina, four in Maryland, two in Illinois, three in Massachusetts, three in Maine, one in Michigan, six in New York, three in Pennsylvania, one in Missouri, two in New Hampshire, two in Rhode Island, one in West Virginia, one in Scotland, and one in Ireland.

Iowa and Indiana are represented by Ohioans; Mississippi, by Georgians; Louisiana, by a Vermonter and a Kentuckian; California, by a Virginian and an Indianian; Arkansas, by a Tennesseean and a Kentuckian; Minnesota, by a Pennsylvanian and an Ohioan; Alabama, by a Tennesseean and a Georgian; New Jersey, by a New Yorker and an Irishman; Oregon, by men from Maine and Illinois; Texas, by men from Kentucky and Virginia; and Wisconsin, by men from New York and Vermont; Virginia, Tennessee, South Carolina, Rhode Island, Pennsylvania, North Carolina, New York, New Hampshire, Massachusetts, Maryland, Maine, Ohio and Delwaare are represented by natives, while Connecticut, Georgia, Kentucky, Missouri and West Virginia are represented by one native born Senator, and one born elsewhere.

AGES OF SENATORS.

The youngest senator is Nelson W. Aldrich, of Rhode Island, who is 42 years of age, and the oldest is Senator Morrill of Vermont, who is 73. Twelve senators are under 50; thirty-eight between 50 and 60; seventeen between 60 and 70; and only one, Senator Morrill, is over 70 years of age. Senators Sherman, Grover, Henry E. Davis, and Pugh are just 60. Pendleton, Maxey, Lamar are 58; Cameron, Slater, Ransom, Robbins, Van Wyck, McMillan, Hoar and Hawley are 57; Platt, Voorhees, Windom and Mahone 56; Bayard, George, Miller, Edmunds and Camden, 55; Farley, Allison and Coke, 50; Walker, Vest, and Vance, 53; Miller, of California, Kellogg and Frye, 52; Garland and Jackson, 51; Cameron, Harrison and Ingalls, 50 years of age. The senators under 50 are Gorman, Hale, Jonas, Plumb, McDill, Barrow, Cockrell, Blair, Sewell, Mitchell, Aldrich and Butler; and those over 60 are Sawyer, Johnson, Morrill, Hampton, Lapham, Saunders, Conger, Dawes, David Davis, Joe Brown, and Eli Saulsbury. John A. Logan never gives his age, and the place is filled with a dash in the directory.

EDUCATION OF THE SENATE.

Sixty of the senators had academic educations, and twenty-seven of these are college bred men. Nine senators were educated in the common schools, four were brought up under military discipline and two are put down as having no education whatever. Senator Dawes is a product of Yale, Hoar of Harvard, Saulsbury of Dickinson, Cameron of Princeton, Grover and Frye of Bowdoin, Ben Harrison and McDill of Miami university, and Allison and Conger of the Western Reserve college, now located at Cleveland. Nearly all the senators are lawyers by profession, fifty-three having studied law and nearly all practicing it. There are a couple of business men, several farmers and a half dozen bankers, but the lawyers have the monopoly of the Senate.

Fair of Nevada, is the richest senator; Harris of Tennessee, is the poorest; Sherman of Ohio, is the leanest; David Davis of Illinois, the fattest; Butler of South Carolina, the handsomest; McDill of Iowa, the ugliest; Mahone of Virginia, the most heterodox; and McMillan of Minnesota, the most orthodox; Senator Ingalls of Kansas, is the best debator and Don Cameron of Pennsylvania, the poorest; Van Wyck of Nebraska, the wittiest, and Mitchell of Pennsylvania, the dullest; Bayard the most scholarly, and Plumb the least so; Morgan of Alabama, talks the most, and Johnson of Virginia, the least; Saulsbury of Delaware, is the tallest, and Sawyer the shortest; Edmunds is the best lawyer, Davis of West Virginia, the best business man; Logan the most noted general, and Frye of Maine, the most eloquent orator.

HOW THEY BEGAN LIFE.

Bayard began life as a counter-jumper, Beck as a farm hand, Conger as a lumber hand, Davis of West Virginia, as a brakeman, Dawes as a school teacher, Fair as a bar-tender, Farley as a coach driver, Gorman as a senate page, Jones of Florida, as a carpenter, McDill as a department clerk, Morrill as a country storekeeper, Plumb as a printer's devil, Sawyer as a laborer, Sherman as a surveyor, and Vest as a reporter.

The Texas Kind of Spider.

Austin Statesman.

The other night a lady named Mrs. Leane, living on East Pecan street, was in the act of taking a drink of water when a spider sprang out the dipper and fastened on her upper lip. So tenaciously did the venomous insect cling that Mrs. Leane had to pull it until she mashed it before its fangs pulled out. In less than fifteen minutes the lady was unconscious. She suffered terribly and was still in a very precarious condition at the time of last accounts.

A Gloomy Record.

Thus briefly the New York Tribune gives a *resume* of the year's horrors:

People say this is an unlucky year. And yet, so rapidly has one woe trodden upon another's heels, and so easily do we forget last week's calamity in the contemplation of the fresh one, that few actually realize how gloomy the record of the seven weeks since New Year's really is.

January opened with a series of catastrophes on land and sea, and the record of disaster and death has been continuous to this time. In Germany widespread consternation and suffering were caused by the floods, especially in the middle Rhine district, as many as 7,000 persons being homeless in Manheim, Worms and Ludwigshafen. In Hungary the inundations of the Danube and its tributaries created a similar feeling of alarm, there being a heavy loss of life in Raab and 10,000 persons being left roofless, if not homeless. Many villages in France have been damaged by floods, and similar havoc has been wrought in the lake region of England. In the United States enormous losses have been sustained from high water, and the Ohio Valley has been devastated from Pittsburg to Cairo. Ireland shares in the distress of nations because last season's crops were worth $12,000,000 less than the average annual yield of the decade, and consequently there are apprehensions of scarcity of food in the least prosperous sections of the island. Even as far away as Iceland the year has opened ominously with signs of starvation. To these national calamities, due to natural causes, must be added local catastrophes such as the destruction of the Swiss village of Marais by a landslide, the disastrous snowslide near Crested Butte in Colorado, and the entombment of seventy miners at Diamond, Ill.

Human agencies, moreover, have contributed by their blindness, recklessness and powerlessness to swell this list of calamities. If great storms have swept over the seas and left them strewn with wrecks, and if the floods have clapped their hands in many lands, man's ignorance and helplessness have added to the sense of insecurity which the opening year has imparted. Two ocean steamships have been sunk in collisions, one carrying down with her over 400 passengers and seamen. Three great hotels have been burned in the United States, the loss of life in one instance being very large. In Russia the town of Kherson has been nearly destroyed by fire, and in Poland 216 lives have been lost in a panic in a circus. In New York sixteen or more school children have been trampled to death in a panic, and in Milwaukee an audience has narrowly escaped a similar fate. There have been startling railway accidents at Tehichipa and elsewhere, and disastrous explosions in San Francisco, Puget Sound, Glasgow and Holland. These and many other calamities have made the opening year conspicuous for its misfortunes.

The ravages of death, moreover, have heavily depleted the world's working stock of genius, wisdom and philanthropy. On the first day of the year came the tidings that France had lost in Gambetta its greatest man, and Washington was startled by the sudden death of a veteran diplomatist at a public reception. Not long afterward France lost its greatest soldier in Chanzy, and its most industrious designer, if nothing more, in Dore; Germany and the world are mourning Wagner; and American public life and philanthropy have been deprived of men so useful as Marshall Jewell and Lot M. Morrill, ex-Governor Morgan and William E. Dodge.

An Underground City.

Demorest's Monthly for March.

New York, as everyone knows, is situated upon a narrow island. It cannot spread but in one direction because of the surrounding waters. As a consequence an enormous business is being done upon a small surface of land, to utilize which there have been built within the last twelve years immense office buildings and apartment houses, each of which accommodates as many people as live in an ordinary village. Under this narrow stretch of land are built sewers, basements and cellars, in addition to gas-pipes, water-mains, and other underground constructions. To relieve the surface of the streets of their enormous vehicular traffic, it is proposed to build underground streets and subways to accommodate the sewers, water, gas and steam pipes, and eventually telegraph and telephone wires. Nor is this all. Advantage will be taken of these subways to run cars, and open passages for vehicles. It is not improbable that by the twentieth century the principal thoroughfares will be underlaid by a second street, so as to expedite travel and traffic. New York has tried one experiment on a very great scale; no less than three companies are laying steam pipes all over the city, which can be used not only for power but for heating and cooking purposes. It is believed that the time will shortly come when furnaces, stoves, and other heating apparatuses will be dispensed with, and that heat will be supplied from the outside as water and gas now are. It is said that every process of cooking, including broiling, can be done by steam How this can be accomplished is a mystery to the uninitated.

Concerning Young Ladies.

Philadelphia Times.

In Cincinnati we learn that the young ladies are valuable because they paint on china; in Louisville because they paint something else—perhaps the lily; in Boston because they think they understand Emerson and know how to bake beans and pork in molasses; in St. Louis because they have great and responsible knowledge of the classics; in Chicago because they wear immense shoes; in New York because they know how to dress; in Washington because they can't speak English; in New Orleans because they have black eyes and red lips, and in other places the girls are set forth on account of various other things.

"There is considerable said just now concerning liberalism in the churches," remaked an official of a prominent church recently, "but I wish it would extend to the collection plate. There are men in our church who are continually talking about ministers being more liberal in their ideas of christian privileges, but those men never think that there is any reason for liberalism in money contributions. They want to slide along the religious plane into heaven, but do not want to give anything to make the way easy for the minister or poor brothers and sisters."—*Exchange.*

A Leper Lands.

A few days ago a stranger came ashore at Lewes, Del., from a foreign vessel. He was well dressed and his manner was courteous. Gave a slight limp in his gait, and an unnatural tinge to his countenance. There was nothing outward to indicate the presence of a peculiar malady. Upon reaching the shore he sought out a private and rather secluded boarding place and there he remained, keeping aloof entirely from the people around him. From significant hints dropped by several of the crew who brought him ashore it was whispered about that the stranger was a leper, who for the safety of his comrades on shipboard, had been put ashore to shift for himself.

The stranger made no attempt at denial, but, on the contrary, seemed as anxious to avoid the approach of his neighbors as they were to avoid him. The extravagant stories that went rapidly from mouth to mouth caused such agitation that a special meeting of the Town Council were decided upon to consider ways and means to rid the community of the dangerous patient. He admitted to a reporter that the suspicions of the people were well founded. He was, he frankly, but sorrowfully, admitted, a leper.

He gave his name as James Atwald, and said he was an Englishman by birth, but up to last summer had been for years a resident of Havana. where the disease, the germs of which were latent in his system, developed itself. His impression was that he contracted the infirmity while at Madagascar, where he and others of the crew with whom he was associated were forced to work side by side with a gang of natives, a number of whom were known to be diseased. Sometimes the color his skin had assumed would blend until his flesh actually appeared to him almost as variegated as a garden in June.

The horror of his position became at the time almost unbearable and he contemplated suicide as a means to escape his awful fate. He studied his case and having learned that exposure to cold weather was the only means by which its ravages could be mitigated, he determined to go to Canada and enter a hospital in Toronto. It was with this object in view that he obtained a berth on the English ship, Formosa. The captain, however, suspected the nature of his ailment and told him he must leave the ship at Wilmington, N. C. At his request, however, the captain permitted him to land at Lewes instead, from which place he intended to go to Canada.

Mr. Atwald, during the interview, displayed to the reporter the peculiarities of the disease as developed in his case. The mere rubbing of his hand created a fine, bran-like dust. Across the palm the lines were streaked brightly, so that in the rays of the sun they shone like a web-work of silver. This peculiarity in his flesh had communicated to the crow feet lines in his temples, and they, like the palms of his hands, perceptibly glistened. He left Lewes in obedience to th demand of the Town Council.

Snakes!

This is a wonderful year. It is not two months old, yet it has given a list of catastrophes which many a whole year cannot equal. There have been shipwrecks, appalling fires, unprecedented floods, spots on the sun, and Wiggins. Now comes the discovery of a man full of snakes. He lives in Salisbury, N. Y., he is a colorod person, and his name is Hugh Leonard. He has been sick for several weeks, and his sufferings have culminated in a series of deliverances which have set the colored portion of the community nearly wild. His narrative of his sufferings and their origin is succinct and thrilling He went to a ball, where he met an old sweetheart whom he had "dropped for a handsomer girl." She came to him with a smile on her lips, with cake in her hand, but death in her heart. She asked him to eat some cake, and he with some misgiving, took a piece. It had a peculiar taste, and he only ate a little, feeling all the time that he was being "conjured." When violent pains attacked him in the stomach soon afterward, he knew his suspicions were correct, and he sent for "his Uncle Cotman," a high authority on conjuring.

Uncle Cotman went to work on the sufferer with the avowed intention of "gettin de debbil out ob him" as soon as possible. After two weeks of obstinate struggling on both sides, the "debbil" began to surrender by sections. On Wednesday last Leonard was taken with a fit of coughing, and "threw up a snake twelve inches long, spotted white and black, and apparently of the water-snake variety." Uncle Cotman grabbed him and clapped him still wriggling into a bottle of rum, which killed him instantly. This great feat enabled Uncle Cotman to demonstrate the important truth that the way to kill the "debbil" is to get him out of the stomach and then put him into the rum, not leave him in the stomach and pour the rum in upon him. But this may be upset by subsequent developments, for only part of the "debbil" has been removed, and only one instalment of him has been captured. The old negro women who were watching with Leonard say that just before the snake was ejected they saw a "four-legged scorpion" jump out of Leonard's mouth and run under the bed. They ought to have been able to capture him, for a scorpion rigged with only half the usual quota of legs could not have been very fleet. Here are two sections of the "debbil" accounted for, and there are more to come. Leonard, at last accounts, was lying on his back on the floor, saying that he was still full of them; that they crawled up into his throat and choked him almost to death, but slipped back before he could get hold of them. Uncle Cotman is at his post, and if his strength holds out he is certain to get a lot more of them.

THE ORIGINAL COL. SELLERS.

The Operations of Bill Muldrow in the Wilds of Missouri.

Wither's Mills, Mo., Cor. N. Y. Sun.

The writer has seen several sketches purporting to be of the original Col. Sellers. Having been reared near the birthplace of Mark Twain and the home of the celebrated Col. Mulberry, he takes the liberty of saying that, although some of the peculiarities ascribed to that individual may have been obtained from the aforesaid originals, yet the original Col. Sellers has never been written up. He was William Muldrow, commonly known as Bill Muldrow. He was a farmer and speculator near Philadelphia was then a village of few inhabitants, and is still a mere postoffice.

Bill Muldrow was the first man who conceived the idea of a railroad connecting the valley of the Mississippi with the Pacific slope. By some course of reasoning known only to himself he reached the conclusion that Philadelphia could be made the future great city of the West, if not of the world, and with this end in view he perfected his plans for the building of a railway that was to have San Francisco for its western terminus, and for its eastern terminus Marion City, a boat landing on the Mississippi, about fifteen miles east of Philadelphia. Fully persuaded that there were "millions in it," he went east and confided to a few capitalists his plans for buying up corner lots by the acre, and selling at $2,000 per front foot in connection with his railroad scheme.

What sort of a talker he was, and how well he succeeded in imbuing those capitalists with his own enthusiasm, may be imagined when we state that the sound of the hammer and saw, and the steady tramp of the hod-carrier in the lanes of Philadelphia soon succeeded the musical tinkle of the sheep bell. A fine brick hotel climbed story by story toward the clouds. Blocks of buildings rose faster than man could or would flock to occupy them. A wharf was erected at Marion City, and the embankment that was to reach from the Mississippi west to the great city of Philadelphia, and still west to the golden gate of the Pacific, was begun. Things were booming, but it was a surface boom. Deeper down there was a heavy undertow.

Large sums of money were required. Muldrow's backers, beginning to mistrust the financial success of the scheme, became more niggardly in their advances. As the expenses became heavier, the money with which to meet them grew less, and as little by little they fell behind, the army of bricklayers, the horde of laborers on the embankment, and the pile-drivers and bridge builders of Marion City, for like Venice it was on the water, became more clamorous for their pay.

The crash came, as in such cases it inevitably must come. Bill Muldrow was ruined financially, but, as he soon had occasion to demonstrate, not intellectually. The sheriff, preparatory to making a levy, called on him for an inventory of his real estate. Bill was equal to the occasion. He gave in not only his own land, but interspersed between tracts much that was not his own. Now, Muldrow, like many other unfortunate men, was blessed with sons-in-law, and to these he confided his scheme and asked their assistance. He described his own land minutely and instructed them when to bid.

The sale came off. The first tract offered did not belong to Bill, and this soon became whispered around. The result was that the bidding was very slow, and the sale was about paralyzed. The sons-in-law scooped in the bona fide tract for a paltry sum.

Having saved his farm, Bill went to California, where he engaged in some kind of a land speculation, and where his fondness for lawsuits became proverbial. A 10-minutes' conversation with him invariably resulted in a suit of law. Failing to retrieve his fortune in the West he returned in his old age to the scene of his former triumph, and his ashes now rest in the country churchyard near his old home.

Philadelphia still stands, a relic noit of what was, but of what might have been. The hotel looms up, gray and grand in its utter desolation. The window glass is broken, the walls are cracked, the ceilings are mildewed, and the very bricks seem to be crumbling back to the dust from whence they came.

Marion City found a grave mid the swirling waters of the Mississippi in the great flood of 1881, but the embankment and the old rock bridge still fight their share of the battle that always ends in oblivion.

The Comets in China.

Nature.

The appearance within the last two years of two comets has been regarded as a most menacing potent by Chinese politicians. Their resemblance to flaming swords is regarded as emblematical of the vengeance of heaven on an unworthy nation. It is stated that in consequence of the last comet an urgent decree has been promulgated in the name of the youthful monarch stating that it is a clear indication that the officials are lax in making proper reports to the throne, and have been keeping the Emperor in the dark as to pestilences and other calamities among the people.

His Majesty has reason to believe that improper officials have been appointed; he has, moreover, subjected his imperial heart to a rigorous examination in the seclusion of his palace, and he is much disquieted at the result. The people, he finds, are poverty-stricken, and await relief, and the present is time of great anxiety and embarrassment. The crisis must be met with prompt measures and a reverent heart; the Ministers are accordingly enjoined to exhibit loyalty and justice, and to strenuously guard themselves against the thraldom of official routine. They are to discover the real state of the country and to make such dispositions as may give rise to all possible advantage and eradicate all possible evil. If all this be done, we have the imperial assurance that the people will live in peace and quietness till heaven be in harmony with earth and all harmful influences allayed. If decrees were always obeyed the comet will have exercised a beneficent influence on the condition of the Chinese people.

An Astonished Conductor.

"Get aboard, old limp," said a pert conductor to an aged, plainly dressed lame man, standing on the platform, waiting for the signal to depart; "get aboard old limpy, or you'll be left."

At the signal, the old gentleman quietly stepped aboard and took a seat by himself. When the conductor, in taking up the tickets, came to him, and demanded his fare, he replied:

"I do not pay fare on this road."

"Then I will put you off at the next station."

The conductor passed on, and a passenger who had seen the transaction, said to him:

"Did yon know that old gentleman?"

"No, I did not."

"Well, it is Mr.——, the president of this road."

The conductor changed color and bit his lips, but went on and finished taking up tickets. As soon as he had done, he returned to "old limpy," and said:

"Sir, I resign my position as conductor."

"Sit down here, young man, I do not wish to harm you; but we run this road for profit, and to accommodate the public; and we make it an invariable rule to treat every person with perfect civility, whatever garb he wears, or whatever infirmity he suffers. This rule is imperative on every one of our employes. I shall not remove you for what you have done, but it must not be repeated."

This is a true story. The "old limpy" was the Hon. Erastus Corning, of New York, who has been dead now over ten years. He was a member of congress for eight years, and one of the leading railroad capitalists of the United States.

That conductor never addressed another passenger as "old limpy."

A Story of Two Almanacs.

Griffin News.

Several years ago two old Georgia farmers, living a short distance from Griffin, got themselves each an almanac at the beginning of the year. Having posted themselves on the weather, they got into an argument as to the kind of summer it was going to be—one asserting that it would be very dry, while the other said that there would be frequent rains. The discrepancy caused them to compare almanacs, when it was found that the weather predictions therein differed, and each having faith in his own almanac, predicated his predictions upon what it said.

Well, summer came, and six weeks of it passed by, and sure enough the man with the dry almanac suffered from lack of rain, while he of the wet almanac had several of those summer showers which are heavy enough to wet the ground well, but do not cover much territory, and just escaped the other farmer's land. Seeing that this condition of affairs would not do, the latter went over to his neighbor's and wanted to swap almanacs; but the other was very well satisfied with the way things were going, and asked five bushels of corn as a bonus before he would trade. He was told to hitch up his team right away and go and get the corn, and the sufferer from having a drouthy almanac departed in triumph with his predictions of rain in his pocket.

Grumblers Outwitted.

A well-known organ manufacturer at Brattleboro, Vt., who employs women in his factory, found certain of his workmen complaining that women had neither the strength nor skill for the duties assigned them. They pointed to the organs into which woman's work had gone, and declared that they were failures; that any skilled ear could detect inferior workmanship, etc. The grumbling continued for months; and finally the malcontents went to the deacon's counting room and declared that they would no longer be employed in a factory where such frauds upon the public were permitted. At this the good Baptist brother became righteously indignant, and hurled at them a bewildering rejoinder in words like these: "You will be paid off, and you may leave as soon as you like. While you were out I carefully selected the pieces of machinery made by the women and placed on your work-benches, putting your work upon those of the women. The organs you have praised contained the women's work, while those you have derlared unfit to sell contain your own.

HALL'S

Catarrh Cure

Is Recommended by Physicians!

$100 REWARD FOR A CASE IT FAILS TO CURE

We manufacture and sell it with a positive guarantee that it will cure any case, and we will forfeit the above amount if it fails in a single instance.

It is unlike any other Catarrh remedy, as it is taken internally, acting upon the blood. If you are troubled with this distressing disease, ask your Druggist for it, and ACCEPT NO IMITATION OR SUBSTITUTE. If he has not got it, send to us and we will forward immediately. Price, 75 cents per bottle.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio.

James Medical Institute

Chartered by the State of Illinois for the express purpose of giving immediate relief in all chronic, urinary and private diseases. Gonorrhœa, Gleet and Syphilis in all their complicated forms, also all diseases of the Skin and Blood promptly relieved and permanently cured by remedies, tested in a *Forty Years Special Practice.* Seminal Weakness, Night Losses by Dreams, Pimples on the Face, Lost Manhood, *positively cured. There is no experimenting.* The appropriate remedy is at once used in each case. Consultations, personal or by letter, sacredly confidential. Medicines sent by Mail and Express. No marks on package to indicate contents or sender. Address

DR. JAMES, No. 204 Washington St., Chicago, Ill.

BALLADE OF RHYME.

When blossoms born of balmy spring
Breathe fragrance in the pleasant shade
Of branches where the bluebirds sing,
Their hearts with music overweighed;
When brooks go babbling through the glade
And over rocks the grasses climb
To greet the sunshine, half afraid,—
How easy 'tis to write a rhyme!

When invitations are a-wing
For gay Terpsichore's parade;
When dreamy waltzes stir the string
And jewels flash on rich brocade,
Where Paris dresses are displayed,
And slippered feet keep careful time:—
In winter, when the roses fade,
How easy 'tis to write a rhyme!

When by your side, with graceful swing,
Some fair-faced, gentle girl has strayed,
Willing and glad to have you bring
Your claims for love and get them paid
In kisses, smiles, and words that aid
The bells of bliss to better chime;—
When Cupid's rules are first obeyed
How easy 'tis to write a rhyme!

ENVOY.

Reader, forgive me, man or maid,
Against Calliope this crime;
And let this brief ballade persuade
How easy 'tis to write a rhyme!

—*Century for March.*

NAPOLEON'S THREE WARNINGS.

A Strange Story of the Great Corsican, as Narrated by Fouche.

The celebrated Fouche, Duke of Otranto, some time chief of police to Napoleon, was retained but a short time, it is well-known, in the service of the Bourbons, after their restoration to the throne of France. He retired to the town of Aix, in Provence, and there lived in affluence and ease upon the gains of his long and busy career. On one occasion the company assembled in his salon, heard from his lips the following story:

I.

By degrees, as Napoleon assumed the authority of a king, everything about him, even in the days of the Consulate, began to wear a court-like appearance. All the old, monarchial habitudes were revived, one by one. Among other revivals of this kind, the custom of attending mass previous to the hour of audience was restored by Bonaparte, and he himself was punctual in his appearance at the chapel of St. Cloud on such occasions. Nothing could be more mundane than the mode of performing these religious services. The actresses of the opera were the chorists, and great crowds of busy talkative people were in the habit of frequenting the gallery of the chapel, from the windows of which the First Consul and Josephine could always be seen with their suites and friends. The whole formed merely a daily exhibition of the consular court for the people.

At one particular time the punctuality of Bonaparte in his attendance on mass was rather distressing to his wife. The quick and jealous Josephine had discovered that the eye of her husband was too much directed to a window in the gallery where there regularly appeared the form and face of a girl of uncommon beauty. The chestnut tresses, the brilliant eyes and graceful figure of this personage caused the more uneasiness to the Consul's wife, as the stranger's glances were bent not less often upon Bonaparte than his were upon her.

"Who is that young girl?" said Josephine, one day, at the close of the service; "what can she seek from the First Consul? I observed her drop a billet just now at his feet. He picked it up—I saw him."

No one could tell Josephine who the object of her notice precisely was, though there were some who declared her to be an "emigree" lately returned, and who was probably desirous of the intervention of the First Consul in favor of her family. With such guesses as this, the consul's wife was obliged to rest satisfied for the time.

After the audience of the same day had passed, Bonaparte expressed a wish for a drive in the park, and accordingly went out attended by his wife, his brother Joseph, Duroc, and Hortense Beauharnais, The King of Prussia had just presented Napoleon with a superb set of horses, four in number, and they were harnessed to an open chariot for the party. The Cousul took it into his head to drive on person, and mounted into the coachman's seat. The chariot set off, but just as it was turning into the park, it went crash against a stone at the gate, and the first Consul was thrown to the ground. He attempted to rise, but again fell prostrate in a stunned and insensible condition. Meanwhile the horses sprang forward with the chariot, and were only stopped when Duroc, at the risk of his life, threw himself and seized the reins. Josephine was taken out in a swooning condition. The rest of the party speedily returned to Napoleon, and carried him back to his apartments. On recovering his senses fully, the first thing which he did was to put his hand into his pocket and pull out the slip of paper dropped at his feet in the chapel. Looking over his shoulder, Josephine read upon it these words:

"Do not drive out in your carriage this day."

"This can have no allusion to our late accident," said Bonaparte. "No one could forsee that I was to play the part of coachman to-day, or that I should be awkward enough to drive against a stone. Go, Duroc, and examine the chariot."

Duroc obeyed. Soon after he returned, very pale, and took the first Consul aside. "Citizen Consul," said he, "had you not struck the stone and stopped our drive, we had all been lost."

"How so?" was the reply.

"There was in the carriage, concealed behind the rear seat, a massive bomb, charged with ragged pieces of iron, with a slow match attached to it, and kindled. Things had been so arranged, that in a quarter of an hour we should have been scattered among the trees of the Park of Saint Cloud. Fouche must be told of this; Dubois must be warned!"

"Not a word to them," replied Bonaparte. "The knowledge of one plot only engenders a second. Let Josephine remain ignorant of the danger she has escaped. Hortense, Joseph, Camaceres—tell none of them, and let the government journals say not a word about my fall."

The first Consul was then silent for some time.

"Duroc," he said, at length, "you will come to-morrow at mass and examine with attention the young girl whom I shall point out to you.

She will occupy the fourth window in the gallery on the right. Follow her home, or cause her to be followed, and bring me intelligence of her name, her abode, and her circumstances. It will be better to do this yourself; I would not have the police interfere in this matter.

On the morrow the eyes of more than one person were turned to the window in the gallery. But the jealous Josephine sought in vain for the graceful figure of the young girl. She was not there. The impatient First Consul, and his confidant, Duroc, were greatly annoyed at her non-appearance, and small was the attention paid by them to the service that day. Their anxiety was fruitless. The girl was seen at mass no more.

II.

The summers of Napoleon were spent chiefly at Malmaison—the winters at Saint Cloud and the Tuileries. Winter had come on, and the First Consul had been holding court in the great apartments of the last of these palaces. It was the third of that month which the Republicans well called *Nivose*, and in the evening Bonaparte entered his carriage to go to the opera, accompanied by his aid-de-camp, Lauriston, and Generals Lannes and Berthier. The vehicle was about to start, when a female, wrapped in a black mantle, rushed out upon the Place Carousel, made her way into the midst of the guards about to accompany Bonparte, and held forth a paper to the latter, crying:

"Citizen Consul, Citizen Counsul, read! read!"

Bonaparte, with that smile which Bourrienne describes as irresistible, saluted the petitioner, stretched out his hand for the missive. "A petition, madam?" said he inquiringly, and then continued: "Fear nothing; I shall persue it and see justice done."

"Citizen Consul"——cried the woman, imploringly joining her hands.

What she would further have said was lost. The coachman, who, it was afterward said, was intoxicated, gave the lash to his horses, and they sprang off with the speed of lightning.

The Consul, throwing into his hat the paper he had received, remarked to his companions: "I could not well see her figure, but I think the poor woman is young."

The carriage dashed along rapidly. It was just issuing from the street of St. Nicholas, when a frightful detonation was heard, mingling with and followed by the crash of broken windows and the cries of injured passersby. The infernal machine had exploded. Uninjured, the carriage of the Consul and its inmates was whirled with undiminished rapidity to the opera. Bonaparte entered his box with serene brow and unruffled deportment. He saluted, as usual, the assembled spectators, to whom the news of the explosion came, with all the speed which rumor exercises upon such occasions. All were stunned and stupefied. Bonaparte only was perfectly calm. He stood with crossed arms, listening attentively to the oratorio of Haydn, which was executed on that evening. Suddenly, however, he remembered the paper put into his hands. He took it out and read these lines:

"In the name of heaven. Citizen Consul, do not go to the opera to night, or if you do go, pass not through the street of St. Nicholas."

On reading these words the Consul chanced to raise his eyes. Exactly opposite to him, in a box on the third tier, sat the young girl of the Chapel of Saint Cloud, who, with joined hands, seemed to utter prayers of gratitude for the escape which had taken place. Her head had no covering but her flowing and beautiful chestnut hair, and her person was wrapped in a dark mantle, which the Consul recognized as identical with that worn by the woman who had delivered the paper to him at the carriage door on the Place Carousel.

"Go," said he, quietly but quickly, to Lannes; "go to the box exactly opposite to us, on the third tier. You will find a young girl in a black mantle. Bring her to the Tuileries. I must see her, without delay." Bonaparte spoke thus, without raising his eyes, but to make Lannes certain of the person, he took the general's arm and said, pointing upward, "See there—look!"

Bonaparte stopped suddenly. The girl was gone. No black mantle was to be seen. Annoyed at this beyond measure, he hurriedly sent off Lannes to intercept her. It was in vain. The box-keeper had seen such an individual, but knew nothing about her. Bonaparte applied to Fouche and Dubois, but all the zeal of these functionaries failed in discovering her.

III.

Years ran on after the explosion of the infernal machine and the strange accompanying circumstances which tended to make the occurence more remarkable in the eyes of Bonaparte. To the Consulate succeeded the Empire, and victory marked the career of the great Corsican. At length the hour of change came. Allied Europe poured its troops into France, and compelled the Emperor to lay down the sceptre which had been so long shaken in terror over half the civilized world. The Isle of Elba became for a few days the most remarkable spot on the globe, and finally the resuscitated empire fell to pieces anew on the field of Waterloo.

Bonaparte was about to quit France. The moment had come for him to set foot in the bark which was to convey him to the English vessel. Friends who had followed the fallen chief to the very last were standing by to give him a final adieu. He waved his hand to those around, and a smile was on the lip which had given the farewell kiss to the imperial eagle. At this instant a woman broke through the band that stood before Napoleon. She was in the prime of woman's life; not a girl, yet young enough to retain unimpaired that beauty for which she had been remarkable among a crowd of beauties. Her features were full of anxiety and sadness, adding interest to her appearance even at such a moment.

"Sire! sire!" said she, presenting a paper hurriedly; "read! read!"

The Emperor took the paper presented to him. He shook his head, and held up the paper to his eyes. After perusing its contents he took it between his hands and tore it to pieces, scattering the fragments in the air.

"Stop, sire!" cried the woman. "Follow the advice! Be warned—it is yet time!"

"No!" replied Napoleon. And, taking from his finger a beautiful oriential ruby, a valuable souvenir of his Egyptian campaigns, he held it out to the woman. She took it, kneeling, and kissed the hand which presented it. Turning his head, Napoleon then stepped into the boat which awaited to take him to the vessel. The vessel took him to the barren rock of St. Helena.

And there he died.

Thus of three warnings, two were useless because neglected until the danger had occurred, and the third—which prognosticated the fate of Napoleon, if once in the power of his adversaries—the third was rejected.

"But who was this woman, Duke of Otranto?"

"That,', replied Fouche, "I know not with certainty. The Emperor, if he knew ultimately, seems to have kept the secret. All that is known respecting the matter is that a female related to Saint Regent, one of the authors of the explosion of the street St. Nicholas died at the hospital Hotel Dieu, in 1837, and that around her neck was suspended, by a silk ribbon, the exquisite oriental ruby of Napoleon."

Saying Grace.

Drake's Traveler's Magazine.

A few days ago a minister on one of the Western roads sat down to his dinner at a station restaurant, and bending over his plate, murmured a silent grace.

"Always do that?" inquired a rough-looking specimen who sat behind him.

"Yes, my friend," replied the dominie; "I never miss returning thanks to the Giver of all mercies. You don't know how much good it does."

"Does it do the grub any good?" asked the stranger, becoming interested. "If it was going to do any good at all, I should want to commence with the grub!"

"It certainly does!" returned the person, earnestly, hoping to make a convert.

"Think that piece of boot-leg has been benefited?" and he pointed at the dominie's dish.

"I think so," said the preacher, sincerely; "I think there is no doubt about it."

"And is it a thing you can make work right straight along, or is there a limit to the game?"

"It never fails," persisted the minister, who had an especially nice steak before him.

"Then!" exclaimed the stranger, grasping the parson's plate and substituting his own dish of dough-nut and beans; "you pray this business of mine up to a square meal, while I get away with the grub already sanctified! Go it, stranger! Don't leave off a lick on my account, and if you make the riffle, you can bet your eternal fortune is made right on the line of this road! Any man what can tone a bean dinner up to a satisfying meal, can't go broke in this country not while the raw material holds out, and my mouth is in order!"

But the parson finished the beans and dough-nuts in silence, and the stranger wrapped up in the "sanctified grub" with the further suggestion that if the dominie missed his grip on that plate there were plenty more beans in the cellar for him to practice on until he struck the combination.

"Kiss Me Good-By."

That is a phrase heard in the hallway of many a home as the man of the house is hurrying away to exchange daily labor for daily bread in the mart of commerce. Sometimes it is the wife who says it, sometimes infant lips prattle the caressing words, holding up a sweet flower face for a kiss that is its warm sunshine of life, and the strong man waits a moment to clasp his treasure and is gone; and all day he wonders at the peace in his heart, at the nerve with which he meets business losses. The wife's kiss, the baby's kiss did it, and he realizes that it is not wealth or position or luck that makes our happiness, but the influence we bear with us from the presence of those we love.

Kiss me good-by! Oh, lips that have said it for the last time, would you ever ask again in those pleading tones for the kiss so tardily given? Would we not remember that the relation the flower bears to the universe is as carefully provided for as that of the brightest star; that the little action of a loying heart goes side by side with the deed of heroic worth; that love is the dew of life; that the parting for a day may be the parting for a life-time.

"How many go forth in the morning
That never come home at night,
And hearts have been broken
For kind words unspoken
That sorrow can ne'er set right."

Kiss your children, man of business, before you leave home; kiss the mother of your children, and that dear old mother who sits in the chair by the window—no matter if her cheek is wrinkled, her heart is young—and then go about your day's work with a "thank God" in your soul that you have someone at home to kiss.

"For though in the quiet evening,
You give us the kiss of peace,
Yet it might be
That never for thee
The pain of the heart should cease."

Arabi's Family.

London Chronicle.

Members of Arabi Pasha's family who still remain in Egypt are in a perfectly destitute condition. They live in daily expectation of being ejected from their houses and Egyptian territory, and have been threatened that this step will be carried into effect. Up to the present the family have, through a feeling of pride, refused all friendly aid, but unless substantial aid is forthcoming they must suffer from actual want. Some of them state that they are quite willing to proceed to England or anywhere else where they could feel assured of protection. Those who were appointed to protect the interests of Arabi's relatives are distrusted by them, while the Egyptian troops, who act as sentries, are continually interfering with the movements of the family and rendering life generally as unpleasant as it can possibly be under such circumstances.

An Old-Fashioned Lyceum Lecture.

Harper's Magazine.

Reader, didst ever deliver a lecture at a country "lyceum?" If so, read the following. It is good. "We have been there."

Mrs. Brown having a lecture upon the Parthenon, was invited to deliver it before the lyceum at Walnutville. Knowing of Walnutville only that it was fifteen miles from a railroad, Mrs. Brown suggested a more popular sublect. No; Walnutville wanted the Parthenon. At the station named in the letter of direction Mrs. Brown saw a stage, and soon its driver said:

"Be you the lecturer for Walnutville.

"Yes."

"Wa'al, git right in; and you hain't no need to pay no fare neither, for I'm the committee that wrote you."

Mrs. Brown was the only passenger, and the driver cheered the long and lonely way by telling her, "Folks was thinkin' a sight about seein' on her, lots on 'em rememberin' her grandsir." They were only four hours on the road, and when the time for the lecture came Mrs. Brown was escorted to the hall by the same gentleman. On the way he exhorted her to speak up, and not be like "them Methodist wimmen, who mumbled so folks did not know when to say 'Hallelujah.'"

The hall, an unpainted building, consisted of a great room with an enormous outside door opening directly into it. There were seats against the wall upon two sides, which the stage driver explained as being the place where "the old men sot town-meetin' day." The people who were in their seats turned round and gazed at Mrs. Brown while she took off her wraps and put on her gloves. Telling her escort she was ready, he said he "warn't a-goin' upon that roostrum to make a fool of himself; the minister had got to do that."

While waiting for the minister, and enduring the staring of the audience, Mrs. Brown diverted her mind by wondering why a row of men were seated at the back of the platform. Finally curiosity conquered.

"What are those men up there for?"

"Them? Why, they're the Walnutville Brass Band, and they're goin' to play. Don't they have no bands where you come from?"

Fortunately Mr. Snow, the minister, appeared then, and Mrs. Brown trailed meekly up the aisle after him. Obedient to his gesture, she sat down, and he said, "We will unite in prayer."

That exercise disposed of, Mr. Snow proceeded with 'Columbia, the gem of the ocean.'"

The performance was stunning, deafening; but before breath or hearing could be regained the agile clergyman was again on his feet:

"The chorister of the Baptist church will now delight the audience with a song—'There's a good time coming, boys; wait a little longer.'"

The chorister walked slowly to the steps of the platform, and waited, looking severely at Mr. Snow.

"I forgot to say," shouted that much-afflicted man, "that he will be accompained by his daughter on a Mason and Hamlin instrument."

Then the father and daughter mounted the stage, the organ was wheeled into its place, and the performers had a good time, if nobody else did.

The audience was indifferent to an alarming degree, looking to Mrs. Brown like scores of duplicates of the goddess Pasht who sits and glares at people in the British Museum.

Again Mr. Snow: "Mrs. Brown will now read us a piece on the Parthenon."

Mrs. Brown stepped to the front, and, amid stillness so profound that she could hear the breathing of persons near her, read her piece. It took an hour, and during all that time the death-like quiet was broken but once; and then a boy who had climbed up on the outside, and peeped in at a window, informed his companions in a hoarse whisper that "she warn't no great to look at, anyhow." Not a hand stirred nor even an eyelid moved when the Parthenon was ended; but Mr. Snow allowed no time for embarrassment, for he was at once on his feet

"The chorister of the Methodist church will sing 'Rocked in the cradle of the deep.' He will accompany himself."

The same masterly indifference while the Methodist chorister rocked himself violently backward and forward, and while he was wiping his heated brow after he had returned to his seat. But indefatigable Mr. Snow knew no weariness:

"The band will again delight us with 'Marching through Georgia.'"

"Hark! from the tombs," would have suited the temper of the audience equally as well—to all appearance, better. Finally, the minister concluded:

"These exercises will close with a benediction."

He had hardly spoke its last words when the stage-driver shouted:

"Here, marm, is the money we've took. You can take your pay on't."

Mrs. Brown, not accustomed to approving herself, declares she rose to that occasion, for she turned all the money into her pocket-handkerchief, and told him she would settle on her way to the train. One or two people walked up to her, limply shook her hand, and said, plaintively, "We have enjoyed your lecture," but with these exceptions the awful silence was not disturbed. To this day Mrs. Brown is in doubt if they think the Parthenon an improved sewing-machine or a new kind of hay-spreader.

The New Boy.

Boston Courier.

He was a brand-new office boy, young, pretty-faced, with golden ringlets and blue eyes. Just such a boy one would imagine would be taken out of his little trundle-bed in the middle of the night and transported beyond the stars. The first day he glanced over the library in the editorial room, became acquainted with everybody, knew all the printers, and went home in the evening as happy and cheery as a sunbeam. The next day he appeared, leaned out of the back window, expectorated on a bald-headed printer's pate, tied the cat up by the tail in the hallway, had four fights with another boy, borrowed $2 from an occupant of the building, saying his mother was dead, collected his two days' pay from the cashier, hit the janitor with a broomstick, pawned a coat belonging to a member of the editorial staff, wrenched the knobs off the doors, upset the ice cooler, pied three galleys of type, and mashed his finger in the small press. On the third day a note was received saying; "Mi Mother do not want I to work in such a dull place. She says I Would make a Good preacher. so Do I. mi finger is Better; gone fishin.' Yours Till Deth do Yank us"

Anecdotes of Cats.

Archbishop Whately, in a very interesting paper on Instinct, which, we believe, has not found a place in either of his larger works, gives an instance from one of his own family cats. "This cat," says he, "lived many years in my mother's family, and its feats of sagacity were witnessed by her, my sisters, and myself. It was known, not merely once or twice, but habitually, to ring the parlor bell when it wished the door to be opened. Some alarm was excited on the first occasion on which it turned bell-ringer. Our family had retired to rest, and in the middle of the night the parlor bell was rung violently. We sleepers were all startled from our repose, proceeded down-stairs with pokers and tongs to interrupt, as we supposed, the predatory movements of some burglars, but we were agreeably surprised to discover that the bell had been rung by pussy." She appears to have been inadvertently left in the household room; she desired to quit, and so adopted this very natural expedient, and the Archbishop says she frequently repeated the act whenever she wanted to get out of the parior.

A writer in an old volume of the Zoologist says: "Passing by the back window of a neighbor's house a short time since I saw a favorite cat seated on a table near the window, beside a narrow-necked cream-jug containing cream. No person was in the kitchen. He was smelling at the cream and endeavoring to reach it with his tongue, but could not. At last he inserted one of his fore-paws and withdrew it, the fur saturated with milk. After he had licked it clean he dipped again, and kept repeating the process as long as I remained observing him, which I did several minutes, and then left him to his employment, for I thought he well deserved his reward for his ingenuity." This looks very much like a premium upon clever thieving, and would scarcely be a safe principle for adoption in more general society.

Ochiltree's Experience with a Prize Fighter.

A story is going the rounds at the expense of Congressman-elect "Tom" Ochiltree, which, the Boston Traveller says, is vouched for as entirely correct by that distinguished Texas statesman. Once when he and Mace were both staying at the St. Charles Hotel, New-Orleans, he remarked to a friend that the "slugger" did not look to be a very quick man, and finally made a bet of a basket of wine that he could give him a blow and escape punishment by instantly apologizing, before the fighter had time to put up his fists. Accordingly. Ochiltree approached the champion of the ring, and without a word struck him on the nose with his open hand. But before he could open his mouth to utter the apology, the bystanders saw a vision of a fiery red head and mustache, and a nice new dress suit presumed to inclose the figure of a man, knocked from the end of the bar through the folding doors out on the sidewalk. Ochiltree was at once picked up and repaired by his friends. Then they assisted him into Mace's presence, and he explained that he had tapped that worthy's nose merely to carry out a wager, and said he was sorry—which was quite evident. "Then that's hall right," quoth Mace, turning to the crowd; "and I'm glad Hi didn't 'it 'im 'ard."

She Missed It.

Detroit Free Press.

A woman accompanied by a boy about 9 years of age entered a place of business on Grand River street and inquired of the proprietor:

"Have you any cards to spare?"

"Why, yes, I could spare some," he replied, and after looking around a little he hauled a euchre deck out of a cigar box and said:

"I suppose I might part with these, but you can get a new pack for fifty cents. It it's for an orphan asylum or some such charity, I'll call the pack ten cents."

"Oh, I wanted advertising cards," she exclaimed.

"Well, these advertise Dougherty and Hoyle pretty well."

"Yes, but I wanted picture cards for an album."

"Well, I suppose you could put these in an album, though I don't see what good it would do. If you have your heart set on them I'll say seven cents for the lot."

"Oh, no, no! Come, Henry."

The boy followed her out, and as they reached the walk he blurted out:

"Why, ma, what a goose you are! Why didn't you offer to put up ten cents and play him a five-point game to win or lose all?"

COLD WATER DRINKING.—Cold baths of the skin are good but it is doubtful if flooding the stomach on going to bed and on rising, is not on the whole, the most profitable form of cold water bathing. Costiveness, piles and indigestion are uniformly relieved by this morning and evening cold douche. The quantity must be determined by each one for himself. Two or three swallows will do to begin with, and the quantity will soon grow to a tumbler full; and we have known persons to use much more with marked benefit. If wisely managed, every dyspeptic will be greatly improved by this cold stomach bath. —*Scottish American.*

A Chicago lady once applied to a learned judge for a divorce. "What is the name of the husband?" inquired the learned judge. "I have no husband yet, but inasmuch as I contemplate matrimony, I felt that I should be prepared or the worst."

Gen. Sherman Defends the Sword.

Edward W. Bok of Carroll street, Brooklyn, the indefatigable autograph hunter, lately received the following reply from Gen. Sherman, in response to a letter requesting him to subscribe to the sentiment, "The pen is mightier than the sword:"

WASHINGTON, February 6, 1883.

DEAR MR. BOK—Your long letter of the 4th is received.

I prefer not to make scraps of sentimental writing. When I write anything I want it to be real and connected in form, as, for instance, in your quotation from Lord Lytton's play of "Richelieu," "The pen is mightier than the sword." Lord Lytton would never have put his signature to so naked a sentiment. Surely I will not.

In the text there was a prefix or qualification:

Beneath the rule of men entirely great
The pen is mightier than the sword."

Now, this world does not often present the condition of facts herein described. Men entirely great are very rare indeed, and even Washington, who approached greatness as near as any mortal, found good use for the sword and the pen, each in its proper sphere.

You and I have seen the day when a great and good man ruled this country (Lincoln) who wielded a powerful and prolific pen, and yet had to call to his assistance a million of flaming swords.

No, I cannot subscribe to your sentiment, "The pen is mightier than the sword," which you ask me to write, because it is not true.

Rather, in the providence of God, there is a time for all things; a time when the sword may cut the Gordian knot and set free the principles of right and justice, bound up in the meshes of hatred, revenge and tyranny, that the pen of mighty men like Clay, Webster, Crittenden and Lincoln were unable to disentangle.

Wishing you all success in your efforts. I am, with respect,

Your friend,
W. T. SHERMAN.

The Humor of the Flood.

Cincinnati Enquirer.

A very funny incident occurred in the West End a few evenings since. In the office of a livery stable, located in the inundated district, were seated a number of boys and men, among the latter the "oldest inhabitant," who, like truth itself, will not down, and still continues to tell of the flood of '32. The ancient The ancient mariner was in the midst of an account of a daring exploit, in which he was particularly prominent by his valor, when there was a crash that sounded like the rear end of the stable had at last succumbed to the angry flood and gone down. With a yell that would have done credit to a savage Comanche, the crowd dispersed, the "oldest inhabitant" leading the way to the door, out of which they went in a huddle. Once in the street, they made good time in getting away from that locality. Finally two of the most daring volunteered to act as a committee, and return to the stable. They procured a light and moved cautiously toward the rear of the building. Suddenly one of the reconnoitering party broke the death-like stillness with, "I know what it is. Bill!"

"What is it?" inquired his companion."

"Why, it's that d——d billy-goat we put up in the hay-mow this afternoon to keep from drowning He's fell down and made all the racket. D——d if he hasn't eaten up two halters, and he's got my best buggy sponge in his mouth."

One afternoon while one of the relief boats was cruising around in the inundated district, near Front street, the occupants espied a head looking out of the third story of one of the flooded buildings. By this time the craft was directly under the window, and one of the party yelled:

"Are you suffering much for food up there?"

"Yes, suffering like h——l; send up some pie.

Where Nobody Ever Dies.

Elizabeth City Economist.

A correspondent; writing from Davie county, says: Mr. Editor, I see you are hunting up old men. Down here along this part of the North Carolina coast is a good range for them. We can scare 'em up in the neighborhood of the hundreds. There's Sammy Mann and Neddy Payne, both of them near a hundred, and they can dance a jig now equal to a boy of eighteen. On North Banks they sometimes die, but on South Banks they once had a meeting and whittled sticks to decide who should kill his grandfather that they might see what a funeral was.

Lying and Slandering.

"I notice," said one Austin lady to another, "that, at our social gatherings, you are always the last one to leave."

"I know it," was the reply, "but I have an object in view."

"What is it?"

"I want to prevent the rest of you from slandering me."

"Oh, you mean thing; you never like to seeyour friends enjoy themselves." —Texas Siftings.

OVERCOMING PREJUDICE.—M. Parmentier, in 1783, introduced potatoes into France in a novel manner. Having planted a considerable breadth of them at Montreuil, near Paris, he gained an audience of the unfortunate Louis XVI, in the course of which he inspired his Majesty with ideas of the value of the potato. "But how are we to make people eat what they are prejudiced against?" inquired the King. "Sire, if your Majesty will graciously afford me a little aid, that prejudice shall be removed," replied Parmentier. To overcome prejudice is difficult; but how can I aid you M. Parmentier?" "If your Majesty will graciously order that a soldier shall mount guard in my potato-field at Montreuil, potatoes shall be all the fashion in less than six months." The King laughed, and granted Parmentier's request. Thenceforward a military guard might be seen promenading with measured step the naturalist's potato-field. "How precious must that blue-flowered plant be!" thought the lookers on. No more fear of leprosy—no more dread of poisoning. The highest people in France were proud to eat potatoes.

THE COMMERCIAL.

Good Will to Man—Onward and Upward.

REPUBLICAN NOMINATIONS.

For Justices of the Supreme Court—
AUSTIN BLAIR of Jackson.
THOS. J. O'BRIEN of Kent.

For Regents of the State University—
HARRY B. HUTCHINS of Macomb.
JOSEPH C. JONES of Saginaw.

THE NEW SENATOR.

Sen. Palmer received a magnificent ovation from his neighbors, and fellow-citizens in Detroit. Time will tell the wisdom of his election. We shall watch and see. While many would have preferred Mr. Willits, Sen. Palmer was the second choice of the great majority. He is recognized as a man of brains, an orator, combining business and literary qualifications and possessing the materal for a senator of national reputation. Never had a man a more golden opportunity. Stranded political wrecks teach him that success lies in believing in and trusting to the people. The busy and active support of Federal office holders repels and ruins a man with the people. Adhere strictly to civil service reform. Sen. Manderson recently elected by the Nebraska legislature nobly says:

I believe there is something higher and nobler in the position of a Senator of the United States than that of being the simple medium through which the patronage of this Government shall be dispensed. That is a part of the duty, perhaps, but I look upon it as the meanest part. I certainly do not desire that this high office should become a mere broker shop for the distribution of offices. I see something higher than that, and I will set my aim higher.

Now then Senator, you have your lesson, learned in the very fact of your election. Stick to it and all is well. "Aim higher."

No end to pensions it seems, congress before adjournment voted $2,000,000 more.

The Port of Detroit will be benefited by the retention of Col. Bell until December and probably for another term.

The N. Y. Tribune goes for a pernicious habit and one that our Michigan legislators are trying to get into. It is thorough and practically dishonest. These men are under pay and they have no right to defraud the people.

Congress has adjourned and the people are glad. But on the whole this session has been productive in large and many happy results. Reduction of tariff rates. The Pendleton Civil Service Bill. Reduction of letter postage to two cents. Defeat of another Harbor Bill. Pretty much all in face of Democratic opposition.

The demoralization of congress is shown in the case of Carlisle. The fact that a man of his ability should permit himself to be disgraced by drink is appalling. We quote from an exchange:

Absolutely incorruptible, too able to be defeated by parliamentary tactics, too cool to be provoked into any personalties, and too industrious and attentive to duties to be caught out of the house, they decended to the despicable trick of getting him intoxicated. He was invited out to dinner, and 'tis said his liquor was drugged.

If he had been a temperance man he would not have been drugged.

The Democrats or fusionists may be counted on every time to go the Republicans one better in blundering. Had they nominated L. D. Norris, as was expected, or Wm. A. Moore for regent, they might have counted on their election. Three weeks ago we gave the combination from 5,000 to 10,000 majority. Now as much or more behind. Their ticket nominated at Lansing is, Justice of the Supreme Court (full term), John W. Champlin. Justice of the Supreme Court (to fill vacancy), Thomas R. Sherwood. Regents of the University, Arthur M. Clark, Charles J. Willett.

As far as practicable, it is the child himself who ought to draw the rules and moral laws from the facts which contain them, as the fruit contains the seed; and this is not so difficult as it appears. A reading finished, a story related, the teacher by means of questions invites the judgment of the child on the actions of this or that character who has figured in the recital; rarely does the child err as to the moral value of the actions submitted to his consideration. The teacher then asks the child if he would pronounce a similar judgment on all men who should act in the same way, and thus leads him to generalize his decision, that is, to formulate a principle, a rule. The child thus becomes his own legislator; he has himself discovered the law; having made it he understands it, and he obeys it more willingly because it has imposed itself upon his reason instead of being imposed upon his will.

WILLITS' POPULARITY.

At Saginaw, we made it our special business to voice the sentiment for Senator. We enquired of delegates who make no claims to being politicians. We found at least nine out of ten in favor of Mr. Willits—parties scattered from St. Joe. to the pines of the Saginaws. One of the most marked expressions was given by a delegate from Eaton county. His representative requested the delegation, which had stopped over at Lansing on their way to Saginaw, to express their views by a ballot. Not one of the party knew how any other one was going to vote. On counting the ballots, *every one* of them was for Willits. And yet this legislator kept right on voting for Stockbridge. This explains why his popularity with the people was of no avail in the Legislature.

From the Courier.

The deed is done. Thomas W. Palmer is elected United States Senator. We don't like it. But as we don't know of any way to help ourselves we are going to stand it like men.

Dr. J. M. Gregory, the Illinois member of the civil service commission, was formerly pastor of the Baptist church of this city, and delivered the last commencement address.

The matter of alleged defalcation of $2100 by ex postmaster Clark has been placed in the hands of a government post office official who has gone to St. Lawrence, Da., to see what Mr. Clark proposes to do about it.

Mrs. J. M. Forsyth, who procured a divorce from her husband, an exjustice of Ypsilanti, about one year ago, was taken to the Pontiac asylum for insane on Monday, by order of Judge Harriman, and whose insanity was certified by Drs. Pattison of Ypsilanti and Allen of this city.

Of three men closing out their business because trade has not been satisfactory, two have not advertised at all, and the third but little. Herein is a lesson which ought to be profitable to those remaining, for, such of our tradesmen as have judiciously used the columns of reputable and well established newspapers have prospered and consequently made money.

The proprietor of the Courier will wager a year's subscription to this paper that no woman in the county can make better lemonade than Mrs. Joe T. Jacobs. The other day while confined to the house and wishing for a glass of that refreshing beverage, he no sooner had ordered some than a pitcher of it was brought to the door which had been kindly sent by Mrs. J. Nothing of the kind was ever better njoyed.

Mr. W. O. Brown, Ludington, Mich., says: "I recommend Brown's Iron Bitters as a true tonic. I have used it with satisfaction."

COUNCIL PROCEEDINGS.

REGULAR MEETING.

MONDAY EVENING, Mar. 5th, 1883.

Council met.

Mayor in the chair.

Roll called. Absent Ald. Roys, Stephenson, and Terns.

PETITIONS.

To the Hon. the Mayor & Common Council of the city of Ypsilanti.

Whereas we the undersigned believe that it is a pcblic benefit to have telegrams delivered as speedily as possible,

Whereas we think the most expeditious way for any messenger to deliver them is by the use of a velocipede. Therefor we earnestly petition your Honorable Body that "An Ordinance to amend Sec. 3 of an Ordinance entitled "An Ordinance relative to the use of streets and alleys, approved Mar. 14, '82, and amended Jan'y 8, '83, be amended by adding thereto, Provided however, that the provisions of this section shall not apply to any Messenger of the Western Union Telegraph Co using a velocipede to deliver messages of said company in and about said City.

Feb. 20, 1883.

Frank Joslyn,	F. H. K——
P. Case,	G. E. Crane,
S. W. Schimmel,	Wm. Anderson,
Jas. H. McKinstry,	H. M. Curtis,
John H. Fox,	S. S. Clark,
W. H. Hawkins,	C. S. Wortley & Bro.,
S. J. Vail,	E. Samson,
Frank Smith,	C. E. Rexford,
W. H. Wanzer,	Frank ——
J. M. Chidister,	W. A. Robison,
D. B. Rorison,	F. A. Cutler,
W. R. Davis,	Jno. G. Haven,
A. Williams & Co.,	C. M. Harris,
Geo. McElcheran,	W. H. Hull,
C. L. Yost,	B. Spencer,
John W. Wise,	A. W. Harrington,
Thomas Neat,	W. L——
C. H. Cady,	C. F. Neal,
C. P. McKinstry,	F. K. Owen,
Clark Cornwell,	A. J. Springstead,
Geo. Brown,	J. C. Demosh,
J. N. Howland,	James CeCoy,
J. H. Manning,	Geo. Pony,
Barnum & Earl,	I. N. Elwood,
D. Putnam,	P. M. Skinner,
William Hay,	Frank N. Todd,
Frank Kitteil,	A. Worden,
John A. Wilson,	C. Simmons,
Toods Deed & Sons,	Hewitt & Champion,
L. Z. Fooster,	Arthur R. Fletcher,
C. F. R Bellows,	E. P. Allice, (let the boy ride.)
Deubel & Co.,	

Motion by Ald. Follmer:

To lay the petition on the tabbe.

Carried.

REPORTS OF OFFICERS.

From D. C. Griffin J. P.

Amount of fines collected during the month of February.

Accepted and filed.

REPORTS OF COMMITTEES.

The undersigned, to whom were referred the bills of Dr. A. F. Kinne, for medical attendence in the cases of Skinner, Smith and Hunt, beg respectfully to report, that in the case of Mr. Skinner they find nothing to warrant the city in paying his bills for medical attendance. He is in steady employment, and never considered himself under the class of a city pauper. The services were not ordered by any person having authority to do so, but were undertaken voluntarily by Dr. Kinne, and if he made a bad bill, the city are no more authorized to pay it, than they are to assume the bad debts of any grocery keeper. Dr. Kinne states that "the City Physician refused to give medical attendance." This is in part true, but he most emphatically denies having done so in an official character. If he imagined the city would have paid his bill, *he would have gone*, but he never considered a man in good steady employment, as coming under the head of a city charge, and who would be very indignant if classed as such even if he does not pay his bills.—In the case of Smith, the committee find that the operation was not made by Dr. Kinne at all, but by Dr. Owen, who had long been the medical attendant of the family, who says the family always paid the bills they made, and never considered themselves as city charges. No person instructed Dr. Kinne to asume charge of the case, or to do so in the interest of the city, and therefore we do not consider him entitled to receive compensation at its hands.—In the case of Hunt, he DID receive instructions from the Superintendent of the Poor, and we recommen its payment.

We would respectfully recommend that no bills for medical services be allowed, unless ordered and requested by the Superintendent of the Poor, or the Alderman of the ward, and that too, previous to the rendering of such medical services.

O. G. LARUE, City Supt. Poor,
EDWARD BATWELL, M. D., Health officer.

Report accepted and filed.

CARPETS
JUST RECEIVED.

The Largest And Most Complete Line Ever Exhibited in Washtenaw County.

Ingrain Carpets from 25 Cts. per yard, upward.
Brussels Carpets from 75 Cts. per yard, upward.

Call and see them before you purchase.

F. K. REXFORD,

Congress St. t june. **Ypsilanti, Mich.**

From committee on Street Lights.

Following bills correct:

C. C. Bloomfield & Co.,	$32 10
C. Lang,	6 00

Report accepted.

CLAIMS AND ACCOUNTS.

C. C. Bloomfield, Gasoline	$32 10
C. Lang, Repairs	6 00
A. H. Goldsmith, Street work	59 44

Voted from Contingent Fund.

Ayes 7, Nays 0.

O. G. LaRue Wood	40 75
McElcheran & McAndrews, Burials	13 00

Voted from Poor Fund.

Ayes 7: nays 0.

MOTIONS AND RESOLUTIONS.

By Ald. Deubel.

RESOLVED, that an order be drawn on the Contingent Fund, in favor of the City Treasurer for $127.06, being the amount of unpaid July Taxes, for the year 1882.

Adopted.

Ayes 7; nays 0.

By Ald. Campaign.

RESOLVED, That the coming election on the 2nd day of April next, be held at the following places, to-wit:

First Ward, at Engine House, on Huron Street,
Second Ward, at J. E. Bassett's shop, on Washington Street,
Third Ward, at Council Hall, on Cross Street'
Fourth Ward, at Geo. E. Whitmore's office, on Cross Street,
Fifth Ward, at Schade's Hotel, on Congress Street,

And that the city clerk is hereby instructed to cause the legal notices to be given.

Adopted.

Council adjourned to meet Monday evening, March 19th, 1883 at 7 o'clock.

P. W. CARPENTER, City Clerk.

BOARD OF REGISTRATION.

MONDAY EVENING, Mar. 5th, 1883.

Board met.

Ald. Hinckley in the chair.

Quorum being present,

Ald. Neat offered the following resolution:

RESOLVED, That the Board of Registration, for the several wards, meet on Saturday, the 31st day of March, at the following places, viz:

First Ward, at Engine House, on Huron Street,
Second Ward, at J. J. Stephenson's Photograph Gallery Arcade Block, on Huron Street,
Third Ward, at Council Hall, on Cross Street,
Fourth Ward, at Geo. E. Whitmore's office, on Cross Street,
Fifth Ward, at Schade's Hotel, on Congress Street,

And continue in session from eight o'clock, A. M., to eight o'clock, P. M., for the purpose of allowing all unregistered persons, entitled to vote at the coming election, to register their names, and the city clerk is hereby instructed to give the notices, required by law to be given.

Adopted.

On motion, Board of Registration adjourned.

P. W. CARPENTER, City Clerk.

"ROUGH ON RATS."

The thing desired found at last. Ask Druggists for "Rough on Rats." It clears out rats, mice, roaches, flies, bed-bugs. 15c. boxes. 987-4w

For the treatment of Catarrh, Cold in the Head, Catarrhal Deafness and Hay Fever we call particular attention to a valuable remedy, Ely's Cream Balm. We hear the most favorable reports of its curative effects. We would strongly recommend this discovery to our patrons, being fully convinced it will please in every case. DAN. C. MESEROLL, Druggist, Jackson, Mich. 989-2w.

No member of congress will retire on the 4th of March, leaving a more useful and honorable congressional record than Edwin Willits of this district.—*Hillsdale Standard.*

Nearer to Nature.

Nature has made her laws with us, which we must obey or suffer the penalty. This penalty is often lung or throat trouble, which leads to consumption. Every man believes consumption incurable. People have been educated to this belief which is proven incorrect by Dr. Bigelow's Positive Cure, which is nature's great helpmate, and it cures consumption and all throat and lung diseases speedily and permanently. Trial bottles free, of Frank Smith. 3

The Hon. C. D McDougall of Auburn N. Y., says that he has used BURRILL'S COMPOUND CHERRY BALSAM for the past five years and finds it to be the best remedy for coughs, colds and sore throat, ever used. Sold by J. B. Lemley. 6

PILES! PILES!! PILES!!!

A sure cure for Blind, Bleeding, Itching and Ulcerated Piles, has been discovered by Dr. William (an Indian remedy), called DR. WILLIAM'S INDIAN OINTMENT. A single box has cured the worst chronic cases of twenty-five years' standing. No one need suffer five minutes after applying this wonderful soothing medicine. Lotions and instruments do more harm than good. William's Ointment absorbs the tumors, allays the intense itching, (particularly at night after getting warm in bed), acts as a poultice, gives instant and painless relief, and is prepared only for Piles, itching of the private parts, and for nothing else.

For sale by all druggists and mailed on receipt of price, $1.00. Sold by A. D. Morford, Ypsilanti Mich.

A SURE CURE FOR SKIN DISEASES,

By DR. FRAZIER'S MAGIC OINTMENT. Cures as if by magic: Pimples, Black Heads or Grubs, Blotches, and Eruptions on the Face, leaving the skin clear, healthy and beautiful. Also cures Itch, Salt Rheum, Sore Nipples, Sore Lips, Old, Obstinate Ulcers and Sores, etc.

Sold by all druggists and mailed on receipt of price, 50 cents. Sold at Ypsilanti by A. D. Morford.

NERVOUS DEBILITY.

When all other remedies fail, DR. FRAZIER'S ROOT BITTERS will cure General Debility, Loss of Appetite, Dyspepsia, and all diseases arising from a Disordered Stomach, Liver and Kidneys.

Sold by A. D. Morford, Ypsilanty Mich.

The genuine SARATOGA HIGH ROCK SPRING WATER, For sale by all Druggists, by the dozen, bottle, or gallon. Address all orders to the High Rock Spring Co., Saratoga Springs, N. Y. Sold by A. D. Morford, druggist, Ypsilanti Mich.

973-12 mo.

Special Notices.

FARM FOR SALE!

Wishing to engage in other business, I offer my farm for sale, situated about madway between Ypsilanti and Ann Arbor and one-half mile from Geddes Station. Eighty acres, Soil variable from Sand to Clay Loam, Good Buildings, Twenty-five acres in Apple Orchard just coming into full bearing. Income from fruit the past four seasons **$500.**

Address, **Wm. H. Randall,**
990-4w Box 973, **Ypsilanti.**

FOR YOUR PUMPS!

For Pump Repairs, Well or Cistern, don't go by my Shop, basement of John Boyce's Shoe Store, on Huron St.

Ypsilanti, March 3, 1883.

D. W. ROGERS.

FARM FOR SALE.

The undersigned offers an **80** Acre **Farm**, 3 miles South of Ypsilanti at a bargain.

The buildings and fences are in good repair, House nearly new, large Orchard in good Bearing Condition, Living Water, Good Wells and Cistern, Soil varied and under a good state of Cultivation. About **6** Acres of choice Timber and the balance **Improved.** About **18** acres of Wheat on the ground to be sold with the Farm. Title perfect **Possession given at any Time.** Terms easy. **M. S. HALL,** Administrator.

Box **680**, Ypsilanti Mich. 988-4w.

NOTICE!

Duties at the University of Michigan, at Ann Arbor, will require my absence from my Office every afternoon except Saturdays, until the first of April,

—OR—

in other words, I shall be **in my Office** and ready for my Patients **every** forenoon and **all day** on Saturdays.

J. A. WATLING, Dentist.

☞OFFICE opposite the Episcopal Church.

FOR SALE!

The **Residence** of **F. H. Pease,** Corner of Washington and Pearl Streets. For Farther Information Enquire at the Store of

F. K. REXFORD.

FOUND!

On or About Some Time Since, by the Ladies of Ypsilanti and Vicinity, that **L. MILLER,** at the **Depot,** Just this side of Haskin's Bakery, can Repair their Fine Shoes, so as to Delight the most Exacting. All kinds of Repairing Neatly Done.

L. MILLER.

DR. RUTH A. FRENCH

Has located in DETROIT, No. 16, Columbia St. East, but will see Patients in YPSILANTI, at the Residence of **Mrs. E. N. Follett** near the Depot, every **Saturday,** from **1** to **3** p. m.

BELLE WARNER M. D., Successor to Ruth A. French, M. D., Residence and Office opposite Post Office. Office hours from **2** to **4** o'clock P. M. Calls promptly responded to Special attention given to Obstetrics Diseases of Women and Children. 957-1-yr.

Ypsilanti Michigan, July 17th, 1882.

DARWIN C. GRIFFEN, Attorney and Counsellor at Law, and General Insurance Agent. Negotiations made and loans effected on mortgages and other securities **Office** in VanTuyl Block (first floor), Huron street Ypsilanti, Mich. to 1010

HEMPHILL, BATCHELDER & CO., BANKERS, corner of Congress and Huron streets, Ypsilanti. 936

A RARE CHANCE.

The undersigned offers his

FARM FOR SALE.

Said Farm consists of about **275** acres of Arable Land, about

160 Acres Improved.

It is located on sections 1, 2, and 12, in the township of Dexter, on the stage road between Dexter and Pinckney, about five miles from each place. The place is in a

High State of Cultivation,

well fenced and watered, and particularly well adapted to raising

Stock of Any Description.

Upwards of 80 acres of wheat in.

Barns with Basements,

nearly new, and capable of stabling 40 to 50 head of cattle, and 200 head of sheep.

A portion of the land is particularly well adapted to

Peach Growing.

There are now nearly 2,000 trees on the place, two years old, just commencing to bear. The farm is in SPLENDID SHAPE for anyone to take hold of and

Make Money.

My only reason for selling is that I have not time to attend to it.

☞One-fourth or one-third down. Long Time on the remainder.

987-6w. THOMAS BIRKETT.
BIRKETT, Washtenaw Co., Michi.

MEDICATION BY ABSORPTION.

No Medicine by the Stomach.

No. 1—Constipation, Piles, Liver Diseases. 1 to 3 boxes cures. **$1.25** per box, 3 for **$3.**
No. 2—Sleeplessness, Nervous Excitement, Effects of Intemperance. 1 box cures. **$1** per box.
No. 3—Epilepsy, Hysteria, Nervous Affections. 1 to 3 boxes cures. **$1.25** per box, 3 for **$3.**
No. 4—Spermatorrhœa and Seminal weakness. 3 boxes cures. **$2** per box, 3 for **$5.**
No. 5—Kidneys and Bladder, brickdust deposits. 1 to 3 boxes cures. **$1.25** per box, 3 for **$3.**
No. 6—General Debility, Dyspepsia, Weakness. 1 to 3 boxes cures. **$1.50** per box, 3 for **$5.**
No. 7—Neuralgia, Pain, Coughs, Colds. One box cures. . . . . **$1** per box.
No. 8—Syphilitic, Scrofulous, and Blood Diseases. 3 boxes cures. **$2** per box, 3 for **$5.**
No. 9—Heart Disease, Dropsies, Inflammations. 1 to 3 boxes cures. **$1.25** per box, 3 for **$3.**
No. 10—Impotency and Loss of Natural Vigor. 3 boxes cures. **$2** per box, 3 for **$5.**
No. 11—Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Stricture. One box cures. . **Circulars Free.** . **$2** per box.
No. 12—Leucorrhœa, Female Diseases. 1 to 3 boxes cures. **$1.50** per box, 3 for **$4.**

Mailed on receipt of price. Send 25 cts. for **Guide to Health,** and Pamphlet on Medication by Absorption, the only form that does not debilitate, and save your stomach.

T. WILLIAMS & CO., Pharmacists,
MILWAUKEE, WIS.

ALWAYS THE LOWEST
—AT—
A. WILLIAMS & CO.

If you find goods elsewhere that seem cheap to you, dont fail to see our Immense Stock and you will find them still less. We are about to make

Extensive Changes

So as to give us nearly half as much room again as we now have so that we may add to our already large stock,

More Lines

Of Goods. Will post you in time, Hosts of New Goods already in and more coming all the time.

A. Willams & Co.

NEW LUMBER YARD,
—WHERE YOU CANBUY—
LUMBER, LATH, SHINGLES, ETC.,

Cheaper than any place in the County as we do our own manufacturing.

Parson Bros. Old Stand.

911 **C. H. PARKER.**

CHAS. McCORMICK,

STILL SELLS MEAT

At the Depot,

Notwithstanding the reports circulated by rivals that he has closed his shop.

HE ALSO

UNDERSELLS ALL OTHERS

He also sells HARNESS and HARNESS GOODS of all kinks cheap as the cheapest. Repariing promply done. 900

Health is Wealth!

DR E. C. WEST'S NERVE AND BRAIN TREATMENT, a guaranteed specific for Hysteria, Dizziness, Convulsions, Fits, Nervous Neuralgia, Headache, Nervous Prostration caused by the use of alcohol or tobacco, Wakefulness, Mental Depression, Softening of the Brain resulting in insanity and leading to misery, decay and death, Premature Old Age, Barrenness, Loss of power in either sex, Involuntary Losses and Spermatorrhœa caused by over-exertion of the brain, self-abuse or over-indulgence. Each box contains one month's treatment. $1.00 a box, or six boxes for $5.00, sent by mail prepaid on receipt of price.

WE GUARANTEE SIX BOXES

To cure any case. With each order received by us for six boxes, accompanied with $5.00, we will send the purchaser our written guarantee to refund the money if the treatment does not effect a cure. Guarantees issued only by

GEORGE McDONALD, DRUGGIST,
Kalamazoo, Mich.
Sole authorized agent for this vicinity.

DEAN GODFREY & CO.

Painters
—AND—
Decorators,

167 & 169 Griswold St.
DETROIT.

Fine Paper Hangings,
Elegant Ceiling Decorations,
Fine Friezes in all Widths.

A large variety of Room Mouldings and Hooks, Fresco Painting, House Shades and Rollers.

We make a specialty of store shades and will furnish estimates and samples of colors on application. Shades fitted to run from the top or bottom of the window on stationery or travelling rollers. Will furnish opaque shading to the trade cut to measure.

982-1-yr.

PROBATE ORDER.
Estate of Henry Davidson.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, COUNTY OF WASHTENAW, SS.

At a session of the Probate Court for the County of Washtenaw, holden at the Probate Office, in the City of Ann Arbor, on Saturday the twenty-fourth day of February in the year one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three.

Present, William D. Harriman, Judge of Probate.

In the matter of the estate of Henry Davidson, deceased.

On reading and filing the petition, duly vertified of John Boyce praying that a certain instrument now on file in this court purporting to be the last will and testament of said deceased, may be admitted to probate, and that he may be appointed executor thereof.

Thereupon it is ordered, that Monday the twenty-sixth day of March next, at ten o'clock in the forenoor, be assigned for the hearing of said petition, and that the devisees, legatees and heirs at law of said deceased and all other persons interested in said estate, are required to appear at a session of said Court, then to be holden at the Probate Office, in the city of Ann Arbor, in said connty, and show cause, if any there be, why the said account should not be allowed. And it is further ordered that said executor give notice to the persons interested in said estate, of the pendency of said account, and the hearing thereof, by causing a copy of this order to be published in the YPSILANTI COMMERCIAL a newspaper printed and circulating in said county, three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing. 989

WILLIAM D. HARRIMAN,
(A true copy.) Judge of Probate.

Read This.

LUDINGTON, MICH., Sept. 22, 1880.

MR. STEKETEE:

Dear Sir.—I have thoroughly tried your "Worm Destroyer," and think it the best remedy for Worms known. I have tried numberless other remedies for our three-year-old daughter with no benefit. She was failing so fast her condition became alarming. Having noticed your advertisement, I immediately purchased a bottle of your "Worm Destroyer." A few doses improved her health, and a few more restored her to her natural healthy condition. All symptoms of spasms have completely disappeared. I should feel unsafe without the medicine in the house. I have no objections to your using my name for reference, as I am glad to inform frightened mothers of so good a remedy.

Yours respectfully, MRS. C. P. LUDWIG

Sent on receipt of 25 cents in stamps.

Address **George G. Steketee,**
Grand Rapids, Mich.

Ask your Druggist for it. 988-3m.

RANDALL'S
NEW
Photographic Establishment,

Cor. Williams St. and Madison Ave., opposite East Grand Circus Park, Detroit.

☞**Reduced Rates** to Clubs of 10 or over. 970-1y.

Detroit, Mackinac & Marquette R. R.

JANUARY 15th, 1883.

Pioneer East and West Line through the Upper Peninsula of Michigan.

240 Miles Shorter Between all eastern and northwestern points via Detroit, and

311 Miles Shorter via Port Huron to Montreal and all points in Canada, &c.

EAST.	STATIONS.	WEST.
9 15 A. M.	L. ---- Marquette, ------ A.	4 20 P. M.
10 41 "	---------Onota, ---------	3 18 "
11 20 "	---------Au Train, ---------	2 45 "
12 10 P. M.	---------Munising, ---------	2 00 "
2 20 "	---------Seney, ---------	12 15 "
3 25 "	---------McMillan, ---------	11 15 A. M.
3 30 "	---------Dollarville, ---------	10 59 "
3 25 "	---------Newberry, ---------	10 30 "
7 00 "	A ------St. Ignace, ------ L.	7 30 "
	Via M. C. R. R.	
7 10 A. M.	---------Bay City---------	9 45 P. M.
8 57 "	------Lapeer Junct------	7 21 "
10 35 "	-------Port Huron, -------	4 15 "
7 58 "	------Saginaw City------	8 30 "
10 25 "	---------Lansing ---------	5 35 "
11 15 "	---------Jackson, ---------	4 15 "
11 25 "	--------- Detroit, ---------	5 00 "
	Via G. R. & I. R. R.	
1 00 P. M.	------Grand Rapids------	5 15 "
2 57 "	--------Kalamazoo -------	2 25 "

Connections are made at ST. IGNACE with:

The Michigan Central Railroad for Detroit and all points in Michigan and is the east, south and southeast. Trains leave Mackinac City 8:30 a. m. & 9:30 p. m.

The Grand Rapids & Indiana R. R for Grand Rapids, Fort Wayne and the South and East. Leaving Mackinac City at 9:50 p. m.

Connections made at MARQUETTE with:

The Marquette, Houghton & Ontonagon Railroad for the Iron and Copper Districts.

Through tickets on sale at Marquette and St. Ignace and at all points in the northern Peninsula. Also tickets to European ports by all principal lines at Gen'l Pass. Agent's office.

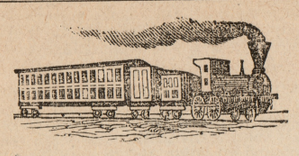
For Information as to passenger and freight rates, apply to office of General Freight and Passenger Agent.

Trains daily except Sunday.

D. McCOOL, Gen'l Superintendent, Marquette, Mich.
FRANK MILLIGAN, Gen'l Frt. & Pass Ag't, Marquette, Mich.

984

$5 to $20 per day at home. Samples worth $5 free. Address STINSON & Co, Portland, Maine.



TRAVELLERS' GUIDE.

MICHIGAN CENTRAL RAILROAD.

TIME TABLE, FEBRUARY 18, 1883.

GOING WEST.

STATIONS.	* Mail.	* Day Express	*Jackson Express	*G'd Rap. and Kal. Exp.	Evening Express (Ex. Sat.)	Pacific Express (Daily)
	A.M.	A.M.	P M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.
Detroit---Lv	7 00	9 35	5 55	4 05	8 00	9 50
Wayne Junc	7 55	10 24	6 42	4 46	8 45	10 40
Ypsilanti ---	8 23	10 48	7 05	5 05	9 08	11 02
Ann Arbor--	8 45	11 00	7 24	5 22	9 25	11 17
Chelsea ----	9 25	-----	8 05	5 52	10 00	----
JacksonJunc	10 10	P.M.	8 55			A.M.
Jackson ----	10 20	12 15	9 00	6 55	11 05	12 45
	P.M.				A.M.	
Chicago--Ar.	6 50	7 40		----	7 30	8 00

GOING EAST.

STATIONS.	* Mail.	* Day Express	*Jackson Accomo.	*Gr. R. & D. Expr's	†Atlantic Express	Night Express except Sat
	A.M.	A.M.	P.M.	A. M.	P.M.	P.M.
Chicago--Lv	6 45	9 00	-----	----	5 15	9 10
	P.M.	P.M.	A.M.		A.M.	A.M.
Jackson-----	3 05	4 05	7 05	9 30	12 40	5 00
Chelsea-----	3 58	-----	7 50	10 07	----	5 50
Ann Arbor--	4 37	5 07	8 25	10 34	2 04	6 25
Ypsilanti----	4 55	5 23	8 43	10 48	2 20	6 41
Wayne Junc	5 20	5 45	9 08	11 08	2 44	7 05
Detroit---Ar	6 15	6 30	10 00	11 50	3 35	8 00

New York Express, leaves Chicago, (daily), at 3-30 p. m.; Jackson 9-28; Ypsilanti, 10-41; Detroit, 11-40.

The Local Pass'ger leaves Detroit at 4-00 a. m, (Except Sundays), reaches Ypsilanti at 5-05, Ann Arbor 5-19. Jackson 7-02 and Chicago 2-50 p. m.

*Sunday excepted. † Daily.

H. B. LEDYARD, *Gen. Manager, Detroit.*
O. G. RUGGLES, *G. P. & T. A., Chicago*

LAKE SHORE AND MICHIGAN SOUTHERN RAILROAD—YPSILANTI BRANCH

FROM YPSILANTI.						TO YPSILANTI
	Way Ft.	Ex & Mail.	STATIONS.	Ex & Mail.	Way Ft.	
	A.M.	A.M.	Leave. Arrive.	P.M.	P. M.	
	7 00	9 15	----Ypsilanti---	5 55	5 15	
	7 25	9 34	----Pittsfield---	5 39	4 40	
	7 55	9 45	-----Saline-----	5 29	4 10	
	10 23	10 23	-- Manchester --	4 55	2 50	
P.M.	3 15	12 05	--- Hillsdale----	3 25	8 30	A.M.
	-----	8 00	Ar Chicago Dp	7 55	A.M.	
	-----	5 35	Ar Toledo Dp	10 50	-----	
	-----	10 10	Ar Cleveland Dp	7 00	-----	
A.M.	-----	3 55	Ar Buffalo Dp	12 45	-----	

Trains run by Columbus time,

Way Freight from Ypsilanti will run Mondays Wednesdays and Fridays.

Way Freight to Ypsilanti will run Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.

All other trains run daily except Sunday.

COUNTY NEWS.

STONY CREEK.

The following is a list of the pupils in the Redner school whose average standing for the past month has not been less than 90:

Will Turner,	Charles Ward,
Clarence Soles,	Mrrtha Ward,
Alfred Davis,	Alice "
Clarence "	Virgil "
Hortie "	Heneretta "
Frank "	Edwin Miller,
Winnie Ambrose,	Grant Miller,
Emma Knox,	Fred Duglass,
Sidney Ashton,	Richard Hopson,
Ebin Ashton'	Florry Brown.

ADDIE GILMORE, teacher.

NEWCOMB ITEMS.

Scarlet fever is prevaling here to some extent. George Allen has a very sick child the others are slowly improving.

Orval Hawks, a son in law of Josiah Childs, whose wife died in November last, is now a raving maniac. Steps are being taken to have him placed in the Asylum. Trouble is no doubt the cause.

The family of James Kelly of Ypsilanti Town, has, also, been afflicted with scarlet fever, and a little one of five months has gone to its home above. Mrs. K. and the other children are getting well.

Andrew Campbell's lecture is postponed until Tuesday, March 27. This lecture is to be given to the Grange, and we think it is to be public. The people here are generly satisfied with the election of Mr. Palmer for U. S. Senator. But Willits is and was the choice. Why is it, that the peoples' government will not let the people rule? Mr. Palmer may do, but he is only a wheel within a wheel, Mr. Willits is a man of the people and for the people.

Mr. A. M. Darlings pleasant home has been turned to one of sorrow and sadness, two sweet, bright, lovely boys have passed to the home of the blessed. Little Lee was a lovely child of three summers, a child that had a warm place in the hearts of all who knew him, and will be missed by many, but by none as by the household of which he was a dearly beloved member. Little Asa, the baby boy of fourteen months, is laid by his brother's side, and is sharing with him the joys of that world where death and sorrow never enters, while the almost heart broken parents are looking by faith to the time when they shall be united again with their loved ones. The bereaved family have the sympathy of all.

WILLIS STATION.

Passed to spirit life, from the residence of Asa M. and Naome Darling, of scarlet fever, on Sunday Feb. 25, through the pearly gates, that were left ajar to receive his beautiful spirit, little Lee, their darling child of three summers.

Friday morning March 2d, The pale messenger again entered the home of Asa M. and Naome Darling and took from the arms of a fond mother her wee boy, bright jewell of a mother's deathless love. The empty crib, the little dress, and the tiny shoes and baby toys are laid away, sad reminders, of its sweet young life. The lullaby song is hushed, and sorrow, deep, and all pervading, has taken possession of their bleeding hearts, but they are not without hope for the mother can truely say:

Fair as a sunbeam was our child,
That death has called away;
Its radience filled our happy home,
So pure it could not stay.

It lived awhile to cheer our lot,
To fill our hearts with glee,
But soon its fragrance did depart
Why was it torn from me?

Its little form lies stiff and cold,
It answers not my cry,
A Flower so rare, so full of sweets
Why was it doomed to die?

A thorn was planted in its flesh,
It pierced the budding Rose,
And where its prattle once was heard
Is silence and repose.

In yonder grave-yard sleeps its form,
Beside the form of Lee;
The spirit of my lovely babe
Is safe, oh God with thee.

S. P. BALLARD.

From the Democrat.

The handsomest delegate in attendance at the Republican county convention was C. R. Pattison, of Ypsilanti.

If the youthful Editor of the Democrat had been a delegate, he would have taken the palm.

On one of our streets is a double house. In one side of the house lives a sewing machine agent. In the other side another man of the same business moved the other day, but the first tenant perceiving that in moving in, the new neighbor had no machine and not knowing his business, he was not long in calling around and attempting to sell him one. After hearing the agent talk a while he paralysed him by informing him that he too was in that business. The joke was too good to keep.

IS THE COURT HOUSE HAUNTED?

It is a fact not generally known to the public, but for a long time whispered among the occupants of the court house, that strange sights and sounds have been repeatedly seen and heard in and about the building, in the night time, by the county officials and janitor. Before the house was fully completed Jeff Davis had some experiences there which were

WRITTEN UP

In the Democrat at the time; and, although somewhat overdrawn, the story had a basis of truth, as two or three persons in this city well understand. They have, however, good reasons for *not wishing to be known in the matter.*

The present janitor, Tunis Horton, has also had some curious experiences in the building, although he is very reticent and declines to talk much upon the subject. The first peculiar circumstance noticed by him was a "creaking noise" in the keyholes of the doors, as if the keys were being turned in the locks. At other times, after the janitor and his familv had retired for the night, the doors in the offices above would suddenly open and then shut with a slam. Once or twice he has gone up stairs, after hearing these noises, and found the doors all safely locked, and everything

SILENT AND STILL,

Except the lonely whistling of the wind through the leafless trees outside. On the left hand side of the door that leads into the janitor's room, on the inside, is a nail, on which he hangs, at night, the bunch of keys which unlock the doors of the building. Some two weeks ago, about midnight, the janitor heard a noise, as if some one was shaking these keys, or unsuccessfully attempting to take them off the nail. Quickly getting out of bed he crept to the door, and looking into the room where the keys hung he saw a circle of pale white light, about six inches in diameter, around the keys, and in the center a

SMALL WHITE HAND,

In the act of shaking them. As he stood there, astounded at the curious phenomena, the clock in the court house tower struck one, and immediately the light and the hand vanished. Silently the janitor stole back to bed, but it is unnecessary to state that he slept no more that night. Less than one week ago something occurred

MORE ASTONISHING

Than anything experienced by Jeff Davis while he occupied the building About two o'clock in the morning the janitor experienced a sensation or motion in the air of his room, which lead him to believe that some of the outer doors in the basement were open. He immediately got up, put on his clothes, and stepped out into the main corridor of the lower story; and the

SPECTRE OR SPECTACLE

Which there met the gaze of the now thoroughly frightened and trembling janitor will never be effaced from his memory. In the further end of the long dark hall which leads to the office of the Washtenaw mutual insurance company, could be distinctly seen, in a sort of twilight, the lower portion of a man, clothed in striped pants, with coarse shoes, made of crocodile skin. The body seemed to be cut off

SQUARE AT THE WAIST,

And supported a checker board, which seemed brilliantly lighted. The men upon the board were moving rappidly, without any apparent cause, as if a game was being played, when suddenly a large

SKINNY HAND

Emerged from the darkness and shuffled the men into a pile, upon one end of the board. For a moment there was a trembling flicker of the light and then the spectre vanished. As the light disappeared there was a thud, as if a brick had dropped from above upon the paved floor of the hall. The janitor returned to his room, but not to his bed again that night. In the morning he found upon the spot occupied by the spectacle

A CURIOUS FOSSIL,

Which is now in the possession of the county clerk. The janitor had hoped to keep these facts from his family, already a little nervous about the curious noises they have heard in the building; but as all the circumstances have been learned by a correspondent of one of the Detroit papers, and are soon to be published in that city, we thought the Democrat might better get the start and give them to the public at once.

Mr. Alexander Johnson, Muskegon, Mich., says: "I consider Brown's Iron Bitters the best medicine I have ever taken. It restored me to health."

☞For one dime get a package of Diamond Dyes at the Druggist's. They color anything the simplest and most desirable colors.

The struggle was long and hard, but from the hour when Christ died began the death knell to every Satanic tyranny and every tolerated abomination. From that hour Holiness became the universal ideal of all who name the name of Christ as their Lord, and the attainment of that ideal the common heritage of souls in which His Spirit dwells.

Was afflicted with Catarrh and cold in the Head. I tried many remedies without any beneficial effects, at last I used Ely's Cream Balm, which effectually cured me. W. H. I. HILLARD, Dentist, Bordentown, N. J. 989-2w.

A Public Duty.

We are not in the habit of puffing any sort of patent medicines in our colums, for the business of a newspaper is to let people know what is going on in the world, and not to lend aid to what may be an imposition. But we happen to know Dr. David Kennedy, of Rondout, N. Y., and can personally testify to the excellence of the medicine which the Doctor calls "Favorite Remedy." For diseases of the Blood, Kidneys and Bowels it has no equal. We would not be without it for five times the dollar that it costs.—*Daily Times.* 989-2w

SKINNY MEN.

Well's Health Renewer. Absolute cure for nervous debility and weakness of the generative functions. $1. at druggists. Mich. Depot, JAMES E. DAVIS & CO., Detroit, Mich. 987-4w

You can't destroy a man's appetite for strong drink by law. Neither can you destroy a man's appetite or desire to cheat, steal, rob or murder by law. But the penalties of the law does to a great extent control the will and actions of a man.

ON THIRYT DAYS' TRIAL.

THE VOLTAIC BELT CO., Marshall Mich., will send Dr. Dye's Celebrated Electro-Voltaic Belts and Electric Appliances on trial for thirty days to men (young or old) who are afflicted with nervous debility, lost vitality and kindred troubles, guaranteeing speedy and complete restoration of health and manly vigor. Address as above.—N. B. —No risk is incurred, as thirty days' trial is allowed. 979-1yr

THE REV. GEO. THAYER, Bourbon, Ind., says: "Both myself and wife owe our lives to SHILOH'S CONSUMPTION CURE." Sold by Ingram.

ARE YOU MADE miserable by Indigestion, Constipation, Dizziness, Loss of Appetite, Yellow Skin? Shiloh's Vitalizer is a sure cure. Sold by Ingram.

WHY WILL YOU cough when Shiloh's Cure will give immediate relief. Price 10 cts. 50 cts. and $1.00. For sale by Fred F. Ingram.

SHILOH'S CATARRH REMEDY a positive cure for Catarrh, Diphtheria and Canker Mouth. Sold by Fred Ingram.

"HACKMETACK," a lasting and fragrant perfume Price 25 and 50 cents. For sale by Fred Ingram.

SHILOH'S CURE WILL immediately relieve Croup, Whooping cough and Bronchitis. For sale by F. Ingram.

FOR DYSPEPAIA and Liver Complaint, you have a printed guarantee on every bottle of Shiloh's Vitalizer. It never fails to cure. Sold by Ingram.

A NASAL INJECTOR free with each bottle of Shiloh's Catarrh Remedy. Price 50 cents. Forsale by Fred Ingram.

941-1-year-alt.

Always take a cold in time; never let it run, but buy a bottle of BURRILL'S COMPOUND CHERRY BALSAM and be cured. Sold by J. B. Lemley. 5

Rheumatism Positively Cured

in a short time. Write for free 40-page pamphlet on Rheumatism, to R. K. Helphenstine, Druggist, Washington, D. C. 989-8w

TRADE KIDNEY-WORT MARK

IS A SURE CURE
for all diseases of the Kidneys and
LIVER

It has specific action on this most important organ, enabling it to throw off torpidity and inaction, stimulating the healthy secretion of the Bile, and by keeping the bowels in free condition, effecting its regular discharge.

Malaria. If you are suffering from malaria, have the chills, are bilious, dyspeptic, or constipated, Kidney-Wort will surely relieve and quickly cure.

In the Spring to cleanse the System, every one should take a thorough course of it.

4i- SOLD BY DRUGGISTS. Price $1.

KIDNEY-WORT

New Advertisements.

FITS A Leading London Physician establishes an office in New York for the cure of EPILEPTIC FITS. From Am. Journal of Medicine.

Dr. Ad. Meserole (late of London), who makes a specialty of Epilepsy, has without doubt treated and cured more cases than any other living physician. His success has simply been astonishing; we have heard of cases of over 20 years' standing successfully cured by him. He has published a work on this disease, which he sends with a large bottle of his wonderful cure free to any sufferer who may send their express and P. O. Address. We advise any one wishing a cure to address Dr. AD. MESEROLE, No. 96 John St., New York.

THE SUN Everybody Likes It.

THE SUN'S first aim is to be truthful and useful; its second, to write an entertaining history of the times in which we live. It prints, on an average, more than a million copies a week. Its circulation is now larger than ever before. Subscription: DAILY (4 pages), by mail, 55c. a month, or $6.50 a year; SUNDAY (8 pages), 1.20 per year; WEEKLY (8 pages), $1 per year.

I. W. ENGLAND, Publisher, New York City.

DIVORCES.—No publicity; residence of any State. Desertion, Non-Support. Advice and applications for stamp. W. H. LEE, Att'y, 239 B'way, N. Y.

CONSUMPTION.

I have a positive remedy for the above disease; by its use thousands of cases of the worst kind and of long standing have been cured. Indeed, so strong is my faith in its efficacy, that I will send TWO BOTTLES FREE, together with a VALUABLE TREATISE on this disease, to any sufferer. Give Express and P. O. address.

DR. T. A. SLOCUM, 181 Pearl St., New York.

Newspaper Advertising Bureau, 10 Spruce St., N Y. 990-4-w.

FRED BAMFORD & CO.

FRESCO ARTISTS,

Dealers in Fine Wall Papers, Leather Papers, LINCRUSTA, Paper Ceiling Decorations, Store Shades, Decorative Picture Mouldings and Centres. Estimates given and designs submitted for Frescoing and Paper Decorations.

255 Jefferson Ave., DETROIT, Mich. 989- 1y.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.
Estate of Charles Shier.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, COUNTY OF WASHTENAW, SS.

Notice is hereby given, that by an order of the Probate court for the County of Washtenaw, made on the fifth day of March, A. D. 1883, six months from that date were allowed for creditors to present their claims against the estate of Charles Shier, late of said county, deceased, and that all creditors of said deceased are required to present their claims to said Probate Court, at the Probate Office in the city of Ann Arbor, for examination and allowance, on or before the 5th day of September next, and that such claims will be heard before said Court, on Tuesday the fifth day of June and on Wednesday the fifth day of September next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of each of said days.

Dated, Ann Arbor, March 5, A. D. 1883.

WILLIAM D. HARRIMAN,
990 Judge of Probate.

Notice of Chancery Sale.

STATE OF MICHIGAN. The Circuit Court for the County of Washtenaw. In chancery.

Addison Fletcher,
Complainant.
vs.
Jacob W. Vanderwerker,
Sallie L. Vanderwerker,
Andrew Miller,
Judson A. Wilson,
Defendants.

Notice is hereby given, that in pursuance and by virtue of a decree of the Circuit Court, for the County of Washtenaw, in Chancery, made and entered in the above entitled cause, on the tenth day of February, A. D. 1883. I, the subscriber, one of the Circuit Court Commissioners for said County, shall sell at public vendue, to the highest bidder, at the East front door of the Court House, in the City of Ann Arbor, County of Washtenaw, State of Michigan (that being the building in which the Circuit Court for the County of Washtenaw is held) on the fifth day of April, A. D. 1883, at 12 o'clock, noon, of said day, all that certain parcel of land lying and situate in the Township of Augusta, County of Washtenaw and Stste of Michigan, described as follows, viz: The South half of the North half of the South West quarter of Section Sixteen in Townsnip four South of Range Seven East Michigan, together, and which includes all the right, title and equitable interest which the said Jacob W. Vanderwerker and Sallie L. Vanderwerker have in and to the above described land by virtue of two State Primary School land certificates numbered 17102 and 17104 respectively.

Dated February 16th, 1882.

HOWARD STEPHENSON
Circuit Court Commissioner,
Washtenaw County Michigan.

C. R. WHITMAN,
Complainant's Attorney.

THE SURGEON'S KNIFE.

Wonderful Surgical Operation—Removal of Stones from the Bladder—Successful.

Mr. Simeon Tietsell, of Saugerties, N. Y., had been treated for seven years by various physicians for what they call Stricture of the Urethra, without benefit. He finaly consulted Dr. David Kennedy of Rondout, N. Y., who found his trouble to be Urinary Calculi or Stones in the Bladder. The doctor at once removed the foreign bodies with the knife and then gave his great Blood Specific, "Favorite Remedy," to prevent the reformation. The entire treatment was eminently successful, and Mr. Tietsell's recovery was rapid and perfect.

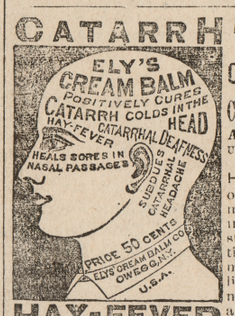
While "Favorite Remedy" is a specific in all Kidney and Bladder diseases, it is equally valuable in cases of Bilious Disorders, Constipation of the Bowels, and all the class of ills apparently inseperable from the constitutions of women. Try it. Your druggist has it, and it costs only one dollar a bottle. The lucky man is he who puts this advice into practice. Don't forget the name and address, Dr. David Kennedy, Rondout, N. Y. The Doctor would have it understood that, while he is engaged in the introduction of his medicine, "Favorite Remedy," he still continues the practice of his profession, but confines himself exclusively to OFFICE practice. He treats all diseases of a chronic character, and performs all the minor and capital operations of surgery. 987-4w

Griggs' Glycerine Salve.

The best on earth can truly be said of Giggs' Glycirine Salve, which is a sure cure for cuts, bruises, scalds, burns, wounds, and all other sores. Will positively cure piles, tetter and all skin eruptions. Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded. Only 25c. For sale by Frank Smith.

948-1 year

CATARRH A POSITIVE CURE



ELY'S CREAM BALM FOR Catarrh & Hay Fever. Agreeable to use. UNEQUALED FOR COLD IN THE HEAD Headache & Deafness, or any kind of mucus membranal irritations, inflamed and rough surfaces. A preparation of undoubted merit. Apply by the little finger into the nostrils. It will be absorbed, effectually cleansing the nasal passages of catarrhal virus, causing healthy secretions. It allays inflammation, protects the membranal linings of the head from additional colds, completely heals the sores and restores sense of taste and smell. Beneficial results are realized by a few applications.

HAY-FEVER

A Thorough Treatment will Cure!

Cream Balm has gained an enviavle reputation wherever known: displacing all other preparations. Send for circular containing full information and reliable testimonials. By mail, prepaid, 50 cents a package—stamps recieved. Sold by all wholesale and retail druggists. ELY'S CREAM BALM CO., Owego, N. Y. 963-1-year.

HOW WATCHES ARE MADE.

In a SOLID GOLD WATCH, aside from the necessary thickness for engraving and polishing, a large proportion of metal is needed only to stiffen and hold the engraved portions in place, and supply strength. The surplus gold is actually needless. In *James Boss' Patent Gold Watch Cases* this WASTE is saved, and SOLIDITY and STRENGTH increased by a simple process, at one-half the cost. A plate of SOLID GOLD is soldered on each side of a plate of hard nickel composition metal, and the three are then passed between polished steel rollers. From this the cases, backs, centers, bezels, etc., are cut and shaped by dies and formers. The gold is thick enough to admit of all kinds of chasing, engraving and engine turning. These cases have been worn perfectly smooth by use without removing the gold. *This is the only case made under this process. Each case is accompanied with a valid guarantee signed by the manufacturers warranting it to wear 20 years.* 150,000 of these Cases now carried in the United States and Canada. Largest and Oldest Factory. Established 1854. Ask your Jeweler.

985-1-yr.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.
Estate of William Clark.

Notice is hereby given, that by an order of the Probate Court for the County of Washtenaw, made on the twentieth day of Febuary, A. D. 1883, six months from that date were allowed for creditors to present their claims against the estate of William Clark, late of said county, deceased, and that all creditors of said deceased are required to present their claims to said Probate Court, at the Probate Office, in the city of Ann Arbor, for examination and allowance, on or before the twentieth day of August next, and that such claims will be heard before said Court, on Monday, the twenty first day of May, and on Monday, the Twentieth day of August next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of each of said days.

Dated, Ann Arbor, February 20, A. D. 1883.

WILLIAM D. HARRIMAN,
988-5w Judge of Probate.
WILLIAM G. DOTY, Probate Register.

PROBATE ORDER.
Estate of Sarah Rorison.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, COUNTY OF WASHTENAW, SS.

At a session of the Probate Court for the County of Washtenaw, holden at the Probate office in the City of Ann Arbor, on Monday the nineteenth day of February in the year one thousand, eight hunderd and eighty-three.

Present William D. Harriman, Judge of Probate.

In the matter of the estate of Sarah Rorison deceased.

On reading and filing the petition, duly verified, of Mathias Clawson praying that a certain instrument now on file in this court purporting to be the last will and testament of said deceased, may be admitted to probate, and that Charles Sweet may be appointed executor, or some other suitable person administrator with the will annexed of said estate.

Thereupon it is Ordered, That Monday, the Nineteenth day of March next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, be assigned for the hearing of said petition, and that the devisees, legatees, and heirs at law of said deceased, and all other persons interested in said estate, are required to appear at a session of said court, then to be holden at the Probate Office in the city of Ann Arbor, in said county, and show cause, if any there be, why the prayer of the petitioner should not be granted.

And it is further ordered that said petitioner give notice to the persons interested in said estate, of the pendency of said petition, and the hearing thereof, by causing a copy of this order to be published in the YPSILANTI COMMERCIAL, a newspaper printed and circulated in said county, three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing.

WILLIAM D. HARRIMAN,
(A true copy,) Judge of Probate.
WILLIAM G. DOTY, Probate Register. 988

S AVING S AYING S

You can Save your **EYES** by purchasing the PERFECT SPECTACLE and EASY FITTING EYE GLASS at Frank Smith's Emporium.

You can save your pictures by taking them to Frank Smith's to be **FRAMED.**

You can save time and trouble by subscribing there for your papers and magazines. Daily Papers delivered in nearly all parts of the city without extra charge. **CLUB PRICES** given on most publications.

You can save a Life even by purchasing your Drugs and Medicines at the Emporium. You will be sure of the Best. All compoundings done with the greatest care by Experienced Hands.

With all the other savings, you will be sure to save money if you go with your list of wants for any of the above and **1001** other articles found, in the greatest variety, always, as the Emporium. And please remember the **NEW** stock of **PAPER HANGINGS** is just beginning to arrive. More beautiful, more cheap and more of it than ever before.

FRANK SMITH'S EMPORIUM.

ALBAN & CRANE,

Successors to JOHN A. WILSON.

We have a Large and Complete Stock of Ready-Made

Suits, Overcoats, Ulsteretts,

For Men, Youths, Boys and Children.

ALL THE NOVELTIES IN MEN'S FURNISHING GOODS. A FULL LINE OF TRUNKS, SATCHELS AND UMBRELLAS. OUR STOCK IS LARGE AND YOU WILL FIND EVERYTHING TO BE FOUND IN A FIRST CLASS CLOTHING STORE.

We cordially invite all our friends to call and see us before buying as we will Guarantee Perfect Satisfaction to All.

16 Congress Street. YPSILANTI.

Headquarters for Furniture.

10,000 Surface feet of Floor in Wallace & Clarke's Furniture Warerooms all crowded and packed full of Parlor Suits, Bedroom Sets, Tables, Lounges, Beds, Bureaus, Mattreses, Feathers, Book Cases, Desks and every thing usually kept in a First Class Furniture Store. All goods marked down. Come and see us. It will pay you.

WALLACE & CLARKE.

Wm. Wright,

Fresco Painter and Interior Decorator.

Imported and Domestic Wall Paper Hangings. **Stained Glass.**

Inlaid Wood Floors. Designer and Manufacturer of Art Furniture. MANTELS A SPECIALTY. Representative of the Low Art Tile. (989-1y) 34 FORT STREET WEST, DETROIT.

FINE BOOTS AND SHOES.

SALE EXTRAORDINARY!

10 Per Cent Off For Cash.

On the Largest and Finest stock of

Ladies', Misses' and Children's Boots, Shoes and Slippers,

To close out this line, contemplating selling exclusively GENTLEMEN'S, BOYS' AND YOUTHS' BOOTS AND SHOES, of which I have the Best & cheapest goods made.

Large Sizes, Wide Shoes, All Widths.

JOHNSON'S SHOE HOUSE,

203 Woodward Avenue, Detroit, Mich.

Opposite NEWCOMB, ENDICOTT & CO'S. 988-1y

Will be mailed FREE to all applicants, and to customers of last year without ordering it. It contains about 175 pages, 600 illustrations, prices, accurate descriptions and valuable directions for planting 1500 varieties of Vegetable and Flower Seeds, Plants, Fruit Trees, etc. Invaluable to all, especially to Market Gardeners. Send for it!

D. M. FERRY & CO. DETROIT MICH.

2 NI **$1,000** can be made in six months selling TUNISON'S MAPS & CHARTS For 36 page catalogue, free, address, H. C. TUNISON, Cincinnati, O., N. Y. City, Jacksonville, Ill., Omaha, Neb. TU-NI-SON

INJECTION SANTINELI

CURES LEUCORRHŒA OR WHITES, GLEET AND GONORRHŒA

In Four Days, $1.00 per bottle, Directions in all Languages, For Sale by Druggists, or sent by Express, secure from observation, on receipt of $1. Fairmount Chemical Co., Cincinnati, O., U.S.A.

985 A. D. MORFORD, Agent Ypsilanti.

THE MILLER BROS. CUTLERY CO.
MERIDEN, CONN.

STANDARD POCKET CUTLERY,

Ladies' Scissors and Ink Erasers.

Make all styles of

STEEL PENS.

We show cut of Patent Adjustable Quill Action Reservoir Pen, "The Acme," and will mail sample gross on receipt of $2.

☞Our whole line of Pens will be sold by the trade.
☞Price Lists furnished to dealers on application.

905-o-m

RICE'S

TEMPERANCE HOTEL

COR. CONGRESS AND BATES.

Detroit, Mich.

Rates $1 to $1.25 per day, Single Meals 25c. Lodgings, 35 to 50 Cents.

MICHIGAN NEWS.

Over 75 fatal accidents have been reported from the lumber woods this winter.

A revival of unusual magnitude is in progress at Hillsdale college, and scores of conversions are reported, many of them being from the senior and junior classes.

Michigan supports two asylums for the insane, the united capacity of which is about 1,400 persons. Both asylums are over crowded, and the new asylum at Traverse City is an imperative necessity.

The body of an unknown man about 45 years of age was found on the afternoon of March 1st, by two young men who were hunting near the new cemetery grounds just east of Ionia. He had evidently been laying in the snow for three or four weeks. He was very poorly dressed, the clothing being torn and ragged. There was nothing to indicate the cause of his death other than by freezing

Mrs. Jerome Leavitt, the wife of a prominent lumber merchant and an old resident of Cheboygan, dropped dead at her home on Friday, March 2, of heart disease.

Judge Mills of Kalamazoo, sentenced H. H. Stearns, alias Henry, to four years in the state prison for perjury in the Cobb case.

Rev. J. Smith of Deerfield, Lenawee county, father of the state oil inspector, died on the 2d inst., from the effects of a broken limb caused by a fall during the icy weather of four weeks ago, aged 81 years.

Howell has raised the necessary $1,200 bonus in aid of the Detroit and Lansing telephone line, and will soon have all the benefits of telephonic communication.

At the annual association of Congregational ministers held in Olivet on the 1st inst., Rev. W. B. Williams read a paper on secular education which attracted much attention. He considered that the certain drift of a secular education was towards infidelity and atheism, and quoted figures from various countries to prove it. He considered religious schools a necessity, or that a system of morals and the principles of religion must be taught in state institutions.

Wm. Kilmer, convicted of the murder of Jacob Boldman, at Newago, has been sentenced to Jackson prison for life, and the sheriff started immediately for that place with his prisoner.

The Huron, the oldest hotel in Harrisville, burned on the 2d inst., the occupants barely escaping with their lives. The fire is supposed to have originated in the kitchen.

Daniel Boyle, a man 60 years old, who live alone in a little house in Sandstones near Jackson was found a few mornings ago on the road just west of that city. He was prostrated and insensible. He was taken to the nearest house and died in half an hour. He recently received notice of back pension allowed him amounting to over $3,000, and it is supposed he got drunk and fell on his way home, and laid out all night. He leaves no family.

Michigan oats weigh 40 pounds, to the bushel and grow 100 bushels to the acre when grown in Dakota.

Frank Cobb, the Kalamazoo fratricide, tried to blow up the jail a few days ago by opening the gas pipes and filling the building with gas.

During February 14 prisoners were received at Jackson, of whom two were for murder in the first degree, and 22 disappeared, of whom two were by pardon and one by escape, leaving a total at the close of the month of 628.

Battle Creek has been under a temperance administration the past year, and one of the arguments the temperance people are now using why their ticket should be re-elected is that the city is entirely free of all games of chance, and there are but three public billiard tables in the city, with its 12,000 inhabitants.

As a showing of the clerical work that has been caused by the senatorial contest a little calculation proves that during the session of the joint committees, Clerk Crossman and Secretary Hoskins, who have done the roll calling have yelled out the names of the members 30,000 times. Of this work the greater part has fallen on Crossman, who has called names 24,500 times.

George W. Slater, the Eaton county farmer who was struck by the Michigan Central express, died on Sunday, March 4th, from his injuries.

About 100,000 pounds of wool have been shipped from Plymouth the past few weeks.

Sunday the 4th inst was the forty-fifth anniversary of the First Presbyterian church, of Saginaw City, the oldest church in the valley. Anniversary exercises were held and many reminiscences given.

Frankfort and all Benzie county seem stirred up at the bright prospects of a road to that place. The Express declares that money, land, material and labor will soon be pledged and right of way secured through the country.

A lady school teacher of New Troy, Berrien county, propelled herself four miles on a hand car and then walked three miles on the snow crust to attend a teacher's institute, only to find but two others present; and yet she was not discouraged.

The plans just adopted for the New Muskegon Congregational church call for a two story building with a seating capacity in the auditorium of 550, capable of being increased to 700. The trustees are offered $5,000 for the old property.

Mary C. Cartwright of Davidson, Genesee county, received a judgment of $1,500 against the Chicago & Grand Trunk railway company in the circuit court at Flint a few days ago for damages received while leaving a train on a dark night in December, 1881.

The dead body found at Ionia last week has been identified as that of Caleb Dutcher, about 50 years of age, who had been around Ionia for several years, working in livery stables, and living a good deal of the time in jail or the house of correction. The last seen of him, so far as can be learned, was on January 29, when he was going in the direction of where he was found.

It is now thought that C. A. Knapp, the young man of Adrian, whose skull was factured by falling from a window in Chicago last week, will recover.

The Greenville telephone exchange began operations recently. The company expects to connect that city with Sheridan and Stanton in about 10 days, and with Ionia and Grand Rapids by the first of June.

Rev. Dr. Alfred Eddy, formerly pastor of the Olivet (Mich.) church and of Ninth Presbyterian church, Chicago, and for twelve years pastor of the Presbyterian church at Niles, died on the 5th inst., aged 68 years. He was one of the most eloquent preachers in Michigan.

Several fires occurred in Manistee on the 6th inst., causing an aggregate loss of $50,000.

Forty men, working on the Houghton & L'Anse road at $1.50 a day, and who were charged $20 a month for board, were discharged recently because they struck for higher wages or lower board.

The shutting down of mines in the neighborhood of Ishpeming throws 200 men out of employment, and creates a good deal of disturbance of mind among merchants.

It cost the state of Michigan over $20,000 to elect a senator.

Jonathan Hoag, an aged and much respected citizen of Adrian, died in his chair of heart disease a few days since.

The Senatorial Election.

THURSDAY, March 1.—The convention was assembled at the usual hour, and the seventy-fifth joint vote was taken, resulting as follows: Whole number, 118; necessary to a choice, 60; Byron G. Stout, 41; Francis B. Stockbridge, 29; Thos. W. Palmer, 29; Edwin Willits, 9; Moreau S. Crosby, 3; Perry Hannah, 1; Thos. W. Ferry, 1; H. C. Hodge, 5.

After the defeat of motions to adjourn, to take a recess till evening, etc., another ballot was ordered and it resulted thus: Whole number, 118; necessary to a choice, 60, Byron G. Stout, 39; Francis B. Stockbridge, 26; Thomas W. Palmer, 27; Edwin Willits, 5; Solomon L. Withey, 10; Moreau S. Crosby, 3; H. C. Hodge, 3; Jas. B. Angell, 1; Thos. W. Ferry, 1; Perry Hannah, 1; Capt. Joseph Nicholson, 2.

There was a forebodiug in the minds of the majority, when the convention assembled again at seven o'clock that the senatorial problem must and would be solved before the convention adjourned. The voting began again at 7:30 o'clock and three votes were taken as rapidly as possible, the results being as follows:

	1st	2d	3d
Whole number of votes	121	120	121
Necessary to a choice	61	61	61
Thomas W Palmer	31	31	32
Francis B Stockbridge	26	25	21
Byron G Stout	41	37	35
Moreau S Crosby	7	3	7
Solomon L Withey	6	4	3
Edwin Willits	3	3	2
W D Fuller	3	3	3
Perry Hannah	1	1	1
James B Angell	1	1	1
Thomas W Ferry	1	1	1
Charles Upson	1	3	5
Henry Chamberlain	..	3	4
J L Vandeventer	..	..	2
John Q Adams	..	..	1

Before another vote was taken the name of Col. Francis B. Stockbridge was withdrawn, and the 80th joint vote was taken and announced as follows: Whole number of votes, 121; necessary to a choice, 61; Thomas W. Palmer, 40; Byron G. Stout, 38; Moreau S. Crosby, 19; Chas. Upson, 8; Thomas W. Ferry, 6; Henry Chamberlain, 2; Wm. D. Fuller, 2; Marsden C. Burch, 1; Seth D. North, 1; Edwin Willits, 1; Perry Hannah, 1; James B. Angell, 1.

The last and decisive vote was taken amid the wildest excitement. The actual result of the vote was this:

Whole number of votes	121
Necessary to a choice	61
Thos. W. Palmer	40
Byron G. Stout	42
Moreau S. Crosby	20
Chas. Upson	8
Thos. W. Ferry	6
James B. Angell	1
Perry Hannah	1
Edwin Willits	1
Marsden C. Burch	1
J. W. Champlin	1

It was noticed that Palmer had a majority of all the Republican votes, and his election was a foregone conclusion. A roll was called and changes in his favor came in thick and fast, until his total vote reached 75, and at 9:20 o'clock Lieut. Gov. Crosby announced the election of Thos. W. Palmer as United States senator. Mr. Palmer soon after appeared, and was greeted with a perfect storm of applause, and in a pleasing happy address he accepted the honors which had been bestowed upon him. Several others followed in well-timed remarks, and after extending a vote of thanks to nearly every one participating in the sessions of the convention that body adjourned.

Legislative Record.

SENATE, March 1.—The bill to allow mutual fire insurance companies of other states to do business with this state, was passed on third reading, and the bill given immediate effect. Petitions were presented for the extention to women of the right of suffrage, and all other legal rights now possessed by man; for the submission of a prohibitory amendment; for amendment of charter of Charlevoix; and a supplementary memorial relating to charges against the Fish Commissioners. The Senate then met in executive session and confirmed a long list of notaries public sent in by the Governor, and after the joint convention the Senate adjourned.

HOUSE.—A petition was presented signed by a number of Jackson ladies, for a law giving women the privilege of voting at municipal elections; petitions were also presented for the submission of a prohibitory amendment; for the repeal of the conspiracy law; for a law establishing ten hours as a legal day's labor; for a law abolishing the contract system in prisons; for the incorporation of trades unions; against the Poor Commission bill for Wayne county. Bills were passed re-incorporating Breedsville and detaching territory from Portage, Houghton county.

SENATE, March 2.—The following were passed on third reading; Senate manuscript incorporating Springwells; House manuscript re-incorporating Dexter; Senate bill 41 incorporating Menominee. All the above were given immediate effect....A memorial of Richmond, Backus & Co., of Detroit, was presented for an amendment of act 168 of 1879, in reference to the publication of reports of the Supreme Court. The petitioners complain that as the law now stands they have no way of making the publishers of the report sell Richmond, Backus & Co., quantities at Wholesale, and they are obliged to purchase copies singly—greatly interfering with the success of their business....Adjourned until Monday evening.

HOUSE.—The bill to incorporate Bancroft, in Shiawassee county was recalled....A memorial was presented from the Hon. D. L. Pratt relative to instruction in morality in the public schools, which was ordered printed in the journal.... Remonstrances were presented from twenty-eight citizens of Ecorse and from thirty-four citizens of Wyandotte, against the establishment of a poor commission for Wayne county ....Mr. Canby offered the following resolution in regard to the fish commission:

Whereas, Controversies exist between the Board of Fish Commissioners and the Superintendent, and an investigation of the same is now pending before the legislature with a view to the adjustment of such difficulties,

Resolved, the Senate concurring, That James G. Portman continue to act as superintendent of the trout hatchery at Paris and carry on the work there, and O. M. Chase at the whitefish hatchery in Detroit, as they are now doing, until the completion of a full investigation by the egislature and settlement by the legislature of said controversies.

Resolved, further, That it is the sense of the legislature that no person from another state should be placed in charge of the work of hatching and distribution of fish for the inland waters of the state.

The resolution was put upon its passage under suspension of the rules; but, after a brief and brisk debate, the preamble and resolution were laid upon the table.

SENATE, MARCH 5.—The Senate discussed and finally passed the following bills: To authorize County Supervisors to provide for ascertaining and preserving section corners and quarter posts as surveyed and recorded by the original survey; to amend sections 3, 13, 14, 17 and 20 of act relative to free schools in Detroit; to add a new section thereto to stand as section 24, and to repeal section 15 of said act; to amend section 4342 of compiled laws, relative to wills of real and personal estates; to incorporate the Grand Army of the Republic, Department of Michigan, and subordinate posts; for the encouragement of rifle practice in the regiments and battallions of state troops; to amend the act to incorporate the city of Wyandotte....Petitions were presented for an appropriation of state swamp lands to clear the channel of Grand River of fallen timber and other obstructions, from the mouth of the Portage River south to the base line; for authority to organize a fire department in the village of Norway, in Menominee county; for authority to construct waterworks in the villages of Quinnesec and Iron Mountain in the County of Menominee; for a prohibitory amendment; remonstrances against the establishment of a poor commission in Wayne county, signed by 250 citizens of said county; for passage of Senate bill No. 16, to provide uniform freight rates, and to prevent unjust discriminations against local freight rates.

HOUSE.—Bills were passed incorporating Springport and Menominee, and authorizing the city of Saginaw to borrow money to build a court-house. The bill recently passed re-incorporating Bancroft was returned to the House.....Petitions were received for the passage of a prohibitory liquor law, for a bounty to all soldiers in the late war who received no state bounty; against the passage of the Wayne County Poor Commission bill; against any further appropriations for artificial hatching of whitefish; for the formation of the proposed County of Arenac; for the incorporation of Westphalia; for the passage of a law for the appointment of a State Game and Fish Warden; remonstrance against the bill incorporating Grosse Point.

The Nominees.

The first Republican convention ever held in the Saginaw Valley assembled in East Saginaw on Wednesday, February 28. In response to the call a large and enthusiastic delegation assembled. The convention was called for the purpose of nominating two candidates for the supreme court bench and two regents for the university. The usual committees were appointed, and the regular routine work done, when the convention proceeded to the real business for which it had been called. The nominations for justice for full term were then made, and after the usual eulogistic speeches, three ballots were taken with the following result:

	1st ballot	2d ballot	3d ballot
Total vote	586	611	599
Necessary to choice	294	306	300
Charles Upson	247	277	251
Austin Blair	228	302	346
Dan J Arnold	59	21	...
Thos J O'Brien	1	...	...
Mr McNab	2	...	...
John Atkinson	2	...	...
Frank A Hooker	45	9	1
Frank Giddey	1	...	...
Wm Jennison	1	...	...
R Loud	...	1	...

Amid prolonged and hearty cheers the nomination of Austin Blair was made unanimous. The demonstration which followed his nomination was good evidence of the sincere regard entertained by the citizens of this commonwealth for the war governor.

The convention then proceeded to nominate candidates for the short term, and the ballot taken showed that T. J. O'Brien of Kent county was the successful man. The ballot was as follows:

Whole number of votes	577
Necessary to choice	288
Thomas J. O'Brien	322
Andrew Howell	47
Edward Taggert	72
Geo. S. Clapp	52
Dan J. Arnold	27
Chas. Upson	12

Nominations for regents were then in order. For the first regent the vote stood as follows:

Whole number of votes	549
Necessary to a choice	275
Henry B. Hutchins	318
James E. White	222
Theodore Nelson	7
Joseph C. Jones	2

The nomination of Henry B. Hutchins of Macomb was declared unanimous, and the ballot was taken for the second regent with the following result:

Whole number of votes	562
Necessary to a choice	282
Joseph C. Jones	333
James E. White	173
Theodore Nelson	17
John Rice	24
H. R. Gass	15

The senatorial question did not enter into the discussion of the state convention, save in the intervals of business, the feeling being that that question should be left with the legislature. After the usual vote of thanks to members, railroad officers, and others the convention adjourned.

A Prohibition Ticket.

A mass convention of Prohibitionists met in Lansing March 1st for the purpose of nominating candidates for justices of the supreme court and regents of the University. A series of appropriate resolutions were adopted, and the following ticket placed in nomination: Judges of the Supreme Court—John M. Tatem, Greenville; D. P. Sagendorph, Charlotte. Regents—John W. Ewing, Ionia; Rev. G. S. Hickey, Lansing.

DETROIT MARKETS.

Wheat—No. 1, white	$ 78	@ 1 10
Flour	4 65	@ 4 85
Buckwheat	5 50	@ 6 00
Corn	55	@ 60
Oats	45	@ 48
Clover Seed—⅌ bu	7 45	@
Apples ⅌ bbl	3 00	@ 3 50
Dried Apples, ⅌ lb	7	@ 7¼
Butter, ⅌ lb	20	@ 23
Eggs	18	@ 20
Dressed Chickens	14	@ 15
Dressed Turkeys....e		@ 18
Geese	13	@ 15
Ducks	14	@ 15
Cheese	14½	@ 15
Potatoes, ⅌ bu	70	@ 75
Honey	18	@ 19
Beans, picked	2 30	@ 2 40
Beans, unpicked	1 40	@ 1 90
Hay	9 00	@14 00
Straw	9 00	@10 75
Pork, dressed, ⅌ 100	8 00	@ 8 00
Pork, mess	18 50	@18 50
Pork, family	19 00	@19 00
Beef, extra mess	12 00	@12 00
Wood, Beech and Maple		45
Wood, Maple		8 00
Wood, Hickory		8 00
Coal, Egg		6 25
Coal, Stove		6 50
Coal, Chestnut		6 75

BITS OF NEWS.

James Elliot, the pugilist, well-known to sports throughout the west, was shot and killed in Chicago on the first inst. by Jere Dunn, another professional.

A. W. Lawrence & Co's flouring mill, in Sturgeon Bay, Wis., the finest in the state, with 10,000 bushels of grain was destroyed by fire on the 1st inst. Loss $35,000, insurance $15,000.

Gov. Stephens of Georgia is seriously ill.

The Duke of Edinburgh will be present at the coronation of the Czar of Russia. The Prince of Wales will send regrets.

A Massachusetts man, while drunk, was run over by the cars and lost his legs. His wife after due deliberation has brought suit against the liquor seller instead of against the railroad.

Parnell will be accompanied in his American tour by Brennan, Eagan and other prominent land leaguers.

John B. Gough, who has been lecturing on temperance for 41 years and rehearsed his speech over 8,000 times, grew righteously indignant when he arrived in Baltimore the other night and found the event advertised as his "last appearance."

The British parliament has voted $500,000 to defray the expenses of the Indian expedition to Egypt.

A full length portrait of Gen. Grant has been placed in the White House.

All the states have elected United States senators except New Hampshire, the legislature of which does not meet until June. The new Senate will stand 38 Republicans, 36 Democrats and 2 independents, Mahone and Riddleberger.

Kansas had a capital punishment law for 11 years, but nobody has been hanged except by lynchers. The criminal sentenced to death is first imprisoned for a year, and if his death warrant is then signed by the governor, the execution takes place; if not, the imprisonment continues.

Excess of exports over imports for 1882, $48,675,660.

Jules Ferry has demanded of the French chamber of deputies postponement of constitutional revision until 1885.

Advices received at Portland, Ore., from Umatilla Indian agency bring news that the famous Indian scout Unapiere was recently murdered in Montana. In 1878 he rendered signal service to Gen. Howard during the war. A history of his life would be a recital of the greatest bravery and daring.

A line of steamers is to be run from Bremen to Cuba and Porto Rico. This will be of great importance to the export trade of Germany.

The star route trial is now in the fifteenth week.

Public Printer Rounds wants $50,000 worth of new presses, etc., to complete reports of the tenth census.

The New York Herald flood fund now amounts to $35,280 83, with an average increase of $2,000 a day. One brewer, who had just sent $1,500 to the German sufferers, has contributed $1,283.

The false fire alarm gang of New York youths have been sentenced to terms of two to five years in state prison.

The New York Central has thus far paid $100,000 in settlement of claims arising from the tunnel disaster, and four or five claims still remain unadjusted.

The Warner observatory at Rochester, N.Y., is completed. It is built of white sandstone and cost, with its instruments, $100,000, all of which is paid by Mr. Warner.

The remains of J. Howard Payne, which are on the way to this country on board the Burgundia, will arrive in New York about March 15. They will be taken thence to Georgetown, where they will be finally interred in Oak Hill cemetery, June 9.

The authorittes at Schleswig expel all Danes who refuse to enter the army.

NEWS OF THE WEEK.

WASHINGTON.

A NATURALIZATION QUESTION.

Mr. Edmunds has reported adversely to the Senate from the Committee on Judiciary House bill to provide for the restoration to citizenship of such citizens of the United States as have become naturalized as subjects of Great Britain and desire to return to their original allegiance. This bill was intended to give the force of law to the third article of the convention between the United States and Great Britain, concluded May 30, 1870, which provides that "If any citizen of the United States naturalized within the dominions of Her Britannic Majesty shall renew his tesidence in the United States, the United States Government may, on his own application, and on such conditions as that government may think fit to impose, readmit him to the character and privileges of citizens of the United States, and Great Britain shall not in that case claim him as a British subject on account of his former naturalization."

HARTSUFF WINS.

The President has nominated Gen. Hartsuff to be collector at Port Huron.

IT PASSES.

The bill granting an increase of pension to one-armed and one-legged soldiers has passed the Senate. The bill as passed is in the following language: "That from and after the passage of this act all persons on the pension roll and all persons hereafter granted a pension, who, while in the military or naval service of the United States and in the line of duty shall have lost one hand, or one foot, or been so totally or permanently disabled as to render their incapacity to perform manual labor equivalent to the loss of a hand or foot, shall receive a pension of $24 per month; that persons now on the pension rolls, and all persons hereafter granted pensions, who, in like manner, shall have lost either an arm at or above the elbow, or a leg, at or above the knee, or shall have been otherwise so disabled as to be incapacitated for performing any manual labor, but not so much as to require regular personal aid and attendance, shall receive a pension of $30 per month. Provided, that nothing contained in this act shall be construed to repeal section 4699 of the revised statutes, or to change the rate of $18 per month therein mentioned to be proportionately divided for any degree of disability established for which section 4695 makes no provision."

THEY DON'T AGREE.

Democratic senators have refused to serve on the tariff conference committee, and at a recent meeting of that committee it was impossible to transact any business.

ENTIRELY SATISFACTORY.

The entire delegation in the House express satisfaction over Palmers's election. They say Palmer is a man who will make his mark here. He has brains, wealth and superb social qualities, and will be a power in the Senate.

CONGER'S WORK.

The item in the sundry civil bill for a light house at the mouth of Detroit river has been raised in the Senate on Conger's motion from $20,000 to $40,000.

TO BE RE-ADJUSTED.

The bill re-adjusting the salaries of postmasters to conform to the reduced rates of postage, has passed the House. The measure met with the hearty approval of the postoffice department and was considered the fairest and best proposition that could be drawn. The object of the bill is to adjust the salaries of 47,000 postmasters. The bill retained the present classification of postmasters as to the first class. The bill carried $12,000 additional compensation The salaries of the postmasters were increased from $1,000 to $5,000, and at Cincinnati, Baltimore, San Francisco and Washington from $4,000 to $5,000. The compensations to second and third class postoffices remained as at present. The rate of commission granted fourth-class postmasters has been changed so that they would receive about the same under the two cent law as they did under the three cent law.

DOES IT RECORD?

The Washington Evening Star of the 2d inst., says: Does the Congressional Record record? If not, what is the use of printing it under the pretense that it is an official transcript of the proceedings of Congress? There is not a word in to-day's issue of that publication to show that there occurred in the House of Representatives last night a scene which no one can fail to pronounce disgraceful in the extreme. It was an unpleasant truth; yet, to read the official proceedings as printed in the record, one would suppose that all the members had behaved with the utmost dignity and decorum. Its reports of the Senate proceedings are no better. A few days ago two members of that body exchanged opinions the reverse of complimentary, but their remarks, although uttered in loud and threatening tones, apparently failed to reach the ears of the official reporters, as their report gave not the slightest sign of what occurred. If it were not for the daily papers the country would get but an imperfect and indeed false idea of what actually occurred in Congress.

PRESIDENT PRO TEM.

The Republican members of the Senate held a caucus on the 2d inst. and selected Mr. Edmunds as the candidate for President pro tem. to succeed Mr. Davis. No opposition. It was voted at the same caucus, that there would be no extra session of the Senate.

AGREED TO.

The conference committee have agreed upon a report on the tariff bill. Mr. Morrill has presented and explained the same to the Senate. He said the entire amount of reduction to result from the passage of the bill was estimated at $75,000,000.

DAVID'S FAREWELL.

The following is the full text of the address of David Davis in resigning the office of president pro tem. of the Senate:

"Senators—Gratitude fails to express the feeling which moves me in responding to the generous expressions in the resolution you have adopted. As the presiding officer of this honored body, I have received courteous cooperation from both sides and constant kindness in the discharge of my official duties, and in my personal intercourse I ought to be, and I believe I fully am, sensible of the obligations imposed by these acts, the more so as I entered upon the duties of the chair almost a stranger to parliamentary practices. Six years have passed away since the legislature of Illinois conferred upon me the trust which is about to expire by constitutional limitation. I neither sought nor expected an election which was brought about by a union of elements. Political opinions have separated me from the two great parties and have subjected my action here and elsewhere to the criticism of organs of both organizations. A public man who steps outside of regular party lines is exposed to misrepresentation of his motives and the charge of weakness in his conduct. He gets no credit for the moral courage of self-assertion and none for casting aside ambition in defense of his principles. In legislating I have sought to consider measures solely with reference to the public good and without the least regard to their political paternity. Above and beyond all other objects, my great aim has been to extinguish the strife of sections and to see the Union restored in all its integrity. Thank God, that day has now come. North and south are only geographical expressions. Fifty millions of free, happy and prosperous people rejoice in a reunited country, strengthened by the sternest of human trials. I shall carry away with me and cherish as a solace in private life the cordial friendships formed here. It will be a constant pleasure to reflect upon that no jar has disturbed the administration of the high office which I now resign, bidding an affectionate arewell to every member of the senate and to everyofficer connected with it."

OVER.

The 27th congress closed its labors on Saturday, March 3.

AT LAST.

Saturday, March 2d was a memorable day in the House. The protectionists have won a great victory. It is to be attributed largely to the astuteness of their Senatorial leaders and able and cunning management of the principal and most powerful protected interests. After the action of the Senate on the conference report on the tariff bill, there was no longer any doubt that the House would take the same action. A vigorous effort was made by the opponents of the bill to defeat its final passage, and hours were spent quibbling over points of order, and other questions of no importance whatever, except as a means of deferring action on the bill. All attempts to defeat its passage were in vain, and when a vote was taken at five o'clock its final passage was announced. The bill was at once sent to the Senate, where it was signed by the president of that body. A few minutes after President Arthur affixed his signature, and the bill is now a law.

POSTMASTERS' SALARIES.

The bill to adjust the salaries of postmasters in conformity with the reduced rates of postage has been signed by the President.

THE SURVIVORS.

Secretary Chandler on the 3d inst. received a cable message from Minister Hunt at St. Petersburg, stating that Ensign Hunt and party, including Bartlett and other survivors of the Jeannette, arrived at St. Petersburg on that date all in good health.

WHAT THE FORTY-SEVENTH CONGRESS DID.

The forty-seventh congress and its acts has became a thing of the past, and a brief summary of its legislative may be of general interest. The record, so far as it can be readily made up, shows that 8,018 bills and joint resolutions have been introduced in the House and 3,652 in the Senate, making a total of 10,670, during the two sessions that the forty-seventh congress has been in existence. Of these only about one-eighth—1,286—were introduced at the session just closed, and of this small number only about one-eighth—163—have passed both houses and become laws. The one which has occupied by far the greatest part of the session, and which is perhaps the most important and far reaching in its effects is the bill reducing the internal revenue tax on certain manufactures, notably on tobacco and cigars, and changing the duties on a long list of important articles. According to the statement attached to the bill it will effect an aggregate reduction of taxation to the extent of $267,000,000, but the opponents of the measure dispute the statement. The bill takes effect July 1, 1883. Next to the tariff bill in importance are several appropriation bills, which call in the aggregate for $229,327,511. They are as follows:

Pensions	$ 86,575,000
Military academy	3,118,657
Fortification	670,000
Consular and diplomatic	1,296,755
Navy	15,894,434
Army	24,681,350
Postoffice	44,489,520
Indian	5,362,655
Legislative	20,464,296
Sundry civil	23,906,147
District of Columbia	1,699,867
Deficiency	2,813,187
Agricultural	405,645
Miscellaneous bills involving appropriation of money	750,000

The following are the more important general bills passed during the last session: The civil service bill; Japanese indemnity fund bill; to provide for a new mixed commission in accordance with the treaty of April 25, 1866, with Venezuela; to modify the postal money order system and for other purposes; to readjust salaries of postmasters; to prevent the importation of adulterated tea; to encourage the holding of a world's industrial and cotton centennial exhibition in 4884; joint resolution to adjudicate claims of New York brokers for a rebate of taxes; to allow Canadian grain to be brought over the border to be ground; to refund to the state of Georgia money expended for common defense in 1777; to reimburse the states of Oregon and California for moneys paid in the suppression of the Modoc war; extending the time for filing claims for horses lost by officers and enlisted men; to admit free of duty a monument to Gen. Washington; authorizing the examination and auditing of certain claims against the Freedman's savings bank and the payment of certain dividends barred by the act of February 21, 1881; to increase the fees of witnesses in star route cases from west of Mississippi river; to regulate the construction of bridges across the Ohio river; to regulate the export of tobacco in bond; the tax and tariff bill to reduce the revenue.

SENSIBLE INSTRUCTIONS.

Secretary Folger has given instructions that the word "cents" be placed on the new five cent piece in order to meet the requirements of law.

TOO MANY ERRORS.

According to Mr. McPherson, clerk of the House of Representatives, there are a good many clerical and typographical errors in the new tariff bill. As the bill appears in the Congressional Record, tobacco is taxed at 80 instead of eight cents, and there are numerous other errors of a similar character—several of the most glaring mistakes being in regard to the iron schedule. Mr. McPherson is of the opinion that when the bill shall be accurately printed in full it will be found more satisfactory than it now seems to be to representatives of the iron interest.

STAMPS TO BE REDEEMED.

The comptroller of the currency is constantly in receipt of letters in reference to the redemption of two cent check stamps, not required by law after July next. There is a law providing for the redemption of all unused stamps if presented for payment within three years from the time they are purchased from the government.

NEWS NOTES.

A SINGULAR MURDER.

Geo. W. Haight is a justice of the peace and one of the most prominent citizens of De Ruyter, N. Y. On the morning of March 1st his housekeeper was awakened by the report of a pistol, and hastening down to Mr. Haight's room, she found him sitting on the floor in his night clothes and unconscious. Mrs. Haight was in bed. The housekeeper called a doctor, and when he arrived Mr. Haight had crawled into bed. His pillow was saturated with blood and there was a wound near his right eye. A pistol wrapped in cotton cloth which was burnt was found under the pillow. The wound was probed and the ball found in his brain. Mr. Haight recovered sufficiently to make a deposition in which he declares he did not fire the shot and did not know who did. He said the weapon had been kept in a stand drawer at the foot of the bed. Mrs. Haight says she did not hear the shot at all and knows nothing about it. She has a good insurance on Mr. Haight's life. He is her third husband, and her two former husbands are said to have died suddenly.

ENOUGH TO SCARE HIM.

John O'Neil, a liquor dealer of Whitehall, N. Y., has been found guilty of 457 offenses under the Civil Rights bill, and sentenced to pay a fine $9,000, with $500 costs, and a month's imprisonment. The alternative of the sentence will be eighty years' imprisonment. O'Neil furnished $10,000 bail and appealed.

SORELY AFFLICTED.

Nearly two-thirds of Gallatin county, Ill., is flooded, and dysentery, pneumonia and malarial fever prevail to an alarming extent. Fences are washed away, stock drowned and a large part of the inhabitants driven from their homes.

BETTER LATE THAN NEVER.

A Buffalo jury has just awarded the Lake Shore railroad a $2,000 judgment against Erie county for a passenger car burned by a mob during the riots of 1877.

ALMOST ROASTED.

A fire broke out in the third story of a brick building at No. 18 Valdewater street New York city, on the 3d inst. The building was stored with a large number of barrels of lubricating oil. There was such an intense smoke that the firemen had difficulty in approaching the burning building. The occupiers of the place are Swan & Dick, oil dealers, and the New York popular publishing company. There were 30 people at work at the time of the fire, including about 20 young girls. Escape was at first thought impossible. The girls and men rushed to the windows screaming loudly for help, many of them fainting from fright. Most of the inmates escaped by means of a skylight. No lives were lost. Estimate of losses on property: Swan & Dick, $20,000; Popular publishing company, $15,000; other occupants, $10,000; on the building, $5,000; total about $50,000. The building is the old Harper mansion adjoining the roadway of the Brooklyn bridge. Many of the girls escaped by means of fire escapes outside of the building.

THEY ARE NOT PLEASED.

Steel manufacturers say the tariff bill, as passed is a severe blow to their interests, as well as to that of cotton tie and wire rod manufacturers. The latter claim that they will be forced to quit business.

THEY DON'T LIKE IT.

Gov. Cleveland's veto of the five cent fare bill causes great excitement in New York, the great majority of people regarding his reason as insufficient and indicating a disposition on his part to favor monopolies at the expense of the people.

AN ELEVATOR BURNED.

Dunlap's elevator at Albany, N. Y., burned on Saturday, the 3d inst. Three persons were killed, and three others seriously injured by falling walls. The loss is about $275,000.

GEORGIA'S GOVERNOR DEAD.

Gov. Stephens of Georgia, died at Atlanta, on Sunday morning, the 4th inst., passing quietly away, exhaustion rather than disease, seemingly causing his death. His death created a profound sensation throughout the entire state, and the loss of this statesman, patriot, and philanthropist, is regarded as a great calamity. Alexander Hamilton Stephens was born at Tallaferro, Georgia, February 11, 1812. He graduated at the university of Georgia in 1832, was admitted to the bar in 1835, and entered political life in 1836 as a member of the state house of representatives. In 1842 he was chosen state senator, and the following year was elected a member of congress, which office he continued to hold for 16 consecutive years, or until 1859, when he voluntarily retired to private life. After the nomination of General Scott for the presidency Mr. Stephens, who had been a prominent whig leader, became a supporter of the democrats. He was placed at the head of the Douglass-Johnson electoral ticket in 1860, and in 1861 was a member of the convention which passed the ordinance of secession. That measure he earnestly opposed by vote and speech, but whilst he advised against the policy of secession for existing grievances, he maintained the right of a state to peacefully secede for sufficient cause. When a rupture became inevitable, however, he acquiesced in the decision of the convention, and on the formal organization of the confederate government he was elected vice president. In February, 1865, he was placed at the head of the commission on the part of the confederacy in the famous Hampton Roads conference. At the close of the war he was arrested and confined a prisoner of state in Fort Warren, but was released on his parole in Oct. 1865. In February, 1866, the general assembly elected him to the office of United States senator, but congress ignored the restoration of Georgia to the Union under the proclamation of Andrew Johnson, so Mr. Stephens was not allowed to take his seat. His legal disabilities having been removed, he was elected a member of the 43 congress and re-elected to the 44th, 45th and 46th. In a speech, Feb. 12, 1878, upon the occasion of the reception by congress of a painting representing the signing of the proclamation of emancipation, he said that in advocating secession in 1861 he never supposed the dissolution would be permanent. He was elected governor of Georgia last fall. A volume of his speeches and letters was issued in 1867, and he has also published "A History of the War between the States" (1868) and "A Constitutional View of the late War between the States" (1869).

A SUNKEN STEAMER.

The steamer Yazoo sunk near Gypsy Point, 22 miles above New Orleans, on the night of Sunday, March 4. The boat was heavily loaded with miscellaneous freight. Seventeen lives are known to have been lost.

A TELEGRAPH SUIT.

The Mutual Union Telegraph Company has begun action in the United States Court against the city of Chicago asking an injunction to restrain its officers from interfering with the company in reconnecting its wires, which were cut by order of the Mayor some days ago.

GEORGIA'S NEW GOVERNOR.

Lieut.-Gov. Boynton was sworn in as Governor of Georgia on Monday, March 5, by Chief Justice Jackson.

THE SAINTS PROTEST.

The non-polygamous branch of the Mormons—the reorganized church of Jesus Christ of the latter day saints—claiming to have between 20,000 and 30,000 communicants, with their central organization at Lamoni, Iowa, protest against the state department circular to all foreign governments asking that emigration of Mormons to the United States be prevented on the ground that they come to this country to practice a crime against its laws. Their memorial recites that the reorganized church has its missionaries in various parts of Europe, Australia and the Society Islands in the Pacific, and that justice demands that it should be relieved from the odium and shame of classification with a body practicing a crime against the laws of the country in which the great body of its communicants live, and from the disability under which its missionaries labor in spreading their faith.

THEY DON'T LIKE THE CHINAMAN.

About 100 ornamental painters employed in the Pullman Car Works at St. Louis, Mo., struck a few days ago. It appears that a Chinese youth who was brought to this country six years ago by R. M. Johnson, of St. Louis, then Consul to Hankow, was placed in the shop by the superintendent to work, preparatory to a course of study at the School of Mines, to which he will be sent a year hence. This was fully explained to the men, but they objected and quit work. The superintendent of the works says the matter has now become one of principle; that he intends to conduct the business in his own way and he will not yield to the men.

A RECEIVER WANTED.

The Lake Superior and Jackson iron companies of Michigan have made application at Pittsburg, Pa.,

FROST.

The pane is etched with wondrous tracery;
Curve interlaced with curve and line with line,
Like subtle measures of sweet harmony
Transformed to shapes of beauty crystalline.

Slim, graceful vines and tendrils of such sort
As never grew save in some fairy world,
Wind up from roots of misted silver wrought
Through tulip flowers and lilies half unfurled.

Shag firs and hemlocks blend with plumy palms,
Spiked cacti spring from feathery ferns and weeds,
And sea-blooms such as rock in Southern calms
Mingle their foamy fronds with sedge and reeds

And there are flights of birds with iris wings
That shed in mid-air many a brilliant plume,
And scintillating shoals of swimming things
That seem to float in clear green ocean gloom.

And there are diamond-crusted dia-lems,
And orbs of pearl and sceptres of pale gold,
Stored up in crystal grottoes, lit with gems
And paved with emeralds of price untold.

And marvellous architecture of no name,
Facades and shafts of loveliest form and hue,
Keen pinnacles and turrets tipped with flame,
And fretted domes of purest sapphire blue.

All these the Genii of the Frost last night
Wrought through the still cold hours by charm and drune;
And now, like dreams dispelled before the light,
They float away in vapor on the noon.

—CHARLES L. HILDRETH, in *Harper's Magazine for March.*

His Pa Gets Mad.

"I was down to the drug store this morning, and saw your ma buying a lot of court plaster, enough to make a shirt I should think. What's she doing with so much court plaster," asked the grocery man of the bad boy, as he came in and pulled off his boots by the stove and emptied out a lot of snow, that had collected as he walked through a drift, on the hearth, which melted and made a bad smell.

"O, I guess she is going to patch pa up so he will hold water. Pa's temper got him into the worst muss you ever see, last night. If that museum was here now they would hire pa and exhibit him as the tattoed man. I tell you, I have got too old to be mauled as though I was a kid, and any man who attacks me from this out wants to have his peace made with the insurance companies, and know that his calling and election is sure, because I am a bad man, and don't you forget it." And the boy pulled on his boots and looked so cross and desperate that the grocery man asked him if he wouldn't try a little new cider.

"Good heavens," said the grocery man, as the boy swallowed the cider, and his face resumed its natural look, and the piratical frown disappeared with the cider. "You have not stabbed your father, have you. I have feared that one thing would bring on another, with you, and that you would be hung,"

"Naw, I haven't stabbed him. It was another cat that stabbed him. You see, pa wants me to do all the work around the house. The other day he bought a load of kindling wood, and told me to carry it into the basement. I have not been educated up to kindling wood, and I didn't do it. When supper time came, and pa found I had not carried in the kindling wood, he had a hot box, and he told me if that wood was not in when he came back from the lodge, that he would warm my jacket. Well, I tried to hire some one to carry it in, and got a man to promise to come in the morning and carry it in and take his pay in groceries, and I was going to buy the groceries here and have them charged to pa. But that wouldn't help me out that night. I knew when pa came home he would search for me. So I slept in the back hall on a cot. But I didn't want pa to have all his trouble for nothing, so I borrowed an old tom cat that my chum's old maid aunt owns, and put the cat in my bed. I thought if pa came in my room after me, and found that by his unkindness that I had changed to a tom cat, he would be sorry. That is the biggest cat you ever see, and the worst fighter in our ward. It isn't afraid of anything, and can whip a New Foundland dog quicker than you could put sand in a barrel of sugar. Well, about eleven o'clock I heard pa tumble over the kindling wood, and I knew by the remark he made, as the wood slid around under him, that there was going to be a cat fight real quick. He come up to ma's room, and sounded ma as to whether Hennery had retired to his virtuous couch. Pa is awful sarcastic when he tries to be. I could hear him take off his clothes, and hear him say, as he picked up a trunk strap, 'I guess I will go up to his room and watch the smile on his face, as he dreams of angels. I yearn to press him to my aching bosom.' I thought to myself, mebbe you won't yearn so much directly. He come up stairs, and I could hear him breathing hard. I looked out around the corner and could see he just had on his shirt and pants, and his suspenders were hanging down, and his bald head shone like a calcium light just before it explodes. Pa went in my room, and up to the bed, and I could hear him say, 'Come out here and bring in that kindling wood, or I will start a fire on your base burner with this strap.' And then there was a yowling such as I never heard before, and pa said, 'Helen Blazes,' and the furniture in my room began to fall around and break. O, my! I think pa took the tom cat right by the neck, the way he does me, and that left all the cat's feet free to get in their work. By the way the cat squawled as though it was being choked, I know pa had him by the neck. I suppose the cat thought pa was a whole ock of New Foundland dogs, and the cat had a record on dogs, and it kicked awful. Pa's shirt was no protection at all in a cat fight, and the cat just walked all around pa's stomach, and pa yelled 'police,' and 'fire,' and 'turn on the hose,' and he called ma, and the cat yowled. If pa had had presence of mind enough to have dropped the cat, or rolled t up in the mattrass, it would have been all right, but a man always gets rattled in time of danger, and he held onto the cat and started down stairs yelling murder, and he met ma coming up. I guess ma's night-cap, or something, frightened the cat some more, cause he stabbed ma on the night-shirt with one hind foot, and ma said 'mercy on us, and she went back, and pa stumbled on a hand-sled that was on the stairs, and they all fell down, and the cat got away and went down in the coal bin and yowled all night. Pa and ma went into their room, and I guess they anointed themselves with vaseline, and Pond's extract, and I went and got into my bed. cause it was cold out in the hall, and the cat had warmed my bed as well as it had warmed pa. It was all I could do to go to sleep, with pa and ma talking all night, and this morning I came down the back stairs, and haven't been to breakfast, cause I don't want to see pa when he is vexed. You let the man that carries in the kindling, wood have six shillings worth of groceries, and charge them to pa. I have passed the kindling wood period in a boy's life, and have arrived at the coal period. I will carry in coal, but I draw the line at kindling wood."

"Well, you are a cruel, bad boy," said the grocery man, as he went to the book and charged the six shillings.

"O, I don't know. I think pa is cruel. A man who will take a poor kitty by the neck, that hasn't done any harm, and tries to chastise the poor thing with a trunk strap, ought to be looked after by the humane society. And if it is cruel to take a cat by the neck, how much more cruel is it to take a boy by the neck, that had diphtheria only a few years ago, and whose throat is tender. Say, I guess I will accept your invitation to take breakfast with you," and the boy cut off a piece of bologna and helped himself to the crackers, and while the grocery man was out shoveling off the snow from the sidewalk, the boy filled his pockets with raisins and loaf sugar, and then went out to watch the man carry in his kindling wood.

Wiggins Shouldn't.

Wiggins—begging his pardon, Prof. Wiggins is meant—Wiggins certainly should not. Now there is a subtle something about the very name of Wiggins which convinced us before-hand that he would; but over against that premonitory conviction there stands the granitic fact that he oughtn't to. Reference is, of course, had not only to Prof. Wiggins, but to Prof. Wiggins of Canada, and to his dissolute addiction to the habit of prophecy. Now there is no doubt that Canada is the natural breeding place of weather. Probably more meteorology is produced there to the acre or per capita than in any place inhabited. The dominion is a land of pauper wages, and cheap labor has unquestionably had much to do with the glut in the market for manufactured or custom-made weather which has nearly ruined our Kanuck neighbors over the borders. But the mere fact that a surplus exists north of the lines does not justify, nay, it does not even excuse, Prof. Wiggins for attempting to export various job lots of his favorite commodity to this republic. This is no free trade nation—as Wiggins ought to have known before he tried to dodge the custom houses in his customary way and smuggle over the border an assortment of shelf-worn cyclones for which his own people had no use. And this is not all. Not only does our tariff exclude weather importations, but prophecies concerning weather are far from being on the free list. We have a rising young industry of this sort at home, which demands and ought to have the protection of at least 80 per cent. specific and 100 ad valorem. Hazen has charge of this infant manufacture on our side of the international boundary, and so long as he can have a monopoly he can be trusted to run it for all there is in it. Hazen hasn't the advantages of patronymic possessed by the euphonious Wiggins, but Hazen possesses bounce, and bounce is next in merit to a musical name. At all events, Wiggins ought to have understood intuitively that his infernal predictions of devastating storms would not be permitted to come into competition with Hazen's nascent and protected prophecies. Wiggins now sees that the United States public will relentlessly sit down on any impertinent foreign article which attempts to crowd Hazen off the track. The Wiggins blizzard and tornado combined, which should have been put in an appearance Feb. 9, didn't even prove to be a little one—it was worse than a Fenian raid—it didn't even approach the border. Many misguided Americans, forgetting our tariff laws, prepared for the shock, and as the sun went down on a day of elemental peace they were doubtless shocked that a prophet should lie so. And now Wiggins recants. But the prophet who recants after the event, like the woman who recants after the wedding day, is lost. Wiggins is lost. He has been lost ever since he started out on his dissipated career as prognosticator of storms. Wiggins has gone into eclipse. Wiggins, adieu!

A First Railway Ride.

Wool River Times.

A young lady well known on Wood River, who was born and raised in Idaho, and had never seen a steamboat or railway car, recently left for a trip south, and much interest was expressed here by her friends as to her first impressions of the outer world. She always evinced such an even demeanor that many friends believed she would pass as an old traveler, but a letter just received from her escort proves that a young lady, even one of Idaho's fairest, and one that can calmly regard the wild Indian on the war-path, is unequal to the occasion of calmly passing through the surprises of modern progress.

She became skittish at the approach of the evening lightning express, with its great bull's eye head-light, and actuelly pranced when the train neared the depot and blew a long, shrill whistle. Her friends could not quiet her nor coax her, and finally, rather than be left, they blindfolded the young lady, and by main force landed her safely on the train. The letter remarks it was fortunate the windows were so small, as she frequently attempted to get out, and could not be convinced that the telegraph poles, the hills and houses were not all whirling past her as she sat in the car, and every time they crossed a bridge she shut her eyes, believing the cars were flying in the air across the rivers.

A leper sent from Honolulu to Philadelphia has been returned without being cured.

The *Fredericktown, New Brunswick (Can.) Reporter* says: "Nobody can but admire the persistent enterprise manifested by the owners of St. Jacobs Oil in keeping the name before the public. It received a big 'send off' in the House the other day by the Hon. Mr. Perley, who warned his colleagues in the Government of the danger of Bear Killers receiving two bounties for one nose; the judicious use of the Oil causing rapid growth.

Gold is either the fortune or the ruin of mankind, according to its use.

If there is a person in this country who does not know of *Johnson's Anodyne Liniment* we hope this paragraph will reach that person's eye and that he will write us for particulars of it. It is more valuable than gold, silver or precious stones.

If you wish to remove avarice you must remove its mother—luxury.

The manufacturers of *Sheridan's Cavalry Condition Powders* inform us that their powders will effectually prevent hog cholera and all other diseases in hogs, and that they will increase the size and weight one-quarter.

A Fact Worth Remembering.

A severe cold or cough can be soonest cured by taking, according to directions, Allen's Lung Balsam. It can be procured at any drug store. It is harmless to the most delicate person.

He who has the reputation of rising early may sleep till noon.

From Cleveland, Ohio,

Comes a letter signed T. Walker, saying: "About six months ago commenced taking *Burdock Blood Bitters* for protracted case of lumbago and general debility, and now am pleased to state have recovered my appetite and wonted strength. Feel better altogether."

In the exchange of thought use no coin but gold and silver.

Called to Preach.

We feel called upon to preach a few gospel facts—facts that are worth knowing. We want everybody to enjoy all that is possible in this world. We want all those who are suffering from rheumatism, neuralgia, and all aches, sprains and pains to know that *Thomas' Eclectric Oil* is an unfailing and splendid cure.

It is chance that makes brothers, but hearts that make friends.

Gallant Rescues.

There can be something heroic in a medicine as well as in individuals. *Burdock Blood Bitters* have effected many a gallant rescue among the suffering sick. Thousands have escaped the miseries of dyspepsia and nervous debility through the use of this wonderful medicine. It is emphatically the best stomach and blood tonic in the world.

You should ask the world's leave before you commend yourself.

The only natural hair renewer is Carboline, a deodorized extract of petroleum, prepared without distillation or rectification with acids or alkalies, containing no mineral or other poisons, delightfully perfumed and as clear and pure as spring water.

Speaking much and speaking to the point are very different.

Important

When you visit or leave New York City, save Baggage Expressage and Carriage Hire and stop at the Grand Union Hotel opposite Grand Central Depot.

Elegant rooms, fitted up at a cost of one million dollars, reduced to $1 and upwards per day. European Plan. Elevator. Restaurant supplied with the best. Horse cars, stages and elevated railroad to all depots. Families can live better for less money at the Grand Union Hotel than at any other first-class hotel in the city.

When Fogg saw a train on the dress of an old lady, he remarked that it was behind time.

Chrolithion collars and cuffs for gentlemen are easily washed, and do not require ironing.

Nervous Headache, Neuralgia, Nervous Debility, and all undue weaknesses are promptly cured by Allen's Brain Food; $1 pkg., 6 for $5. At druggists and at Allen's Pharmacy, 315 First Ave., N. Y.

MENSMAN'S PEPTONIZED BEEF TONIC, the only preparation of beef containing its entire nutritious properties. It contains blood-making, force-generating and life-sustaining properties; invaluable for INDIGESTION, DYSPEPSIA, nervous prostration, and all forms of general debility; also, in all enfeebled conditions, whether the result of exhaustion, nervous prostration, overwork, or acute disease, particularly if resulting from pulmonary complaints. CASWELL, HAZARD & Co., Proprietors, New York. Sold by Druggists.

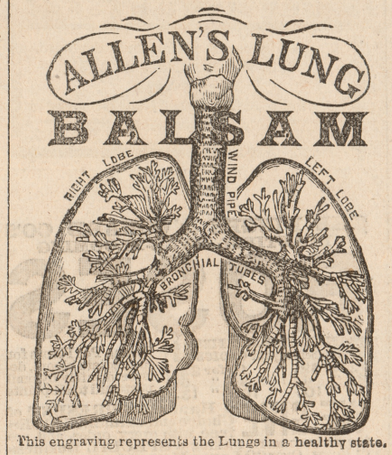
RED FOX, Skunk, Muskrat bought for cash at highest prices. Send for circular which gives full particulars. E. C. BOUGHTON, 5 Howard St., New York.

LYON'S Patent Heel Stiffener the only invention that makes old boots straight as new.

Free of Charge.

An elegant song book free of charge containing humorous, and sentimental songs, sung by Wizard Oil Companies, in their open air concerts. Hamlins Wizard Oil Co., Chicago Ill. WIZARD OIL cures rheumatism, lame back, sprains, bruises, burns, scalds, ulcers, fever sores, inflamation of the kidneys, neuralgia, headache, toothache, earache, sorethroat, catarrh, hayfever, allays inflamation and relieves pain in any part of the system. Sold by druggists at 50 cents, dont forget to use it. And you will banish pain and be happy.

STRICTLY PURE.
HARMLESS to the MOST DELICATE.



This engraving represents the Lungs in a healthy state.

THE GREAT REMEDY FOR CURING CONSUMPTION, COUGHS, COLDS, CROUP,
And Other Throat and Lung Affections.

It Contains No Opium in Any Form.

Recommended by Physicians, Ministers and Nurses. In fact by everybody who has given it a good trial. It never fails to bring relief.

Caution. Call for Allen's Lung Balsam, and shun the use of all remedies without merit.

As an Expectorant It Has No Equal.

☞ For sale by all Medicine Dealers.

A GOOD ACCIDENT POLICY
—TO HAVE IS—
PERRY DAVIS' PAIN KILLER.
It brings SPEEDY RELIEF in all cases of SPRAINS and BRUISES.

St. Jacobs Oil.

THE GREAT GERMAN REMEDY FOR PAIN.

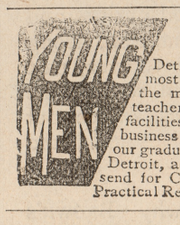
Relieves and cures
RHEUMATISM,
Neuralgia,
Sciatica, Lumbago,
BACKACHE,
HEADACHE, TOOTHACHE,
SORE THROAT,
QUINSY, SWELLINGS.
SPRAINS,
Soreness, Cuts, Bruises.
FROSTBITES,
BURNS, SCALDS,
And all other bodily aches and pains.
FIFTY CENTS A BOTTLE.
Sold by all Druggists and Dealers. Directions in 11 languages.
8
The Charles A. Vogeler Co.
(Successors to A. VOGELER & CO.)
Baltimore, Md., U. S. A.

WILBOR'S COMPOUND OF
PURE COD LIVER OIL AND LIME.

TO CONSUMPTIVES.—Many have been happy to give their testimony in favor of the use of "Wilbor's Pure Cod-Liver Oil and Lime." Experience has proved it to be a valuable remedy for Consumption, Asthma, Diphtheria, and all diseases of the Throat, and Lungs. Manufactured only by A. B. WILBOR, Chemist, Boston. Sold by all druggists.

CONSUMPTION CAN BE CURED!
DR. WM. HALL'S BALSAM For the LUNGS.

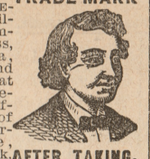
Cures Consumption, Colds, Pneumonia, Influenza, Bronchial Difficulties, Bronchitis, Hoarseness, Asthma, Croup' Whooping Cough, and all Diseases of the Breathing Organs. It soothes and heals the Membrane of the Lungs, Inflamed and Poisoned by the disease, and prevents the night sweats and the tightness across the chest which accompany it. CONSUMPTION is not an incurable malady. **Hall's BALSAM** will cure you, even though professional aid fails.



THE GOLDSMITH Bryant & Stratton BUSINESS UNIVERSITY, Detroit, is the oldest, largest, most thorough and practical, has the most able and experienced teachers, finest rooms, and better facilities ever way, than any other business college in Michigan. Ask our graduates and the business men of Detroit, about our School. Call or send for Circulars. Shorthand by a Practical Reporter.

Iron Levers, Steel Bearings, Brass TARE BEAM. JONES, HE PAYS THE FREIGHT. Sold on trial. Warrants 5 years. All sizes as low. For free book, address
JONES OF BINGHAMTON,
BINGHAMTON, N. Y.

GRAY' SPECIFIC MEDICINE.



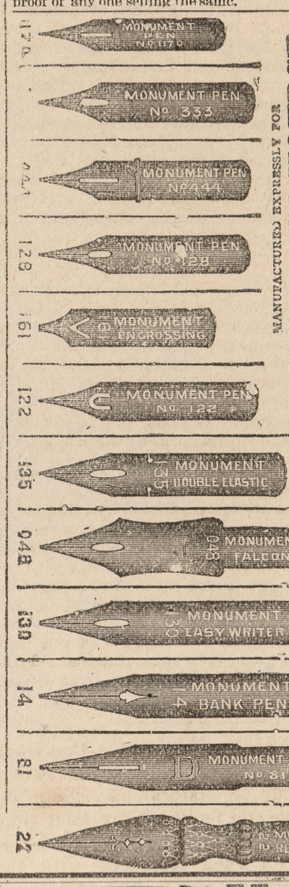
TRADE MARK. THE GREAT ENGLISH REMEDY. An unfailing cure for Seminal Weakness, Spermatorrhea, Impotency, and all diseases that follow as a sequence of Self-Abuse; as loss of Memory, universal Lassitude, Pain in the Back, Dimness of Vision, Premature Old Age, and many other diseases, that lead to insanity or Consumption and a Premature Grave. TRADE MARK.

BEFORE TAKING. AFTER TAKING.

☞ Full particulars in our pamphlet, which we desire to send free by mail to everyone. ☞ The Specific Medicine is sold by all druggists at $1 per package, or six packages for $5, or will be sent by mail on the receipt of the money, by addressing
THE GRAY MEDICINE CO., Buffalo, N. Y.
On account of counterfeits, we have adopted the yellow wrapper; the only genuine. Guarantees of cure issued by Farrand, Williams & Co., Detroit Mich.

DR. T. FELIX GOURAUD'S
Oriental Cream or Magical Beautifier.
Purifies as Well as Beautifies the Skin.

Removes Tan, Pimples, Freckles, Moth Patches and every blemish on beauty, and defies detection. It has stood the test of 30 years and is so harmless we taste it to be sure preparation is properly made. Accept no counterfeit of similar name. The distinguished Dr. L. A. Sayre said to a lady of the hautton (a patient) — "As you ladies will use them, I reccommend Gourard's Cream, as the least harmful of all the skin preparations." One bottle will last six months, using it every day. Also Poudre Subtile removes superfluous hair without injury to the skin.
Mme. M. B. T. GOURAUD, Sole Prop., 48 Bond street, New York.
For sale by all druggists and Fancy Goods Dealers throughout the United States, Canada and Europe. ☞ Beware of base imitations. $1,000 reward for arrest and proof of any one selling the same.



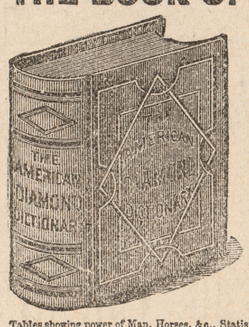
PARSONS' PURGATIVE PILLS
MAKE NEW RICH BLOOD,

And will completely change the blood in the entire system in three months. Any person who will take 1 Pill each night from 1 to 12 weeks, may be restored to sound health, if such a thing be possible. For curing Female Complaints these Pills have no equal. Physicians use them in their practice. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail for eight letter-stamps. Send for circular. I. S. JOHNSON & CO., BOSTON, MASS.

DIPHTHERIA CROUP, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS.
JOHNSON'S ANODYNE LINIMENT will instantaneously relieve these terrible diseases, and will positively cure nine cases out of ten. Information that will save many lives sent free by mail. Don't delay a moment. Prevention is better than cure.
JOHNSON'S ANODYNE LINIMENT (*For Internal and External Use*). CURES Neuralgia, Influenza, Sore Lungs, Bleeding at the Lungs, Chronic Hoarseness, Hacking Cough, Whooping Cough, Chronic Rheumatism, Chronic Diarrhœa, Chronic Dysentery, Cholera Morbus, Kidney Troubles, Diseases of the Spine and Lame Back. Sold everywhere. Send for pamphlet to I. S. JOHNSON & Co., BOSTON, MASS.

An English Veterinary Surgeon and Chemist, now traveling in this country, says that most of the Horse and Cattle Powders sold here are worthless trash. He says that Sheridan's Condition Powders are absolutely pure and immensely valuable. Nothing on earth will make hens lay like Sheridan's Condition Powders. Lose, 1 teasp'nful to 1 pint food. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail for 8 letter-stamps I. S. JOHNSON & Co., BOSTON, MASS.
MAKE HENS LAY

THE BOOK OF BOOKS!
CHEAPEST! LATEST!! BEST!!!



THE NEW AMERICAN DIAMOND DICTIONARY, Illustrated, is the chef-d'œuvre of book-making. An elegant book of over seven hundred pages. Defines and pronounces over thirty thousand words. It is "up to the times" and based upon the best American and English authorities. "Fourteen hundred columns" of definitions, with numerous fine engravings. A perfect Vade Mecum—a book for ALL. Besides a complete dictionary, it also contains all the usual tables, 40 columns of Abbreviations, Phrases, &c., American Geographical Names with Definition and Signification, Popular Names of States and Cities, Abbreviations used in writing and printing, Tables of the various Languages, Languages and Alphabets of the World, Facts in regard to Man, Tables showing power of Man, Horses, &c., Statistics of Light, Sound, &c., Population of the World, Religions of all countries, Interest Tables 4 to 20 per cent., the Metric System, Language and Lexicography, Complexion of the Human Race, The Ocean, and much other valuable and instructive matter. REMEMBER this is not a trashy imported book, but it is a new, fresh, and perfect Dictionary, printed from new type on fine paper, with new engravings, containing over 700 pages superbly bound in fine cloth, embossed sides, with full gilt back and title. (It is exactly like above cut.) Every student, teacher, every man, woman, and child needs this invaluable standard work.

BEAR IN MIND, The above DICTIONARY—the best, cheapest, most valuable and desirable book ever printed—is sent prepaid as a **Free Gift** with our large, eight-page illustrated Ledger-size Family Paper for a whole year, and all for only 63 cents in postage-stamps, cash, or money-order. **Now is the time!**

ABSOLUTELY THE MOST LIBERAL OFFER EVER MADE. Cut This Out

The Famous Old, Original, and Reliable Favorite Family Paper,
THE STAR SPANGLED BANNER,
Established 1850, began its 21st year January 1883.

It is a large eight-page, forty-column Illustrated Paper, size of *Ledger*. Every number contains charming Stories, Tales, Sketches, Poems, Wit, Humor, and Fun; Illustrated Rebus, Humorous Engravings, Sketches, Poems, etc.; 500 jolly good laughs; also the "Rogue's Corner," known the world over for its exposure of Frauds, Swindlers, and Humbugs. We desire to double our circulation, and to do so we have secured a special edition of the *entirely new* 700-page American Dictionary, complete and unabridged. It contains as much matter as any $1 Dictionary, and it is *exactly as represented.*

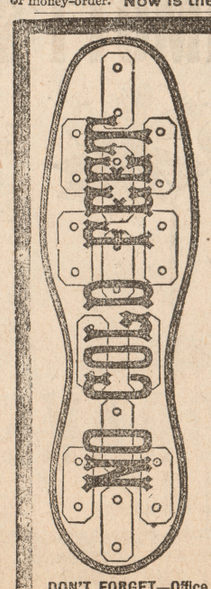
THINK AND ACT. Though worth double the price, yet we offer our large, reliable, and popular national paper for only 50 cents a year; and to at once secure 50,000 new subscribers, we now offer this new and elegant 700-page Dictionary in substantial cloth-gilt binding as a free gift to all who send 50 cents for the Banner one year and enclose 13 cents to part pay actual cost of postage, etc., upon the Dictionary.

UNDERSTAND That we *mean what we say;* have 50,000 Dictionaries contracted for; that our paper is worth $1 a year, and Dictionary contains as much as any one sold at $1; that you can have both by return mail; and that *we guarantee satisfaction in everycase.*

CUT OUT This offer, and enclose 21 green stamps. If not delighted, *you can have your money back.* Club of five, $2.75; ten, $5.

THINK of a 700-page, 1,400 column, cloth-gilt Dictionary, and a standard family paper all free for a paltry 63 cents. Send now. Address,
Banner Publishing Co., Hinsdale, N.H.

MAGNETIC INSOLES.



WHAT THEY DO.

The Magnetic Insoles contain a series of magnets scientifically arranged that form minute batteries, recharging the blood with magnetism, and exerting a tranquilizing influence upon the entire system through the CONSEQUENT IMPROVED CIRCULATION. Generate by their Magnetic Action an agreeable warmth, and insure against COLD FEET.

Secure Perfect Circulation in the Feet and Lower Extremities.

Cure Chilblains and remove all unnatural heat, perspiration, swelling and tenderness of the FEET AND ANKLES. Prevent, relieve and, in some cases,

Cure Rheumatism, Neuralgia and Kindred Diseases

In all forms of Chronic and Nervous Diseases and Debility are invaluable,
1,000,000 Prominent Residents of the West Wearing Them.
Insoles for Sale by all Leading Druggists.

THOUSANDS OF PERSONS

Are now writhing in Disease, all of whom date the contraction of their different Maladies from the catching of cold from

DAMP OR COLD FEET.

"Keep the *feet warm* and the head *cool*" is an axiom as old as the hills, and yet it is as true to-day as at any point in the world's history.

Insoles sent postpaid on receipt of $1 per pair. To families, 6 pairs for $5. State size wanted and whether for lady or gentleman. Agents wanted in every town. Send for the "NEW DEPARTURE" IN HEALING AND PHYSICAL CULTURE, containing testimonials of marvelous cures obtained from wearing MAGNETIC APPLIANCES, without the taking of Drugs and Medicines, sent to any address.

Send $10.00 in draft or currency, in letter at our risk, for Ladies' or Gents' Belt and Pair of Insoles. Send size of waist and number of shoe usually worn. No Lame Back, Kidney Ache, Nervousness or Rheumatism when they are worn.

DON'T FORGET—Office Magnetic Appliance Co. is at No. 218 State St., corner Quincy, Chicago, Ill.

$5 to $20 per day at home. Sample worth $5 free. Address Stinson & Co., Portland, Maine

LEARN TELEGRAPHY Paying situations guaranteed. Facilities unrivaled. American School of Telegraphy, Madison, Wis.

$66 a week in your own town. Terms and $5 outfit free. Address E. Hallett & Co. Portland, Maine.

$72 a week, $12 a day at home easily made. Costly outfit free. Address True & Co., Augusta, Maine.

AGENTS WANTED for the best and fastest selling Pictorial Books and Bibles. Prices reduced 33 per cent. NAT. PUBLISHING Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

YOUNG MEN If you want to learn telegraphy in a few months and be sure of a situation, address, Valentine Bros., Janesville, Wis.

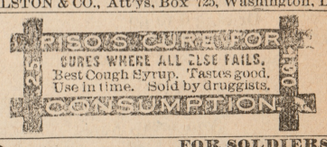
Rochester SEEDS Seed Potatoes. PRICE LISTS FREE. H. Glass, Seed Grower Rochester, N. Y.

Do you wish to obtain good and valid patents? then write to or call upon **THOS. S. SPRAGUE & SON,** 37 West Congress St., Detroit, Mich. Attorney in Patent Causes. Established 15 years. Send for pamphlet, free. **Patents Patents**

PATENTS
F. A. LEHMANN, Solicitor of Patents, Washington, D. C. ☞ Send for Circular.

Patents Procured or no pay! Also trade marks, etc. Send model and sketch; will examine and report if patentable. Many years practice. Pamphlet free. N.W. Fitzgerald & Co., Att'ys, Washington, D.C.

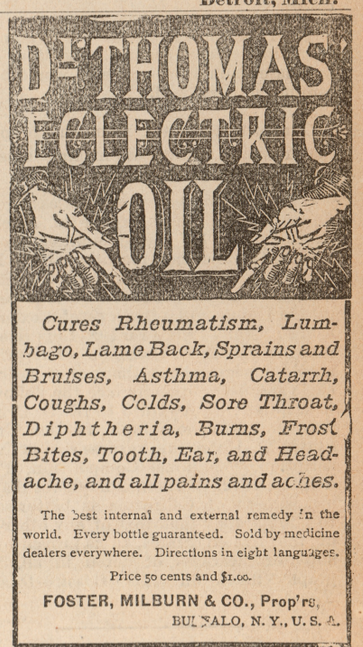
PENSIONS **FOR SOLDIERS** on any disease, wound or injury. Parents, widows and children are entitled Millions appropriated. Fee $10. Increase, pensions, bounty, back pay and honorable discharges procured. NEW LAWS. Send stamp for instructions and bounty table. E. H. GELSTON & CO., Att'ys, Box 725, Washington, D. C.



PENSIONS **FOR SOLDIERS** on any disease, wound or injury. Parents, widows and children are entitled Millions appropriated. Fee $10. Increase, pensions, bounty, back pay and honorable discharges procured. New Laws. Send stamp for instructions and bounty table. N. W. Fitzgerald & Co., Attorneys, Box 588, Washington, D. C.

Dyspepsia!

And the severerer forms of indigestion. A small pamphlet on the above most distressing maladies and their complete cures, post free, five cents in stamps. By R. KING, Esq., STAFF SURGEON, ROYAL NAVY, ENGLAND. Apply to
RICHARD KING, Box 88, Detroit, Mich.



Cures Rheumatism, Lumbago, Lame Back, Sprains and Bruises, Asthma, Catarrh, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Diphtheria, Burns, Frost Bites, Tooth, Ear, and Headache, and all pains and aches.

The best internal and external remedy in the world. Every bottle guaranteed. Sold by medicine dealers everywhere. Directions in eight languages.
Price 50 cents and $1.00.
FOSTER, MILBURN & CO., Prop'rs, BUFFALO, N. Y., U. S. A.

TWENTY-FIVE YEARS
IN CINCINNATI
Treating Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, Nasal Catarrh, Sore Throat, Loss of Voice, and other Maladies of the Nose, Throat and Lungs.

DR. WOLFE treats the above-named diseases by Medicated Inhalations. When thus administered, remedies are brought "face to face" in contact with the disease; whereas, if they are swallowed, they mix with the contents of the stomach and never reach the organs of respiration.

DR. WOLFE has, by the judicious employment of Medicated Inhalations, assisted thousands to regain their health, many of whom had been pronounced incurable, and given up to die by their family physicians and friends.

DR. WOLFE has prepared a list of questions for sick people to answer by mail. They are in character the same he would ask were he by the bedside of the invalid. By writing answers to these questions any one can send an accurate statement of his disease, and receive and use inhaling remedies at home, in any part of the United States or Canada, without incurring the expense and discomfort of making a visit to Cincinnati. Any one sending his name and postoffice address with a three-cent postage stamp, will receive a copy of the "Circular of questions" by return mail.

DR. WOLFE has published a medical book called "Common Sense. Cause and Cure of Consumption, Asthma, etc.," a copy of which he will send to any body who orders it, by mail, and incloses 9 cents in postage stamps, with his name and postoffice address. The book is of great value to any one afflicted with any disease of the Nose, Throat or Lungs

DR. WOLFE has also published another book of 64 pages entitled "Light about the House We Live in," which every healthy person as well as sick ought to read. This book has a special interest to persons who have weak lungs, or any symptoms of Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, or Catarrh. Sent to any address free by mail, on receipt of 9 cents in postage stamps.

Address, DR. N. B. WOLFE,
146 Smith St., Cincinnati, O.

W. N. U.—D. 10.

For Two Generations

The good and staunch old stand-by, MEXICAN MUSTANG LINIMENT, has done more to assuage pain, relieve suffering, and save the lives of men and beasts than all other liniments put together. Why? Because the Mustang penetrates through skin and flesh to the very bone, driving out all pain and soreness and morbid secretions, and restoring the afflicted part to sound and supple health.

THE COMMERCIAL.

Published every Saturday morning, at the corner of Huron and Pearl streets, opposite the Post Office, Ypsilanti, Mich., by

C. R. PATTISON.

$1.00 per annum, invariably in advance; 75 cents for six months; 40 cents for three months; 5 cents a copy.

Sent to subscribers, in single wrappers, $1.25, for postage and trouble of wrapping.

In clubs of five or more, sent anywhere in the United States for $1.00.

Entered at the post office at Ypsilanti, as second class matter.

A TRUE LENT.

Is this a fast—to keep
The larder lean
And clear
From fat of veals and sheep?

Is it to quit the dish
Of flesh, yet still
To fill
The platter high with fish?

Is it to fast an hour
Or ragg'd to go
Or show
A downcast look and sour?

No! 'tis a fast to dole
Thy sheaf of wheat
And meat,
Unto the hungry soul.

It is to fast from strife,
From old debate
And hate;
To circumcise thy life;

To show a heart grief-rent,
To starve thy sin,
Not bin;
And that's to keep thy Lent.

Additional Local continued from First Page.

Have you tried Davis & Co's "Standard" coffee.

The rumor of the sale of the Watts property is as yet without foundation. If a purchase should be made it would be for another mineral well.

Our readers will see from the following that Ypsilanti artists are making splendid reputations:

Oakland can boast of possessing the finest portrait photographer in America, as is proven by the Committee in the National competition recently held in Philadelphia. An immense number of photographs were presented from various artists in the Union and after a careful examination of them all the award of the prize was made to Mr. E. D. Ormsby. The prize is a gold medal, about the size of a double eagle and bears upon its face the following inscription: "Awarded to E. D. Ormsby for the best photograph in the United States." Upon the reverse side is the inscription, "National Competition, Philadelphia, 1882." There is no doubt that the atmosphere of California is better suited to photography than that of any other part of the United States, as is proven by the superior clearness of detail in all photographs taken on this Coast.—*Oakland Times.*

PERSONALS.

Mark Randall has gone to Canton, Dakota.

Mr. Isaac Dolson has recovered so as to resume his work as engineer Wednesday.

Mrs. Wm. Philips is at home after an absence of several months visiting a son in Indiana.

Miss Lutie Earl is now at home, her school at Luna having closed for the spring term.

Mr. F. W. Lawrence of Newark, N. Y. is visiting friends in the city.

Miss Dr. Louis Dickerson of Chicago has been visiting her sister Mrs. H. D. Sanders of this city.

J. H. Wilcox will make a business trip through Indiana next week.

At the Democratic convention at Lansing, C. R. Whitman was a member of the committee on credentials.

Mr. B. M. Martin has sold his farm and bought the residence of C. L. Yost. Another Gentleman of leisure in the city.

Miss Louise Rowley and Miss Sadie Spear were delegates to the district lodge I. O. G. T., held at Wayne Wednesday.

Clarence Bray is assisting Harry Boutel during Mr. J. H. Sampson's absence. Reports plenty of business.

We regret to note that Dr. Lemley is making preparations to leave the city. Mrs. Lemley is with a daughter at Chassaning and will not return.

Congressman Gen. Byron M. Cutcheon and wife visited their friends in the city, Capt. E. P. Allen and family and others this week, arriving Wednesday evening.

OFF TO SEE A BLIZZARD.—Prof. Osband, Joel Ressler, J. H. Sampson and Theodore Holmes left Tuesday for Dakota.

Mrs. Artell of Danfield is visiting Mrs. A. S. Markall for a few days.

Mrs. M. B. Kellogg of Toledo is visiting Mrs. Case of this city.

Auditor General Stevens was in the city over last Sunday, the guest of E. M. Comstock.

Mr. L. B. Stewart from Lenawee Co. has recently moved into the city, residence, Huron St. No. 68 south. Intends to engage in the produce business.

The Normal Professors are taking the lead in our great secret society, friendship associations. Prof. Bellows at the head of the F. & A. M. in the state, and now Prof. Vroman has been elected Grand Conductor of the Grand Lodge I. O. O. F.

Professor G. Campbell, of Bowdoin College, has been elected to the chair of Moral and Intellectual Philosophy and Political Economy at Dartmouth, as successor to Professor Noyes.—*N. Y. Observer.*

"BUCHUPAIBA."

New, quick, complete cure in 4 days, urinary affections, smarting, frequent or difficult urination. kidney diseases. $1. at druggists. Mich. Depot, JAMES E. DAVIS & CO., Detroit, Mich. 987-4w

These are Solid Facts.

The best blood purifier and system regulator ever placed within the reach of suffering humanity, truly is Electric Bitters. Inactivity of the Liver, Biliousness, Jaundice, Constipation, Weak Kidneys, or any disease of the urinary organs, or whoever requires an appetizer, tonic, mild stimulant, will always find Electric Bitters the best and only certain cure known. They act surely and quickly, every bottle guaranteed to give entire satisfaction or money refunded. Sold atfifty cents a bottle by Frank Smith. 4

From the Argus.

The Washtenaw county Democratic convention was held at the court house Wednesday. Ezra Sanford officiated as chairman and James S. Gorman was appointed secretary. The following is a list of the delegates elected to the State convention: W. D. Harriman, James S. Gorman, D. Cramer, V. C. Vaughn, Wm. H. Arnold, J. M. Young, Ezra Sandford, J. L. Stone, J. J. Robison, Russell Godfrey. Every ward and township in the county was represented.

Mr. R. A. Beal has been confined to his residence the past ten days with an attack of inflammation of the eyes, and fever, which frequently runs his pulse to 100. His vision is improved, but fever continues to some extent. Mr. Beal is now paying penalty for a six weeks overwork in behalf of Ferry at Lansing where he labored 18 out of 24 hours, going without requisite sleep until well nigh exhausted in physical energy. Being 60 years of age he is unable to withstand the strain of a man of 30 or 40, although he is yet possessed of a wonderful amount of vigor.

County clerk Robison called our attention the other day to three ledgers in this department the forms for which were gotten up by himself when he served the people in a similar capacity back in the seventies. In one, known as the "circuit court common rule book" an entry on a small portion of a remaining leaf, explains that the leaf was clipped to send to Richmond & Backus of Detroit, which firm used it as a model for books now to be found in every county in the state, and for aught we know in other states. Form number two was gotten up for a list of township and ward officers, and any person in search of knowledge of who was supervisor, town clerk &c., for many, many years in the county's history can find it there. Form three is a "transcript calendar" which has proved a great saving of labor to the copyist as well as attorneys who desire to consult it. An agent of a Kalamazoo Publishing house stated the other day that the forms of the three books have been adopted by his house, and are in use generally by county clerks throughout the state.

***"Better be wise by the misfortunes of others than by your own." Take warning in time. Avoid quack nostrums by which thousands annually perish. Use only such remedies as are demonstrated above suspicion, foremost among which is Kidney-Wort. For torpid liver, bowels or kidneys, no other remedy equals it. It is sold in both dry and liquid form by all druggists.

A Startling Discovery.

Pysicians are often startled by remarkable discoveries. The fact that Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption and all Throat and Lung diseases is daily curing patients that they have given up to die, is startling them to realize their sense of duty, and examine into the merits of this wonderful discovery; resulting in hundreds of our best Physicians using it in their practice. Trial bottles free at Frank Smith's Drug Store. Regular size $1 00. 4

We complain of high taxes, that rings and monopolies are robbing and ruling us, and our legislators are riding on free passes and fooling away their time for which we pay them, but all this is insignificant when compared with the liquor question.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The Best Salve in the world for cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tette, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles. It is guaranteed to give perfect Satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 Cents per Box. For Sale by Frank Smith. 963-1y

To Whom it May Concern.

Every scientific medical man knows that the combination of several ingredients in certain fixed proportions produces an effect that cannot be obtained by the same ingredients separate. So with Dunk's Camphorated Arnica, which is carefully prepared of household remedies, such as camphor, arnica, witch-hazel and other ingredients, which makes it the best family remedy in in the maret for anything where a liniment is required. Try it and be convinced what we say is true. You need have no fear of being humbugged. Price, 50 cents per bottle. Sold by all druggists.

Richmond, Va., has twenty Baptist churches. The first church has a membership of 2,593 members.

Never before has a remedy of so much merit as Ely's Cream Balm, for the cure of Catarrh, Hay Fever and Cold in the head, been offered to the public. No dread attending the application. Price 50 cents.

Apply into nostrils with little finger. 989 2w.

Six to Fifteen.

"Having been an invalid for a number of years, I have received more benefit during the last six months from the use of your 'Favorite Remedy' than from the preceeding 15 years of treatment from the best physicians of New York and surrounding country." Thus writes Mrs. Mariam Reeve, in a letter dated at Cornwall, N. Y., to Dr. David Kennedy, Rondout, N. Y. Is any extended comment needed on this? One Dollar a bottle. All druggists sell it. 989-2w.

The congratulations of Rev. F. A. Blades, United States appraiser at this port, were thus extended to Senator-elect Palmer by telegraph:

"Sound the loud timbrel
O'er Egypt's dark sea;
Jehovah has triumphed,
His people are free."

B. K. of P.

For Cholera, Cholera Morbus, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Cramps and Pains in the Stomach, there is nothing equals Beebe's King of Pain. Price only 25 cents. Sold by all druggists. Dk.

KIDNEY-WORT

HAS BEEN PROVED The SUREST CURE for KIDNEY DISEASES.

Does a lame back or disordered urine indicate that you are a victim? THEN DO NOT HESITATE; use Kidney-Wort at once, (druggists recommend it) and it will speedily overcome the disease and restore healthy action.

Ladies. For complaints peculiar to your sex, such as pain and weaknesses, Kidney-Wort is unsurpassed, as it will act promptly and safely.

Either Sex. Incontinence, retention or urine, brick dust or ropy deposits, and dull dragging pains, all speedily yield to its curative power.

☞ SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS. Price $1.

Acts at the Same Time on Kidneys, Liver and Bowels.

KIDNEY-WORT

A Moral Power.

Stove-pipes are supposed to move the deepest and most profound desire to swear that it is possible for a man to experience. Be that as it may, we venture the opinion that corns produce as many startling exclamations, and the introduction of PUTNAM'S PAINLESS CORN EXTRACTOR should be hailed as a moral influence in the world, independent of its power as a reliever of physical suffring. Sold everywhere. Take only Putnam's Extractor.

People say this is an unlucky year. And yet, so rapidly has one woe trodden upon another's heels, and so easily do we forget last week's calamity in the contemplation of a fresh one, that few actually realize how gloomy the record of seven weeks since New Year's really is.

The True Test.

If a man is hungry within an hour more or less after a meal he is a dyspeptic, it shows his stomach is not able to dispose of what he has eaten, but to eat again, and and thus impose more work, is absurdity. Take Dr. Jones' Red Clover Tonic which cures dyspepsia, and all stomach, liver, kidney and bladder troubles It is a perfect tonic, appetizer, blood purifier, a sure cure for ague and malaria diseases. Price 50 cents, of Frank Smith. 3

Failing!

That is what a great many people are doing. They don't know just what is the matter, but they have a combination of pains and aches, and each month they grow worse.

The only sure remedy yet found is BROWN'S IRON BITTERS, and this by rapid and thorough assimilation with the blood purifies and enriches it, and rich, strong blood flowing to every part of the system repairs the wasted tissues, drives out disease and gives health and strength.

This is why BROWN'S IRON BITTERS will cure kidney and liver diseases, consumption, rheumatism, neuralgia, dyspepsia, malaria, intermittent fevers, &c.

Mr. Simon Blanchard, a well-known citizen of Hayesville, Meade county, Kentucky, says: "My wife had been sick for a long time, and her constitution was all broken down and she was unable to work. She was advised to use Brown's Iron Bitters, and found it to work like a charm. We would not now be without it for any consideration, as we consider it the best tonic in the world."

BROWN'S IRON BITTERS is *not* a drink and does not contain whiskey. It is the only preparation of Iron that causes no injurious effects. Get the genuine. Don't be imposed on with imitations.

Comstock & Ebling

Are now ready to show a fine line of

Spring Carpets.

For Sale Cheap!

BRICK COTTAGE.

J. N. Wallace.

DR. J.W. KERMOTT'S

STRICTLY VEGETABLE. ACT WITHOUT PAIN.

MANDRAKE PILLS,

CURE Sick-Headache, Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Indigestion, Constipation, and PURIFY THE BLOOD.

NOTICE.—Without a particle of doubt, Kermott's Pills are the most popular of any on the market. Having been before the public for a quarter of a century, and having always performed more than was promised for them, they merit the success that they have attained. **Price, 25c. per box.** For sale by all druggists.

NOW FOR A

Kitchen Stove.

EXAMINE THE

"TRAVELER"

— THE —

NEW STOVE.

J. H. Sampson,

Huron Street, Ypsilanti.

NEW FIRM

— At the Old Reliable —

CENTRAL MARKET.

Crane & Clark,

HURON STREET, constantly keep on hand for sale,

Fresh, Salt and Smoked MEATS,

Poultry and Fish in Season.

George Crane. W. F. Clark.

946

Bell-Hanging and Locksmithing.

BURGLAR ALARMS AND ELECTRIC BELLS, KEY FITTING. SAFE REPAIRING, Etc. GENERAL REPAIRERS AND JOBBERS. 984-1y.

M. N. ROWLEY, Detroit, Mich.

GOLD | BROMLEY'S | SILVER

ELECTRO PLATE WORKS.

43 Woodward Avenue, DETROIT, MICH.

(Established 37 years.)

PLATING GOLD, SILVER AND NICKEL PLATING

Largest Plating establishment in the State. ALL WORK FIRST CLASS.

REFERENCES: M. S. Smith & Co., Detroit Safe Company or any prominent citizen of Detroit.

NICKEL PLATING.

THE DINGEE & CONARD CO'S BEAUTIFUL EVER-BLOOMING

ROSES

5 SPLENDID VARIETIES all labelled, your CHOICE $1
12 for $2. 19 for $3.
26 " 4. 35 " 5.
79 " 10. 100 " 13.

Strong Pot Plants for immediate bloom, delivered safely by mail post-paid to all points

WE GIVE a Handsome PRESENT of Choice and valuable ROSES free with every order, and are the only concern making a SPECIAL Business of Roses. Over 60 Large Houses for Roses alone. Our New Guide, a complete Treatise on the Rose, 70pp, elegantly illustrated, sent FREE

THE DINGEE & CONARD CO.

Rose Growers, West Grove, Chester Co. Pa

CONSUMPTION

CATARRH, THROAT DISEASES, BRONCHITIS and ASTHMA

CAN BE CURED.

Also diseases of the EYE, EAR and HEART, at the

Detroit Throat and Lung Institute,

M. HILTON WILLIAMS, M. D., M. C., P. S. O. Proprietor.

Over 40,000 cases treated in the Last Seventeen Years.

All diseases of the Respiratory Organs treated by Medical Inhalations, combined when required with proper constitutional remedies for the Stomach, Liver and Blood, &c. If possible call personally for an examination, otherwise write for "LIST OF QUESTIONS" and "MEDICAL TREATISE." Address,

Detroit Throat and Lung Institute,

253 Woodard Ave., DETROIT, Mich.

985-1-yr.

Elegant Line New Embroideries

Just Received at

W. H. SWEET'S.

Ladies' Muslin Underwear

AT LOWER PRICES THAN YOU CAN MAKE IT.

Good Value in

Corsets, 50c, Corsets, 75c, or $1.00 Corsets.

New Styles in Ladies' Linnen Collars.

DON'T FAIL TO PURCHASE SOME OF OUR LINNEN TOWELS, EXTRA GOOD VALUE, AT 25c.

Dress Goods. At Very Low Prices to Close them Out. Dress Goods.

DOCTORS K & K

U. S. MEDICAL AND SURGICAL ASSOCIATION

DETROIT, MICH.

THE LARGEST IN THE WORLD!

J. D. KERGAN, M. D., Medical Sup't.

☞ CONSULTATION FREE.

More capital invested, more skill employed, more cases treated and more cures effected than by any other one establishment in the world. Sixteen skillful and experienced physicians and surgeons, each eminent in his own specialties. Five remain at the Detroit Office and eleven visit the principal cities in the United States and Canada. All Diseases and Deformities treated. Address Drs. K. & K., Detroit, Mich. Send two 3c. stamps for GUIDE TO HEALTH. 960-1y

SCALES AND SAFES.

MANUFACTURERS of Platform, Hay, Wheat and Counter Scales. NEW AND SECOND HAND Scales and Safes for sale and repaired. 984-1y. M. N. ROWLEY, Detroit, Mich.

$72 a WEEK. $12 a day at home easily made Costly Outfit free. Address TRUE & Co, Augusta, Maine

$66 a week in your own town. Terms and $5 outfi free. Address H. HALLETT & Co, Portland, Maine

GO TO

HAVENS & SON,

112 GRISWOLD ST. DETROIT,

For Guns and Sporting GOODS.

Breech Loading Guns

From $6.00 to $100.00 in Stock.

Excelsior Gun Cases

A SPECIALITY. 892

YPSILANTI MARKETS.

[Corrected up to the hour of Publication.

WHEAT,	$ 85	@	1 00
BUCKWHEAT	75		80
CORN,	50	@	55
OATS,	33	@	42
BEANS,	1 50	@	2 00
POTATOES,	50	@	55
CLOVER SEED,	7 00	@	7 50
APPLES, per bushel	60	—	75
" per barrel	2 00	—	2 50
BUTTER,	22	—	25
EGGS, per doz	23	—	25
ONIONS,	30	—	35
HONEY, cap	14	—	18
CHEESE	14	—	16
LARD,	11	—	12
BEEF, in quarter, per lb	7	—	9
PORK, per cwt	7 25	—	7 50
" in bbls	18 30	—	19 00
TALLOW	7	—	7½
HAY, per ton	8 00	—	10 00
SHEEP PELTS	25	—	1 50
LAMB PELTS	40	—	75
GREEN HIDES	6	—	6½
CURED "	8	—	
DEACON SKINS	25	—	40
WOOL, per lb	30	—	32
CHICKENS, per lb dressed	12	—	13
" " live weight	8	—	9
TURKEYS, per lb dressed	13	—	14
" " live	11	—	
GEESE, live lb	5	—	
DUCKS, live, per lb	7	—	8
LIVE STOCK.			
SHEEP, fatted, per 100 lbs	4 00	—	4 25
HOGS, store, per lb	4	—	5
" fatted		—	5½
COWS, milch	30 00	—	50 00
" fatted per lb	3	—	4
STEERS, medium, per lb	3	—	3½
" fatted, per lb	4	—	5
RETAIL PRICES.			
FLOUR, Roller Patent	8 00		
" Holmes'	6 00		
" Minnesota Patent	9 00		
" Buckwheat per 25 lbs	1 60	—	
" Rye per 25 lbs	63	—	
CORN MEAL, fine per lb	2	—	
CHOPPED FEED, per cwt	1 50	—	
OAT MEAL, per £	5	—	
SCREENINGS, per bu	40	—	
MIDDLINGS	1 00	—	1 25
BRAN, per cwt	90	—	
SALT, fine per bbl	1 25	—	
" coarse	1 75	—	
" dairy, per lb	2	—	
KEROSENE OIL, per gallon	18	—	20

Drugs and Medicines.

A. D. MORFORD

SUCCESSOR TO

H. VAN TUYL

At the Old Stand.

DRUGS, PAINTS, OILS, GLASS,

ALL of the BEST, and at LOWEST RATES.

WALL PAPER

Of All Kinds and Quality.

MIXED PAINTS.

Ready for Use.

The Celebrated

RUBBER PAINT,

Warranted to Outlast any other Paint. Nothing equals it.

Also the

SHAKER LIQUID PAINT

Which, Price considered, surpasses all others.

PRESCRIPTIONS carefully prepared. Night Bell at the door. 950